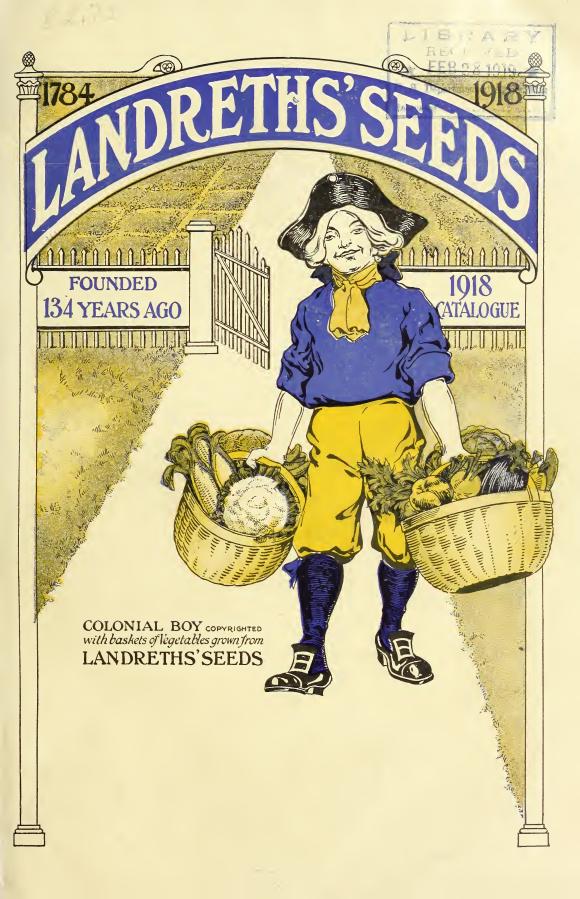
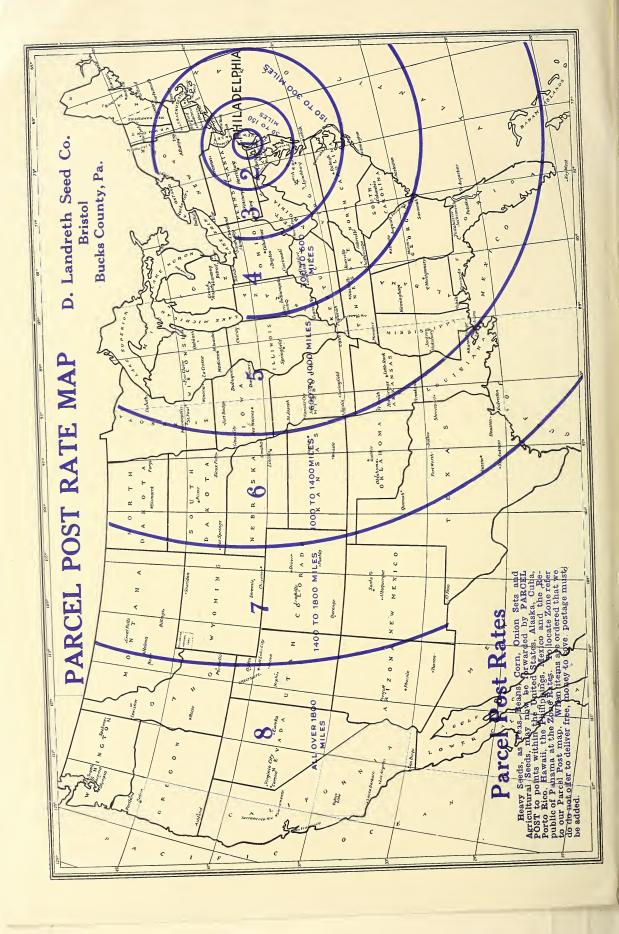
## **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.







## Explanatory of the Zone Chart

SEE MAP INSIDE FRONT COVER

#### ZONE POSTAGE—HEAVY SEEDS BY MAIL

By the term Heavy Seeds we mean Peas, Beans, Corn, Rape, Bird Seed, all Field Seeds, Onion Sets, Potatoes, Roots of all kinds, and all other things which are not used for the production of Table Vegetables or Ornamental Flowers, on which Seeds we do not include postage in the prices printed in this Catalogue. On the other hand, we do include postage in the prices of all Small Garden or Flower Seeds, but we will forward goods at our option either by mail, express, or freight, as may be the cheapest.

The Heavy Seeds can be mailed out by parcels post at the postage named in the schedule on this page, which the reader will observe divides the United States up into eight zones or sections of country, all being at varying distances, and to all of which zones apply different rates of postage per pound, of course the eighth, or California Zone, the

most distant, being the highest.

For example, one pound of Peas, Beans, or Corn to any point in Zone No. 3 will cost 6 cents per pound, while the same weight of Peas, Beans or Corn to Zone 4 will cost 7 cents

per pound. The diagram explains itself.

Landreths, however, pay the postage, as before remarked, on all Small Garden or Flower Seeds, as it will be seen that Landreths' prices on Small Seeds include postage to any zone. Consequently, customers for Small Seeds do not need to bother about postage. Landreths attend to that.

The extra postage charges, it will be observed, apply in the Seed line only to Peas, Beans, and Corn, Potatoes, Onion Sets, Rape, Bird Seeds, Roots and Agricultural Seeds, and on these the purchaser should add postage according to the zone rate in which he lives and according to the number of pounds ordered, or on receipt of proper amount of cash to cover only the goods ordered we will ship by express or freight, costs payable by purchaser.

#### Domestic Parcel Post Rates within the U.S. and Possessions

			ZONE	s.					First pound or fraction.	Each additional pound or fraction.
First Zone	e. Philadel	lphia and w	rithi	n 50	mile	s of	Philadelphi	a	5c.	1c.
Second "	within		to	150	"	"	"		5c.	1c.
Third "	"	150	"	300	"	"	"		6c.	2c.
Fourth "	"	300	"	600	"	66	"		7c.	4c.
Fifth "	"	600	"	1000	"	"	"		8c.	6c.
Sixth "	"	1000	"	1400	"	"	"		9c.	8c.
Seventh "	"	1400	66	1800	"	66	"		11c.	10c.
Eighth "		all o	ver	1800	"	"	"		12c.	12c.

## Many Seeds Are Scarce

The war in Europe has taken over thirty millions of men as soldiers in the field, and as many more as manufacturers at home of war supplies, from the Vegetable Seed producing countries of France, Germany, Holland, and England, and has in those countries ruined for a time the business of Vegetable Seed saving; and on top of this the climatic conditions of the past summer which have prevailed over the whole United States have everywhere delayed and to an alarming extent injured many Seed crops in America; the results at home and in Europe being that the united harvest falls far short of requirements. The values of supplies in hand and in sight have risen greatly and will rise yet further.

# LANDRETHS' SEED CATALOGUE

# ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-FOURTH YEAR D. LANDRETH SEED COMPANY

BRISTOL, PENNSYLVANIA

One hundred and thirty-four years is a very brief period in the flight of time, but an exceedingly long one in the history of a commercial establishment, as is proved by the fact that there are only forty-eight commercial establishments in the whole United States yet remaining in the hands of children of the founders of one hundred years ago.

It can easily be perceived that membership in such a Commercial Society is one of great distinction, as no Trade Society like it is found in the whole world.

The various Firm Titles since the organization of the Landreth business have been as follows:

David Landreth, 1784.

David & Cuthbert Landreth, 1790.

David Landreth & Co., 1830.

David Landreth & D. Landreth Munns, 1843.

David Landreth, 1845.

David Landreth & Son, 1860. David Landreth & Sons, 1875. D. Landreth Seed Company, 1903.

#### Various Seed Farms.

Arch Street, Philadelphia	20	acre	s1784
Arch Street, Philadelphia Federal Street, "Garlie Hall"	120	"	1789
Garlie Hall, "	47	"	1818
The Meadows, "	52	"	1819
Fifth Street.	10	"	1820
Gray's Ferry, "	185	"	1826
Bloomsdale, Bucks Co., Pa	652	"	1847
Ontario, Canada	102	"	1852
Reedland, N. J.	173	"	1865
Monaskon, Va	700	"	1871
Granville, Va	820	"	1871
Manitowoc, Wis	1320	"	1873
Bellemont, Va	310	"	1875
•			

#### Various Seed Stores and Warehouses.

1 44 1 4 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	
Market Street, Philadelphia	1784
Federal Street, " Old Court House, " (Branch) Second Street, "	1789
Old Court House, " (Branch)	1790
Second Street, "	1810
Charleston, S. C. (Branch)	1818
Chestnut Street, Philadelphia	1820
Peoria, Ill. (Branch)	1852
Sixth Street, Philadelphia	1853
St. Louis, Mo. (Branch)	1854
Arch Street, Philadelphia (Branch)	1878
Market Street, " (Branch)	1898
Jamaica, L. I., N. Y. (Branch)	1899
Port Huron, Mich. (Pea, Bean and Cu	ıcumber
Station)	1916

The twelve individuals of the Landreth family identified with the business have at various periods entered the Seed business at the dates named:

DAVID LANDRETH, 1ST1784	OLIVER LANDRETH1853	W. LINTON LANDRETH1885
CUTHBERT LANDRETH1785	HENRY HALL LANDRETH1855	BURNET LANDRETH, JR1889
DAVID LANDRETH, 2D1819	Burnet Landreth1862	S. PHILLIPS LANDRETH1891
THOMAS LANDRETH1820	Leopold Landreth1868	David Landreth, 5th1909

The present officers of the Seed Company are:

Burnet Landreth, President; Burnet Landreth, Jr., Treasurer; S. Phillips Landreth, Secretary; David Landreth, Assistant Secretary.

MAIN OFFICE, BRISTOL, PENNSYLVANIA.

The D. Landreth Seed Company give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants they send out, and they will not be in any way responsible for the crop. All sales subject to loss or damage by fire or other contingencies beyond our control. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned.

## LANDRETHS' SEEDS

#### DOES YOUR MERCHANT HANDLE LANDRETH SEEDS?

If he don't, then write to Landreths, as the United States rural delivery carries Landreths' Seeds to every man's door. United States Money Orders can be obtained at almost every Post Office. They cost—

For Ord	lers for si	ıms not	exceeding	\$2.50	3 cents.	If over				\$40.00		
If ove	er \$2.50 a	and not	exceeding	5.00	5 "	44				50.00	.18	4.4
44	5.00	4.6	14	10.00	8 "	4.6	50.00	4.4	4.6	50.00	20	4.6
6.6	10.00	6.6	4.6	20.00	0 "	4.6	60.00	4.6	4.6	75.00	25	4.4
**	20.00	44	4.4	30.001	2 "	4.6	75.00	6.6	4.4	100.00	.30	66

#### Hints to Mail Order Purchasers

- TERMS CASH WITH ORDER,—Seeds sent to amount of remittance only, as no accounts will be opened for small sums or balances resulting from short remittance. We guarantee to fill your order satisfactorily. In case of an error it will be cheerfully corrected.
- REMITTANCE may be made in cash, by Express or Registered Mail, by Draft on New York or Philadelphia, or by Postal Money Order. Sums of fitty cents or less, in cash or stamps, may be sent by ordinary Mail at our risk. United States postage stamps for any sum will be accepted where facilities for transmitting money by the above modes do not exist, but letters containing same should be registered, which costs twelve cents.
- BY MAIL—POSTAGE PAID BY US.—The prices for small seeds (Peas, Beans and Corn excepted) quoted in this Catalogue include postage, paid by us, either regular or by zone rates. We do not pay postage on Peas, Beans and Corn because of their weight. If wanted by Mail, postage should be added to price quoted, at the rate indicated on page 1, estimating each quart at 2 pounds.
- BY EXPRESS.—Moderate orders, too heavy or expensive for the Mails, or where quicker time than by freight is desirable, can be sent by Express to your nearest Express office. On small seed by Express we make a rebate equivalent to mail rate outlined on page 1, which include postage. This does not apply to orders for Peas, Beans and Corn. Charges in such cases are payable by the recipient. By special arrangement with all the Express lines in the United States and Canada, seeds and plants are now carried at a reduced rate of about 20 per cent. less than the merchandise rates when guaranteed by us. No goods sent C. O. D. without an advance sufficient to cover charges both ways. Onion Sets, Potatoes, Roots and other perishable goods will not be sent C. O. D., but will be sent only on receipt of full remittance and at risk of purchaser.
- BY FREIGHT, R. R. or STEAMER.—Retail orders for heavy seeds, such as Peas, Beans, Corn, etc., can be shipped at lower rates of Freight by railroad or by steamer where practicable. All Freight and Express goods are delivered by us to the Freight or Express office in Bristol, Pa., charges payable at destination.

- ORDER EARLY.—It is better to have the seeds on hand a month early rather than wait one day when you need them.
- **GUARANTEE.**—We guarantee all shipments of seeds to reach the purchaser safely and in good condition.
- PACKAGE CHARGES.—When crates or barrels are required for packing Onion Sets, the following rates will be charged: Crates, 2 bush., 40c.; 1 bush., 25c. Barrels, holding 4 bushels, 40c. These package charges are extra and should be included in remittance.
- MAKING OUT ORDERS.—We always make it a point to give orders our immediate attention as soon as received, a fact well known and appreciated by the thousands of customers deriving their supplies from us direct. The prompt execution of orders will be greatly facilitated if our customers will be careful to write on their order their Full Name and Address, the Quantity, Name of Variety and Price of the seeds wanted. (See Order Sheet enclosed.)
- Orders with full address of customer should be written on a distinct sheet, apart from any necessary inquiries, which latter should be written on a separate sheet, to insure speed in filling orders in our packing department.
- INQUIRIES as to methods of culture from correspondents who are not customers will receive attention only upon enclosure of 25c. in stamps accompanying same, which sum may be deducted when remitting us a subsequent cash order for Seeds amounting to One Dollar or more.
- The practice of writing us from several post-offices is to be avoided. Change of residence should be communicated to us at once, to secure delivery of our current publications. If you want a Catalogue sent to your neighbors of friends, send us their addresses and we will put them on our Mailing List.
- Space will not permit us to enumerate all the seeds and garden requisites we carry in stock. If you do not see what you want, write us and we will promptly give you prices and all other information.

### The United States Mail brings Landreths' Seeds to every man's door

First see if your Merchant sells Landreths' Seeds

IF NOT, THEN MAIL YOUR ORDER DIRECT TO THE

## D. Landreth Seed Company BLOOMSDALE SEED FARMS, BRISTOL, PENNA.

## Read—This is Worthy Your Attention

Landreths' Seed Catalogue is published by the oldest Seed Establishment in America, founded 134 years ago, or in 1784, a Seed House which has always been in the lead as to favorable reputation acquired by fair dealing and intense technical study of subjects connected with Seed growing.

If you are not a customer for Landreths' Seeds

#### Why Not Join the "Society of Positive Results"?

as is termed that long list of Landreths' customers. You cannot do better—you might do worse, as this firm has, you will perceive, considerably over one hundred years' enviable reputation to sustain, in proof of which we here print transcripts of letters from some very old customers.

- From JAMES JACKSON MANNING SMITH, A. D. C., Texas Division, United Confederate Veterans.—Charles Jones, of Frederick, Maryland, my maternal grandfather, a soldier under General Washington, 1788-92, was employed by the founders of your famous Seed House in their Seed Grounds for the three years 1783-89-90. He bought and planted Landreths' Garden Seeds, and just so all his descendants, until now the fifth generation from him are to-day your customers—a continuous connection of One Hundred and Thirty (130) Years.
- From J. H. PRESSLEY, Texas.—My family have been purchasers and planters of Landreths' Seeds for five generations, or since 1790—128 years; first in South Carolina, afterwards in Alabama, Mississippi, and now in Texas.
- From E. L. LEADBEATER & SONS, Alexandria, Va.—We herewith place our Seed order for the year 1918, a continuance of One Hundred and Twenty-six (126) Years of unbroken business intercourse, or since 1792, which is an unmistakable record of the excellence of Landreths' Seeds, and an almost unprecedented example of long-extended commercial intercourse.
- From S. W. HEINITSH, Lancaster, Pa.—My predecessors in 1795 bought Landreths' Seeds for sale. Since then, a period of One Hundred and Twenty-three (123) Years, they have been continuously in a Retail and Wholesale way sold over my counter. Not a bad record for either of us.
- From STEINMAN HARDWARE CO., Lancaster, Pa.—This Establishment, founded in 1760, is one of the thirty-eight of the Association of Centenary Firms in the United States, of which unique organization Mr. Burnet Landreth was the originator and its first President, and is still the presiding officer. Since 1805, or for One Hundred and Thirteen (113) Years, this Establishment has been sellers of Landreths' Seeds, which Seeds have given satisfaction to ourselves and our customers, else we would not have continued to purchase them.
- From P. H. WHITE, Bonham, Texas.—My father's family have been using Landreths' Seeds for over One Hundred and Twelve (112) Years, first in the State of Virginia, then in the State of Alabama, now in Texas, and I still use them exclusively for garden purposes. I have never had any seeds that gave the satisfaction that I have obtained from Landreths' Seeds.
- From NOBOKISSORE BOSE & SONS, British India.—We have been importing and using Landreths' Seeds for Eighty-six (86) Years, or since 1832, and have found them true to name and satisfactory. We have imported and used Seeds from other firms and other countries, but always found Landreths' Seeds the surest and most reliable, especially the Cabbage and Cauliflower, and we recommend all merchants in India to use Landreths' Seeds.

READ THIS AGAIN, because no Seedsman in America can show such testimonials—no Seedsman can give such a guarantee for CONFIDENCE as is presented in these seven testimonials.

We invite you to become a customer now, if not already one, to become family customers of a second cycle of one hundred years, during which the Landreths as a family will continue in business, as they have for over the past one hundred years.

## Landreth to the Family Gardener

No Seed Merchant can furnish better Seeds for the Private Gardener than Landreth, nor can any Seed Merchant give more practical advice as to SORTS MOST DESIRABLE and as to METHODS OF CULTURE than can be furnished FREE OF CHARGE by Landreth.

## CONFIDENCE

## WELL PLACED OR MISPLACED

EXCEPT eggs, nothing in the line of purchases demands so much confidence in the merchant as the purchase of a packet of Seeds. No other article purchased—the egg always excepted—so little indicates the quality within as Seeds, for Seeds do not give any clue whatever. As to merit, the egg may contain a chicken and the Seeds may contain embryos of worthless plants, but the worthlessness of the egg is determined immediately or next day and the egg loss covered by an immediate purchase of another lot of eggs, but not so with Seeds, as before their quality can be determined the summer is past with its actual loss of time, long-drawn-out expense and final disappointments.

Seed demands, first, a lot of

### CONFIDENCE

on the day of purchase, and, secondly, a continuation of that confidence during the growth of the plants—quite two months at the least—and if the results are bad, the purchaser has only himself to kick.

The merchant is a merchant, but the purchaser of bad Seeds is always the "goat."

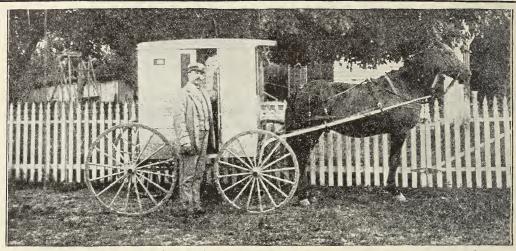
## SEED GROWING

This does not alone comprise what is expressed in the title of this short article—anyone with land at his command can grow Seeds, but not one in ten thousand can do it with such judgment as will warrant his selling the Seeds to discriminating people, men who want the vegetables for particular purposes.

Take, for instance, a Cabbage, whether it is to be of a race of plants suitable for family consumption or for the general market, or on the other hand suitable for the sauerkraut factory, or still more definitely for the pickle factory; or the Pepper, if it is to be developed for the general market or for the salting factory; the same with the Cauliflower, and even with the Pea if it is bred to produce a crop fit for the market Gardener, picking day after day for ten days, or if for the pea factory where all the pods must develop about the same day so that the entire crop of vines can be harvested like hay and the mass put through a machine similar to a thrashing machine to burst open the pods, the contents of which must be almost of the same size. It will be noticed that Peas for this purpose, Peas for shelling by machinery, must be bred entirely different from Peas for hand-picking, which field work may continue over two weeks.

The Seed grower who does not know these things is a novice; he is going to cause a serious loss to the people who put their confidence in him, as his product is not reliable.

# Pedigree Seeds by Mail



An illustration of how the Rural Delivery wagons carry Landreths' Seeds to the farmhouse door

#### DOES YOUR MERCHANT HANDLE LANDRETH SEEDS?

If he don't, then write to Bloomsdale, as the United States rural delivery carries Landreths' Seeds to every man's door-United States Money Orders can be obtained at almost every Post Office. They cost-

For Ord	lers for su	ms no	ot exceedi	ng \$2.50	. 3 cents	. I I	fover	\$30.00 aı	id not	exceeding	\$40.00		
If ov	er \$2.50 a	nd no	ot exceedi:	ng 5.00	5 ''		4.4	40.00	**	**	50.00		
**	5.00	4.6	4.6	10.00	8 "	ì	4.4	50.00	4.6	6.6	60.00		
4.4	10.00	4.6	4.4	20.00	10 ''	i	6.6	60.00	4.4	4.4	75.00		
4.6	20.00	6.6	**	30.00	12 ''		4.6	75.00	4.6	4.6	100.00	30	**

The D. Landreth Seed Company welcomes a comparison of prices, provided there be at the same time a comparison of QUALITY, which varies just in proportion to any variation in price.

Write out your Seed Order at the prices of this Catalogue, which are inclusive of postage on all small seeds, but not on Peas, Beans and Corn, then go to the Post Office and purchase a Money Order payable to the D. Landreth Seed Company.

#### FOREIGN POSTAGE ON SEEDS

We solicit orders for Seeds from PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS, MARKET GARDENERS and MERCHANTS in foreign countries.

The rate of postage on Seeds to all the countries, colonies and towns named below is the same—12 cents per pound, and the limit of weight of a single package is the same to all the countries named—11 pounds to a package. The list of countries in the postal agreement is:

Alexandretta, Beyrout, Caifa Candia Canea, Cavalla, Dardanelles, Jaffa, Janina, Jerusalem, Messina, Mytilene, Rhodes, Salonica, Samsoun. San Giovanni di Medua, Sante Quaranta, Scutari. Smyrna, Trebizond, Tripoli (Syria), Vathi (Samos),

CURACAO, including

Aruba, Bonaire, Saba, St. Eustatis, Dutch part of St. Martins,

DENMARK, including Faroe Islands. Iceland,

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC, DUTCH GUIANA, FRANCE, excluding Algeria, Corsica,

GREECE, GUADELOUPE, including Marie Galante,

Deseade, Les Saintes St. Bartholomew French portion of St. Martins, HAITI,

HONDURAS, HUNGARY,

ITALY, including
Rep. of San Marino,
Italian Colonies of Benadir and

Erythrea,
Italian offices in Ottoman Empire at
Durazzo (Albania),
Galata (Constantinople),
Jerusalem (Palestine),

Jerusalem (Traestine), Canea (Crete), Pera (Constantinople), Salonica (Roumelia), Scutari (Asia Minor), Smyrna (Asia Minor), Stamboul (Constantinople),

LIBERIA, MARTINIQUE.

NETHERLANDS, NEWFOUNDLAND, NORWAY, PANAMA.

International Money Orders can be obtained at the Post Offices of all the above countries, and every order for Seeds must be accompanied by a Postal Order made out at the prices of this Catalogue.

## All the popular sorts of Kitchen Garden Vegetables named in this Catalogue are placed in alphabetical order, having no reference whatever to periods of maturity.

## Artichoke (FRENCH SEED)

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Three Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row.

This plant may be grown from seed sown when the Cherry is in bloom or from suckers taken from established plants. If the seed be sown, the plants may be raised in beds and transplanted. The seedlings or sets should be planted out in rows at four feet apart and eighteen inches in the row. Success with it in the United States cannot be expected north of the Cotton Belt.

Green Province Large Globe.—Heads elongated, green. Plants spiny \$\frac{14}{52.00}\$ lb. Oz. Pkt. \$\frac{2}{50.00}\$ Plants spiny \$\frac{12}{52.00}\$ Plants spin

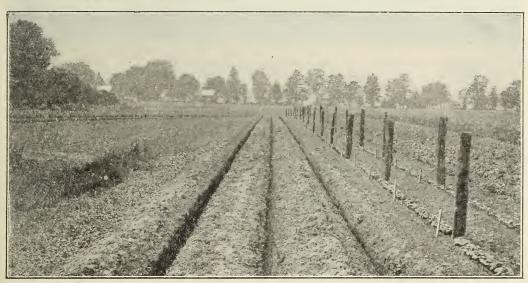


Illustration of the PROCESS OF PREPARING an Asparagus Bed

In this case, there being three trenches five feet apart and twenty inches deep, each trench filled to a depth of eight inches with well-decayed stable manure, the roots placed on top of the manure in the bottom of the trenches at twelve inches apart and covered at first by one inch of earth. As the Asparagus plants develop in size the earth is hoed in, until finally by the end of the second year the entire surface is level; the object of the deep planting being that the root crowns shall be far below the reach of an Asparagus cutting knife, but after five or six years the crowns rise nearer the surface.

## Asparagus

Of Seed, Sow Eight Ounces to 100 Yards of Row; Fifteen Pounds to the Acre. Of Two-year-old Roots, Set 5000 to the Acre.

If the rows be six feet apart, about 5,000 plants are required to plant an acre. Two-year-old roots are better than one-year-old ones. When well planted and fertilized, a cutting of stalks can be made about three times the second year after planting.

SEED

ARGENTEUIL.—The favorite variety used in France. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; ½ lb. 40c.; lb. 90c. COLOSSAL.—The leading variety in the American markets. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; ½ lb. 25c.: lb. 80c. PALMETTO.—An early prolific regularly developed type of Asparagus of the Southern

PALMETTO.—An early prolific, regularly developed type of Asparagus of the Southern seaboard. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; ¼ lb. 25c.; lb. 75c.

ARGENTEUIL.—Per 100, 90c.; per 1000, \$6.00.

ROOTS COLOSSAL.—Two years old, per 100, 60c.; 1000, \$6.00. PALMETTO.—Two years old, per 100, 60c.; 1000, \$6.00.

One-year-old roots one dollar per thousand less in each case.



Trial Grounds.—Two hundred and sixty samples of Beans, thinned out to 150 of each for convenience in estimating any percentages or impurities. All varieties classified as to time of ripening. Pea trials to the left.

#### POSTAGE NOT PAID ON BEANS.

## Bush Beans—Average Height of Vine, 15 Inches

These Mature for Table 30 to 50 Days from Germination, According to Variety. Three Quarts of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. One to One and One-half Bushels to the Acre.

Sow when the Apple is in bloom, and repeat as frequently as necessary until within fifty days of frost. In field culture sow in drills at three feet apart. In garden culture, when the cultivation is done by hand, the rows may be at 24 inches. The seeds should be sown in such quantity as under ordinary circumstances to warrant one Bean vine to every four inches. If closer than this, their production will be impaired. On strong soil they do best at a greater distance. Yield about 125 to 150 bushels of green pods per acre.

TWENTY-ONE GREEN-POD VARIETIES

1/2 Peck. Qt. 1/3 Pt.

1.90

1.90

2.10

60

60

60

1.5

15

15

#### Bountiful Beans.—A large, tender, stringless green pod, curved and flat; a plant of very prolific habit, remaining long in bearing. Style of plant after the character of Long Six Weeks. \$1.90 60 15 1.80 50 10 Cranberry, White.—Large Olive shape, used for cooking when dry..... French Lead Pencil.—Green Pod, long, round, very attractive..... 60 15 1.90 Full Measure.—Productive of showy pods..... 15 1.90 60 Horticultural Dwarf, 35 days.—Resembling the Pole. Pods flat, straight.... 1.90 15 Horticultural, French's.—A more vigorous plant than the Dwarf Horticultural, a heavier yielder, producing a longer and much more highly colored pod, which is so completely covered with carmine dashes as to make it especially attractive ...... 2.00 60 15 1.90 60 10 Kidney, Red.—A long, red, large Bean used for cooking when dry..... 10 Kidney, White.—A Long White Bean used for cooking when dry..... 1.90 60 King of Earlies.—Early as the Red Valentine, longer in pod, and on some soils a day or so earlier. Foliage darker, pods green..... 1.90 60 15 1.90 60 15 Long Early Yellow Six Weeks, 40 days.—Long, straight green pods...... Longfellow, 45 days.—Productive of excellent long, straight, round green pods. A great Market Garden favorite. Vine 12 inches.

Low's Champion.—A broad green-podded Bean of celebrity; stringless..... Mammoth Stringless Green Pod.—Vine 12 to 14 inches high, a mammothpodded selection from the original Stringless; not quite so early, but more showy.

BUSH BEANS—Continued	POSTA PAID ON	BEA	NS.
Mohawk.—Producing green-colored edible pods thirty-four days after germination	Crop f		3 F (.
Navy.—A small white bean used for cooking when dry	\$1.90	60	10
Refugee, Extra Early, 30 days.—As good as the Red Valentine and as early.	1.90	60	15
Refugee, Late.—This Bean in some sections is known as the "1000 to 1," by reason of its prolific character. It matures green pods for table use in 48 days.	1.90	60	15
STRINGLESS GREEN POD.—This Bean produces a vine, 12 to 14 inches high, similar to Red Valentine, but develops pods to edible condition possibly a day earlier than Red Valentine; that is, say, in 30 to 31 days from germination.	2.10	60	15
Tennessee Green Pod, 46 days.—Pods long, broad, undulating, very popular in some sections, one foot high, choice. No crop	Crop f	ailed.	
Valentine, Black, 31 days.—Green podded, dry seed black. Pods long and straight, slightly resembling Red Valentine	1.90	60	15
VALENTINE EXTRA EARLY RED, 32 days.—Edible condition in less than five weeks. Pods round and curved, light green and semi-transparent	2.10	60	15
GOLDEN WAX CLASS			
Challenger Black Wax, 40 days.—A selection from the Black-Seeded Dwarf German, possessing all its desirable qualities and some additional merits. Vine 12 inches. Pods curved, meaty, solid, crystalline. Earliest Black Wax	2.50	70	15
Crystal Wax, 45 days.—Color of pods very light green and semi-transparent, round, curved, succulent. Silver bean	2.70	70	15
Currie's Rust-Proof.—A productive sort. Pods golden, long, broad, flat	2.50	70	15
Davis Kidney Wax, 35 days.—Productive, pods showy, long, nearly straight	2.70	75	15
Dwarf German Wax.—A curved brittle golden wax pod	2.50	70	15
Golden Eye Wax.—A flat golden wax pod	2.50	70	15
Hodson's Wax, 45 days.—Vigorous, creamy white, long, straight, flat, productive.  Late, but most productive	2.50	70	15
Improved Golden Wax.—Maturing in about 35 days from germination. A straight, flat-podded sort	2.50	70	15
Landreths' California Rust-Proof.—A golden wax sort, flat, long, straight and very free from rust.	2.50	70	15
Landreths' Scarlet-Seeded Wax, 35 days.—Seed in color deep scarlet, large, kidney-formed; the pods a golden wax. The vine strong, foliage large, broad, hardy	2.70	75	15
Pencil Pod Black Wax.—Pods round, meaty, curved and borne in branches; ready 40 days from germination. 12 inches high. Best Black Seeded Golden Wax	2.50	70	15
Prolific Black Wax.—A profuse bearer of round golden wax pods	2.50	70	15
Refugee Wax, 40 days.—A variety not excelled in any good quality. Pods round, curved, meaty. Favorite with canners. Stringless.	2.85	89	15
Round-Podded Kidney Wax, 45 days.—An improvement on Wardwell's Flat Pod; quite as early, as long and as productive, while more showy and decidedly more luscious because more meaty. Height 12 inches	2.85	80	15
Scarlet Flageolet Wax, 50 days.—Used either as a Snap or for shelling. Pods long and flat like Golden Wax. Seeds very large and kidney-shaped	2.70	75	15
Violet Flageolet or Perfection Wax.—Long, broad, flat	2:70	75	15
Wardwell's Dwarf Kidney Wax, 40 days.—Seed kidney-formed, color white with dashes of light purple. Long, almost straight, flat pods	. 2.85	80	15

POSTAGE NOT PAID ON BEANS.

#### BUSH BEANS—Continued

#### DWARF LIMAS or BUSH LIMAS -FIVE VARIETIES

Two Weeks Earlier than Pole Limas. Average Height of Vine, 18 Inches.

Burpee's Dwarf Lima, 60 days.—This is a fullsized Lima borne in full-sized pods developed on plants of dwarf habit. Maturing for table ten to twelve days earlier than Pole Lima. Vine not over 20 inches high.

½ Pk., \$2.75 Peck, \$5.40 Qt., 70

Fordhook Bush Lima, 60 days.—Foliage dark green; bush dwarf, about 15 to 20 inches in height, according to soil, quite bushy, dark in color and stiffly erect.  $\frac{1}{2}$  Pk., \$2.85 Qt., 80  $\frac{1}{3}$  Pt., 20 Peck, \$5.50

Henderson's Dwarf Lima, 55 days.—Height 1 foot, compact; leaves small, exceedingly dark green; very productive and early. Peck, \$5.50  $\frac{1}{2}$  Pk., \$3.00 Qt., 80

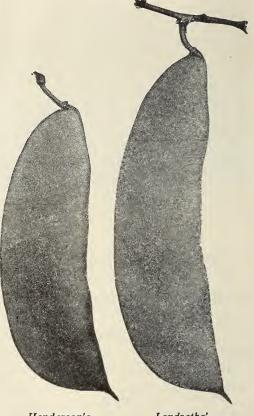
Qt., 80  $\frac{1}{3}$  Pt., 20

Improved Bush Lima, 60 days.—Height of bush 18 inches on good soil; very broad dark foliage. Sturdy and a week earlier than any large-podded Pole Lima. Seeds larger than any other Bush Lima, the green seeds being thick and meaty. eck,  $$5.50 \frac{1}{2}$  Pk., 3.00 Qt.,  $80 \frac{1}{3}$  Pt., 20 Peck, \$5.50

#### Landreths' Bush Lima Beans, 50

days.—Strictly a bush; vine compact; foliage not so dark as the Henderson's; more productive in pods, which are more curved, one-fifth longer, broader and plumper. Beans longer, broader and twice as thick, and five days earlier than Henderson's; altogether quite distinct and more desirable.

Crop failed.



Henderson's Landreths' Showing comparative sizes

POSTAGE NOT PAID ON BEANS.

#### Pole Beans—Snap-Pods EIGHT FEET.

One Quart to 200 Poles or Three Pints of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Fifteen Quarts to the Acre. Maturing for Table 45 to 90 Days from Germination.

Plant when the Apple is in bloom; set poles 4 by 4 feet, or set permanent posts like in picture and string wires with perpendicular strings; tie up the tendrils as often as necessary. To prevent Bean Poles from blowing down, unite them by strong cords, or, better, dispense with poles and use wire netting. Pole Beans, as a rule, require support to a height of six feet.

Peck. 1/2 Peck. Qt. 1/3 Pt. Creaseback, 50 days.—Earliest Pole Bean in cultivation, exceedingly productive....\$4.30 2.25 60 15 15

Kentucky Wonder, Golden-Pod, 55 days.—A light golden or lemon wax pod of 

Kentucky Wonder Green-Pod or Old Homestead.—A 15

15 Lazy Wife, 55 days.—Pods 6 to 7 inches long, and borne in clusters. It is so 80 15

#### POSTAGE NOT POLE BEANS—Continued PAID ON BEANS. Nancy Davis, 58 days.—Very superior, unusually strong Peck. 1/2 Peck. Qt. 1/4 Pt. climber, with plenty of foliage, exceedingly productive of pods, 5 to 6 inches round, fat, curved, dashed with carmine like a Horticultural, stems half red \$4.60 2.50 15 Red-Speckled, Oval-Seeded, Cut-Short Cornfield, 65 days.—This is a climb-10 Tennessee Wonder, 55 days.—Named by us in 1889, catalogued in 1901. Dried seeds large, flattish and oval, incurved at eye. Color generally gray, but marked with many black irregular stripes. The Department of Agriculture Bulletin 100 states that the "green pods are the largest and handsomest of all cultivated Beans, the pods curved, double barreled, tinged with purple and wrinkled and depressed between each of the eight or nine seeds." 4.00 2.10 White-Seeded Kentucky Wonder.—A continuous bearer and almost rust-proof, the round pods being stringless. The seed is pure white and in many respects superior to the old green-podded form. 10 white and in many respects superior to the old green-podded form ...... 4.60 2.50 White Dutch or Case-Knife, 60 days.—Used either as a snap-short when very 10 young, shelled as the Lima when more largely developed, or for soaking when dry 3.75 2.00 10 Pole Lima Varieties Challenger Lima, or Dreer's Pole, 85 days.—A productive Pole variety, producing thick pods containing fat seeds of excellent quality for table use............. 4.20 2.40 10 Carolina or Sewee, 70 days.—A small variety of Lima, more easy of vegetation, 10 60 10 10 to many Limas. In all particulars it is more productive, earlier than any to 10 60 green tinge, that is to say not bleached ivory-white. This green-10 60



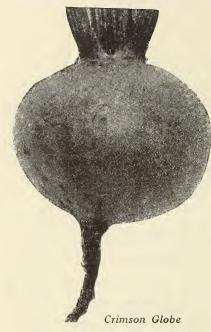
Trial Ground.—Two hundred distinct tests in Trial Ground of Pole or Running means, fifty vines of each sort, all climbing up strong, tarred twine fastened to wires, stretched between posts.

## THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

## Beets for Table

Ready for Table 40 to 45 Days from Sowing. Five Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row

Under a system of horse cultivation, drill in rows at  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet apart and thin to 3 inches. If the culture is by hand, the rows may be drawn 18 inches apart. Drilled when the Apple blooms.



Crimson Globe, 42 days.—Root round, deep crimson, smooth outside skin. Early in development. An exceedingly choice variety, uniting both rare beauty and value. Try it.

uniting both rare beauty and value. Try it.

Lb. 4 Lb. Oz. Pkt.

\$2.10 60 20 5

Crosby's Improved Egyptian, 41 days.—Blood-red.

A choice form of the Egyptian and very desirable.

Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt.
\$2.30 60 20 5

Detroit, 50 days.—
Oval, flesh dark blood, skin smooth, leaves small, erect.
Favorably known because of admirable qualities.
Lb. 14 Lb. 02. Pkt.
\$2.25 60 20 5



Crosby's Improved Egyptian



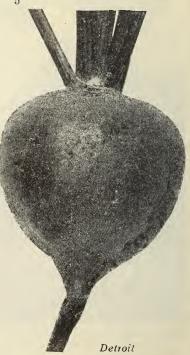
Extra Early Eclipse

Early Model, 48
Days.—Some-

thing similar to Crimson Globe; smaller and more uniformly round. Very dark in flesh. A production of merit. Exceedingly slim tap root—entirely mousetailed. A distinct selection, very attractive, for very early use, that is when they are under one inch in diameter. At that age the Model is exceedingly choice.

Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$2.00 60 20 10

Extra Early
Eclipse, 42
days.—This
has superseded the
Egyptian. The bulbs
—globes, blood-colored—develop with
rapidity.
Lb. ¼ Lb. Oz. Pkt.



For Express charges paid by customer, or small seeds Postage paid by us, see page 3.

15

\$1.75 50

#### BEETS FOR TABLE—Continued

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.



Extra Early Egyptian

\$1.90

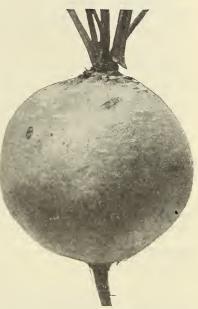
Edmunds.—A red Turnip Beet of celebrity.
Lb. \$1.50 40 15 Pkt. 5

Extra Early Egyptian Turnip, 40 days.—
Roots for table
use developing in forty days. Bulbs half globular, or flattened at the poles; roots very slim, skin smooth. Lb. 14 Lb. Oz. Fkt. \$1.75 50 15 5

Half-Long Blood-Red, 60 days. Leaves half green and red. Very de-sirable. One of the best. A handsome, wedge-shaped root, growing well under ground; flesh very dark blood-red, skin smooth, habit much

15

earlier in maturity than the old Long Blood. Most popular with Philadelphia Market Gardeners. ½ Lb. 50



Landreth's Best

41.00			
Landreths' Amazement, 45 days.—Producing a root 2 Lb. inches in diameter and unusually attractive in appearance, being uniformly	1/4 lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
round with smooth skin, small foliage, mouse- or thread-like tail, and no side			
fibres. Flesh tender, juicy and of bright scarlet color, ripening for table in			
about 45 days from germination of the Seed. Nothing like it. Try it and be amazed. You will find it well named	85	25	10
Landreth's Best, 45 days.—Five days earlier than			
Detroit, more ball-shaped—altogether a superior sort. Slimmer tap roots—			
more mouse-tailed. Root varying from half flat to round. Flesh solid, deep			
blood-red, of excellent quality, sugary. Skin smooth and free from side fibres.  Private gardeners will find Beets of fully double the usual value if they are			
pulled and served on the table when so small as to be no larger than a silver			
quarter of a dollar. At that age they are delicious, and when pulled that small			
can be grown very thickly in the rows. The Landreths' Best is very choice			
for such early use, having an intensely red color and delicate texture and flavor 2.15	60	20	5
Landreths' Early Blood-Red Turnip, 50 days.—Top			
shaped, early in maturity. One of the best sellers we have. Deep red 2.00	60	20	5
<b>Landreths' Early Forcing, 48 days.</b> —Nearly as early as the Egyptian and hardier. Not so dark in flesh, but more firm when boiled or pickled; the <i>leaf</i>			
tops are short and compact, fitting the variety for forcing under glass	50	15	5
Landreths' Fire Ball, 48 days.—Early, round, flesh bril-			
liant scarlet with alternate rings of red and white; very choice, well named 2.00	60	20	5
Lentz Turnip, 50 days.—Short leaved, suitable for culture under glass. Very	00	-0	U
early. Light in color, but not so pale colored as the Bassano. Quite sugary 1.90	50	1.5	5
Long Blood-Red (very rich), 65 days.—Resists drought better than any other	=0		_
variety of Beets; color deep red, flesh very sweet	50	15	5
Nutting's Gem.—A root of most attractive shape and color.			
Form round, with a mouse tail. Color beef red. Leaves very erect and few of	20	. 20	_
them. Altogether of most astonishing development, beauty, and form	00	20	5

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.	BEETS I	FOR	TABLE—Con	tinued				
Swiss Chard.—Yellow ste Swiss Chard.—Lucullus.	m, reliable and	produc	etive sort	foliage vellow-	ь. 32.20	14 Lb. 60	Oz. 20	Pkt.
ish green and crumple Swiss Chard, Large-Ribk cannot always be had the other hand, is in found a most agreeable like Spinach, the thic vegetable is the same a	ed. Very choice of the decision of the decisio	ee. Gro or boiling tough arly Sp the best oked lik	owing in popularity ag are always accepts and stringy. The string to Autumn fro st vegetables, the gre se Celery. The cult	every day able. Spinach Silver Beet, on st, and will be en foliage used ivation of this		70 60	20	10
· ·	as that of a Be				2.20	00	20	J
	Sugar B	<i>Beet</i>	s and Ma	ingels				
	1	SUGA	AR BEETS					
	Five Ounc	es of S	eed to 100 Yards o	f Row				
Giant Half Rose.—Crown Klein-Wanzleben, 80 da this as possessing the h	ys.—Beet-suga highest sugar-p	ar facto roducin	ries have united in g qualities, as much	recommending as 18 tons of		40	15	5
sugar having been mad Laftes Improved.—One of						40	15	5
Vilmorin's Improved, 80					1.40	40	15	5
wide range of soils and Yellow Globe.—A round y	d exceptionally	rich in	sugar. Fine for cat	tle feeding		40 40	15 15	5 5
	71.77 A	MCO	LD-WURZEL	C				
A family of Beets bred and therefore must be take and scour cattle, but after a roots which, well elevated a weight of Turnips to the ac often being equal to 6 or 7 p gen are needed. Drill whe Golden Tankard, 90 day though doing well on golden skin, solid sugar	n up in good the afew weeks been above the surfacere, to which a per cent. of the n the Cherry is.—A rapidly every soil. The	me and come particle, are dvantage gross was in bloomaturing eroot l	properly protected. alatable and safe. harvested with the ge may be added the veight. The Mango oom.  ng root adapted to has broad shoulders.	When first ha The approved to greatest ease are high nutritive ld is a high feed shallow lands, smooth, rich,	rvested types p ad prod value, ler—po	d they produce duce do the s	are a e mas ouble accha	ssive the
Mammoth Long Red, 11 acre. Everywhere the	10 days.—In I e most popular	England variety	l 80 tons have been for cattle feeding	grown to the	1.25	40	15	5
		Br	occoli	One O	unce o Yards			100
A plant much resembling a longer season to develop smaller. 'The seed is best soout in Spring.	than Cauliflow	ver, and er. It	l like it derived from has more numerous	the wild Cabba and stiffer leav	ge. B	roccol	i requ	are
Large Early White, 150 offer an especially fine its more general culture	strain of Early	White	Broccoli, and strong	ly recommend			Oz.	Pkt.
	Bru	sse	ls Sproud	ts One One	ance o			100
A variety of the Cabb 50 to 100 buds resembling Cabbage in their crumpled to form one of the most delicit	page family, po miniature Cabl exture and also	ssessing bage her in their	the peculiarity of ads. The leaves cocolor. The heads o	bearing upon it mposing these l r buds, from 1 to ne Cauliflower.	neads r o 2 inch	esemb ies in o	diame	eter,
Dalkeith.—A fine variety,				\$	Lb. ½ 6.00 1		Oz. 50	Pkt. 5
Paris Dwarf. — A choice buttons size of a pigeor	stram, each ja's egg. Delici	plant v ous in f	ery productive of lavor and exceedingl	hundreds of ly tender (	3.00 1	.40	50	5
For Express ch	arges naid he on	stomer	or small seeds Postage	a naid hw me see	nage 3			



Cabbage to produce Seed on Bloomsdale

Three Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row.

## Cabbage

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

No selections of Cabbage, are better than those offered by us Gardeners can rely upon LANDRETHS' CABBAGE SEED

Don't have the soil in the seed-bed as rich as the field to which the Cabbage is transplanted, or the plants will be starved after transplantation.

Don't seed too thickly or force the growth too rapidly, or the plants will grow too tall, slim and tender and the growth be more seriously checked by adverse conditions.

Root deeply to resist drought. When setting out, plant up to the first leaf-stems. Supply plenty of moisture and manure.

Don't sow the seed for a whole crop at one time, for plants of different ages are differently affected by adverse circumstances, and by division a planter will have a better chance to profit, at least from a part of his crop.

All-Head.—Early, large, flat, solid-headed, very early for Lb. ¼ Lb. its size, few outside leaves, consequently can be planted closer together than other large Cabbages. A very reliable sort and well-named. One of the very superior Cabbages. Certain to give satisfaction	Oz.	
Autumn King.—Heads broad, flat, heavy; earlier than late Drumhead and more showy. Stems short, few outside leaves	40	5
Bloomsdale Early Dwarf Flat Dutch.—A large flat-headed early variety	30	5
Bloomsdale Early Drumhead, 95 days.—In form, from ROUND to FLAT; size large, always solid, few extra leaves; rather short in STEM and WILL STAND WITHOUT BURSTING	30	5
Bloomsdale Large Late Drumhead, 110 days.—This is one of our standard late-maturing varieties. Late, large, solid, always reliable as a header	30	5
Bloomsdale Large Late Flat Dutch.—Originally obtained from the Swedish gardeners who settled at Philadelphia previous to the Revolutionary War.  The variety is late, large, solid and very weighty and uniform	30	5
Brunswick.—Early for a large flat; very short stem, leaves shell-like	40	5
Charleston Large Wakefield, Long Island.—Large, solid, half-pointed heads of good quality, later than Early Jersey. 75 to 80 days	40	5

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

#### CABBAGE—Continued

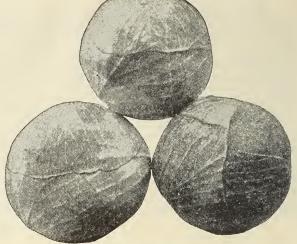
Copenhagen Market, 70 days.—Large round head, following the Charleston Wakefield. Being larger, it produces a greater tonnage to the acre, and is very

profitable. Very uniform in the production of round, very hard heads of long-keeping qualities.

Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$5.25 \$1.40 40 10



Danish Ballhead



Copenhagen Market

Danish Ballhead Cabbage, Tall Stem, 120 days.—A Lb. 14 Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
Winter Cabbage of great celebrity in northern locations or in semi-mountainous		
sections because of every plant's heading and because all heads are alike, round in shape, more dense than any other Cabbage, pure white within and of keeping		
qualities extending for months\$5.00 1.30	40	5
Danish Short-Stemmed Roundhead, 115 days. — Differing from the Tall-		
Stemmed Ballhead in being nearer the earth and a little earlier	40	5
Drumhead Savoy.—Best of its class and as palatable as a		
Cauliflower. Size large, heads solid, curly or crinkled leaved, stalks short, habit		
compact. A certain header of good keeping qualities	30	5
Early Drumhead.—An early flat Cabbage	30	5
Early Flat Dutch.—A flat early variety	30	5
Enkhuizen Glory, 100 days.—Short stemmed, half round,		
early, very attractive large white heads. In great demand. Good keeper 4.25 1.25	40	10
Jersey Wakefield, Long Island.—Heading for market 70 days from sowing. It is		
very early, short stemmed, head cone-shaped, broad at the bottom with pointed	40	10
peak; leaves leathery, well folded over the top. Earlier than Charleston 5.00 1.50	40	10



Landreths' Bloomsdale Grown Select Very Early Jersey Wakefield

Large Charleston Wakefield, 75

days.—Specially selected. Very choice and uniform, best of any from any source. One-third stronger grower than the Jersey Wakefield.

Lb. 1 Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$5.00 \$1.40 40 10

Landreths' Bloomsdale Grown Select Very Early Jersey Wakefield, 68 days.—Specially selected, extra early, choice in all good qualities, earlier than Long Island Wakefield. Recommended to gardeners. Heads ovoid, broad at the base and running to a blunt point. Very solid, very early, choice in quality.

b. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$5.00 \$1.40 40 10

CABBAGE—Continued

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Landreths' Flat Intermediate, 90 days.—

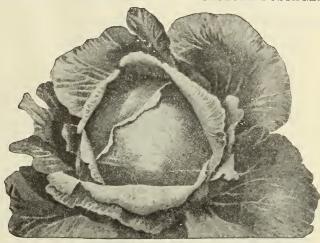
An early and certain ripener. Three weeks later than the Wakefield. Its merits, in addition to earliness, being its choice quality, uniformity of head and attractive appearance.

A tight, flat, hard head. Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. \$4.25 \$1.25 40 10

Landreths' Flat Standard, 120 days .- Large, solid, heavy, late, a certain header.

Lb.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Pkt. \$1.25 \$4.00 40

Large York, English .-- Olive shaped early; medium head. Lb.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Oz. P Crop failed.



Landreths' Flat Intermediate

Landreths' Frost-Proof Large Drumhead Cabbage, 120 days.—This is the

hardiest of any Cabbage grown by us, and has proved of exceeding value in localities of variable Winter temperatures, as rapid fluctuations do not hurt it. The Frost-Proof has a short stem and makes a deep blue and wide leaf, which folds over in opposite pairs, making a broad, flat, hard head, uniform in size and in period of maturity. We recommend this in districts of early and late frosts.

Lb. 14 Lb. \$1.25 \$4.25 40



Landreths' FROST-PROOF Large Drumhead-120 Days

Landreths' Market Gardeners, 90 days.-Medium

heads, deep and flat, weighing 5 to 6 pounds, few butside leaves, fine color. Of celebrity in Florida. Few leaves, nothing but head—a very showy head at that—short stalked, always noticeable because of its uniformity and desirability. 1 Lb. Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$1.25 \$4.25 40 10

Landreths' REEDLAND Early Drumhead, 90 days .- To any one wanting an Early Flat-headed Cabbage of reliability, we recommend the Reedland Early Drumhead as uniting all the essentials. It is short-stemmed, flat-headed, large and early.

 $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. \$1.25Lb. Pkt. Oz. \$4.25 40 10 For Express charges paid by customer, or small seeds Postage

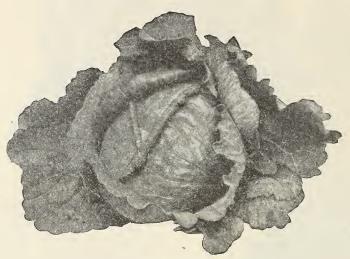
Landreths' Market

Gardeners, 90 Days

paid by us, see page 3.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

#### CABBAGE—Continued



Landreths' 100-Day Cabbage-Slate-colored

Landreths' 100-day
Cabbage.—First
heads maturing four weeks
after Jersey Wakefield; weight,
8 to 10 pounds; form flat,
slightly rounded; stem short;
foliage dark blue, thick, leathery, fitting it to flourish through

foliage dark blue, thick, leathery, fitting it to flourish through long droughts. Very hardy wintered plants, resisting the most intense cold; early Spring plants in open ground passing through late Spring frosts without any apparent check to their growth. A sort adapted for use in fluctuating climates destructive to a less hardy variety.

Lb. \$\frac{1}{4} \text{Lb.} Oz. Pkt. \$\frac{1}{4} \cdot 25 \quad \text{\$1.25} \quad 40 \quad 10

Large Late Drumhead.—A short stemmed, broad head, flat sort.

Lb. \(\frac{1}{4}\) Lb. \(\text{Oz.}\) Pkt. \(\frac{1}{4}\) 1.10 \(\frac{30}{30}\)

5

5

5

5

10

10

5

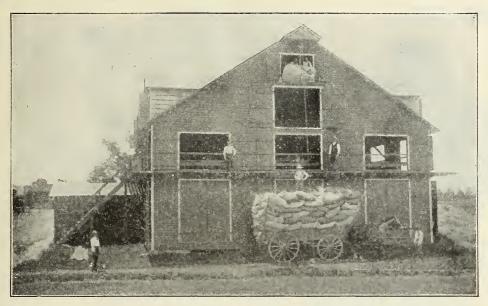
Market Gardeners' Large Late Drumhead (very choice).

—Late large, hardy, certain to head, and being heavy, quite productive.

—Late, large, hardy, certain to head, and being heavy, quite productive...... 4.00 1.10 30

Market Gardeners' Large Late Flat Dutch, 120 days.—
For a large, heavy, hard, smooth-leaved, late-ripening Cabbage, no strain is superior and few equal to this. The head is thick, broad, solid and slightly rounded on the top, though the variety is what is termed a flathead. The leaves extend well over the centre line of the head and fold down alternately, tightly femiling a compact head.

Stein's Flat Dutch, 95 days.—Early, flat, large, short-stemmed, hard-headed, reliable, and always a big producer. Certainly a favorite sort, as evinced by the demand for Seed. Heads round, exceedingly solid, long keepers................................. 3.75 1.00 30 10



No. 7 Barn.—Housing a crop of Cabbage. The same process being done with other crops. The stalks after being cut in the fields are tied up in sheets and hauled to the barn, where they are spread thickly on scaffolding arranged four feet apart, that the pods containing the Seed may completely dry before threshing. The sheets containing these stalks are hoisted up by a gasoline engine from the wagons to the various scaffoldings. Order "Landreth" Cabbage Seed.

## Eight Carrots

Three Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Four Pounds to the Acre. Sixty to Seventy Days from Germination to Maturity for Table.

For domestic use sow when the Apple is in bloom. Drill in rows of fifteen inches for hand culture of two and a half feet for field culture, and when two inches high thin to four inches apart.

#### Chantenay Half-Long Scarlet, 65

days.—Short, thick, stump-rooted. Yellow-redin color. Very productive. Choice variety. A great favorite, as is proved by the immense quantity of seed sold.

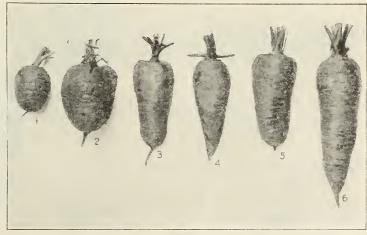
Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$2.50 70 20 5

Dutch Horn Blunt.—Size of a man's thumb, orange colored.

Lb.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Oz. Pkt. Crop failed.

English Horn Pointed.—
Different only from the Dutch in being pointed.

Lb.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Oz. Pkt. Crop failed.



1. Round French Forcing 2. Guerande or Ox-Heart. 3. English Horn, Stump. 4. Dutch Horn, Pointed. 5. Chantenay Half-Long. 6. Danvers Orange.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.



#### CARROT—Continued

Large White Belgian.—This variety yields Lb. a larger return than others\$1.25 Used for feeding cattle.			
Long Orange.—Twelve to fourteen inches long. Does best on a deep soil, being much longer than the Danvers 1.80	50	15	5
Long Yellow Belgian.—Similar to the White Belgian in form and productiveness	<b>4</b> 0	15	5
Orange Danvers Half-Long, 70 days.—Broad-shouldered, cylindrical, admirable in color. Always a favorite because reliable; attractive in form and color. The leading American sort	60	20	5
Ox-Heart or Guerande, 60 days.—Diameter of a pint measure, not so long, top-shaped. Color orange-red; tender; flavor excellent. Not excelled by any sort. Indispensable.			
Especially suitable for garden culture. Very rapid in growth	60	20	5

## Ten Cauliflowers

One-half Ounce of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Either Moisture, High Latitude or Altitude Assures Success.

Algiers, 110 days.—A late, hardy and admirable sort. A certain header.

1 Lb. Oz. Pkt.
1.15 10

Dry Soil Cauliflower, 100 days.—This strong-growing, fine and showy strain has proved reliable in many dry sections of the country, providing the soil is deep, mellow, rich and well cultivated.

il is deep, mellow, rich and well cultivated.

½ Lb.
Oz.
\$4.00
Pkt.

Forcing Extra Early Paris, 90 days.—One of the earliest varieties in cultivation. Very dwarf; large, white, compact heads, of finest quality.

1/4 Lb. Oz. Pkt.

Half Early Paris.—A very early sort following the Extra Early Paris, a smaller sort.

 $^{1}$  Lb. Oz. Pkt.  $^{1}$  Lb.  $^{1}$  10

\$1.40

Imperial, 90 days.—A very desirable sort; medium size, heads compact, pure white.

† I.b. Oz. Pkt.

½ Lb. Crop failed.



Landreths' Dry Soil Cauliflower

#### CAULIFLOWER—Continued

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Landreths' Reliable, 90 days.—This Cauliflower under ordinary favorable conditions develops well-formed heads fit for table in 90 to 100 days. It is not on all soils nor in all sections or climates that Cauliflower of any variety succeeds, and we do not claim that the Landreth will do so everywhere; but it affords a far better chance of success than any other variety of which we have knowledge, and it is well named "Landreths' Reliable," as it succeeds where even the Snowball often fails. The Landreths' Reliable is very hardy. The foliage is stiff and strong and little affected by insects.

1 Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
	\$1.80	20

Lenormands, 120 days.—A large, late variety, with well-formed heads. Strong grower.

½ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
	\$1.40	10

Select Early Dwarf Erfurt, 95 days.—Of highest excellence for field culture. Excellent.

Snowball Cauliflower, 90 Days

½ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
	\$4.00	20



Landreths' Reliable

Snowball, 90 days.—Early as any

under whatever name, plants short and stocky, erect, pointed leaves and producing round heads, pure white; extremely early and perfectly solid. Edible heads 90 to 100 days from planting. Autumn crops are earlier than Spring crops. Twenty to twenty-four heads will fill a barrel. A variety of widest cellebrity, by reason of its reliable qualities of productiveness, color, flavor and keeping in condition. Leaves long and narrow. The variety of which most seed is sold.

The best Cauliflower seed is imported and the best seed is all grown in a very limited territory in Europe, a small district of country where the conditions of climate have been found to be conducive to perfect development of both head and seed, so that a proper selection for seed-producing purposes of individual parent plants can be chosen.

This is not the case where the parents

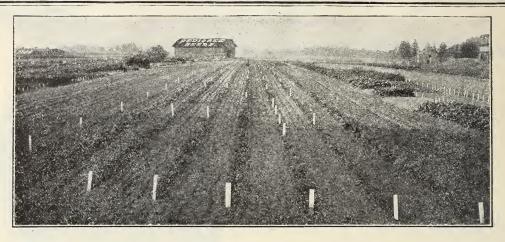
have not every one attained a full development, clearly showing their purity of breed, so that any departures or sports can be thrown out before they produce seed.

Such intensely selected seed is very limited in the number of pounds and is worth the money at which it is sold, as each Cauliflower plant grown from such seed develops to perfection and the seed harvested from such a plant must be a money maker; experience proves the statement to be correct. Per ½ pound, \$10.00; ounce, \$4.00; packet, 20c., postage included.

From ERNEST WINTYD, Pueblo, Colo.—The high merits of Landreths' Snowball Cauliflower place it at the top whether it be for shipment or for home consumption.

From PHILIP SCHNEIDER, Garden City, N. Y.—Landreths' Snowball Cauliflower is the equal of any I have ever seen, equal in earliness, size, and shipping qualities. Nothing can be more satisfactory in every particular.

Veitch's Autumn Giant, 130 days.—Very vigorous, long-stalked, large foliage..... 10



Celery Trials.—82 samples of the most highly advertised sorts by various seed establishments.

#### THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Landreths'

Green

Winter

## Celery

Three Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Maturing in 130 to 150 Days, According to Season.

Sow when the Apple is in bloom, on a finely raked bed, in a moist place or convenient to water, which apply freely in dry weather. The seed should not be covered more than a tenth of an inch.

Celeriac Giant Prague, 120 days.—Very large, round, without rootlets. Similar Lb. 1 1/4 Lb. Pkt to a Turnip in shape......\$3.80 1.00 5 Celeriac or Turnip Rooted.—Forming under ground a large bulb, like a Turnip....... 3.80 1.00 10

Easy Blanching.—Vigorous, plants medium size, thick, brittle, tender stalks of an aromatic flavor, foliage very crumpled, requiring so little attention that the

novice can be assured of a crop equal to that of other sorts obtained only after much labor. A novelty of merit....

1.2510 10 5

Flavoring.—The Seed alone is used in this case. Giant Pascal, 140 days.—A mammoth, silver-white stalked variety of French origin, growing in favor because of its productiveness and consequent profitableness.

Lb. ½ Lb. \$3.00 25

Golden Heart.—A white stalked variety with a golden center.

Lb.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Pkt. \$3.00 90

Golden Self-Blanching American-**Grown.**—Almost as good as the

imported, but not in all cases so reliable as to purity. Of a more vigorous and stronger habit of growth than that from French seed.

1 Lb. Oz. Lb. \$8.50 10

Landreths' Green Winter, 145 days.—Large,

solid, exceedingly thick stems. Where a green-leaved, double extra mammoth white-stalked plant of Celery is desired, the Landreths' Green Winter is unquestionably the best sort, because it is unusually tall and large in every particular, especially thick in stalk, which is meaty and brittle and of choice flavor, besides it is a very hardy sort, succeeding under conditions where other Celeries fail, as it is a strong rooter, hunting its food throughout a large space of soil. It keeps well and consequently is especially reliable, undoubtedly very unusually reliable. We ask you to try it, knowing you will not be disappointed.

Oz. Pkt. Lb. 1 Lb. \$12.00 \$3.50 \$1.00 10

For Express charges paid by customer, or small seeds Postage paid by us, see page 3.

#### CELERY—Continued

Paris Golden-Yellow or Golden Self-

Blanching (French Seed), 110 days.

—A solid, golden variety, very showy and rich.
Very easily blanched, as it naturally takes on a very attractive golden color, which is intensified by earth-

ing up. Unexcelled.

Among the many hundreds of seedsmen in the United States selling seed of so-called Paris Golden Celery there can certainly be picked out twenty absolutely distinct strains or breeds, varying from the best to the worst, these being mixed with varia-tions of green or mixed with hollow-stalked or mixed with plants of weak habit, such as will not be found profitable.

Don't purchase seed of doubtful quality. We have regular customers of the Landreth strain of Paris Golden who could not be induced to change the breed of plants by any argument or lower price—they cannot afford to make any experiments. Beware of cheap seed just as you would of cheap diamonds or

gold bricks.

Lb. ¼ Lb. Pkt. \$18.00 \$5.00 \$1.50

From D. M. DOWDELL.—Thirty-four (34) acres Paris Golden-Yellow Self-Blanching Celery, grown on my farms at Wimauma, Fla., season 1912-13, from Seed purchased from D. Landreth Seed Company produced a crop aggregating 20,187 crates, packed in what are known as ten (10) inch crates and marketed by Chase & Company, brought \$29,129.82, F. O. B. cars at Wimauma, Fla.

m SCALLY & KNIGHT, Parrish, Fla.—Your strain of French Grown Golden-Yellow Celery during the past two years has been exceptionally fine, and you can claim anything you mind for it. It has QUALITY first, last and at all times.



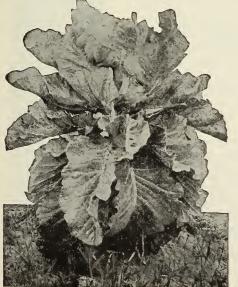
THESE PRICES

INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Paris Golden-Yellow or Golden Self-Blanching

Pink Plume, 110 days.—The same good quality as White Plume, the stalk beauti-Lb. fully tinged with pink. Very ornamental and very toothsome........\$4.00 1.25

White Plume, 100 days.—Self-blanching to a great extent.



Georgia Collards

Consequently among the earliest ready for table. ō Very desirable...... 4.00 1.25

## Chicory or Succory

Witloof or Brussels Chicory.—The leaf stems tightly folded against each other, the heart bleached like Celery. Very popular in Europe.

Lb. ½ Lb.

Crop failed.

Pkt.

## Collards

One Ounce of Seed to 100 Yards of Row.

A loose-leaved plant of the Cabbage family. A hardy and excellent vegetable for Winter use.

Georgia or Southern.—Cabbage greens. The leaves can be blanched white as Celery by enveloping each plant for a period of four weeks with a large paper or muslin bag. 70 days.

Lb. ½ Lb. \$1.30 40

WE DO NOT PAY POSTAGE ON CORN.

## Corn

SOLD BY MEASURE. NOT BY WEIGHT.

One Quart of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Eight Quarts to the Acre. 120 to 140 Days from Planting to Cutting.

Postage on Corn averages about 12 cents a quart. See zone rates. See illustration, inside cover.

## Sugar Corn

Sugar Corn	
Ears, 4 to 5 Cents Each.	Ot 16 Pt
Black Mexican.—A very early Corn, very sugary, black or purple grain	Qt. ½ Pt. 50 10
Bloomsdale Sugar, 60 days.—An early sort introduced in 1891, but still superior to many of the first early varieties found in the catalogues\$3.50 1.80	50 10
Country Gentleman, 70 days.—A short-stalked, productive sort, frequently producing 3 ears to the plant. Ears large for so small a stalk; grain narrow and very deep, after form of shoe-peg	89 15
Extra Early Beverly.—Not a true Sugar Corn, but very early. Cultivated for the table	40 10
Extra Early Crosby Sugar, 65 days.—One of the most reliable sorts for early garden; recommended as an opener of the season 3.50 1.80	50 15
Evergreen Sugar (Stowell's), 80 Days.—The most popular among the late Sugar Corns. More bushels are used than all other sorts combined. Large, tender, very deep, milk-white grains	60 15
Golden Bantam, 70 days.—Dwarf, four and one-half feet high; early; so very hardy that it can be planted earlier in the Spring and in colder and damper soil than other varieties of Table Corn; exceedingly sweet, very productive, consequently a great favorite. When ready for table use it is	
a creamy-yellow. Growing in great demand	80 15
Howling Mob.—Five Days later than Corey. Large Ears, a favorite	80 15
Kendal's Giant, 60 days.—A large development of the White Corey type. Very early for its size. An ac-	
quisition	80 15
Landreths' Earliest Table, 60 days.—  In describing this Corn it may be stated to be 4 to 4½ feet high, producing its ears within a foot of the ground, as in the illustration, and ripening for table in 55 to 60 days from germination of the seed. It is truly a valuable table variety, not a Sugar Corn, but a sweet Table Corn of rare excellence, more sturdy by far than any other very early Corn of its size, and several days earlier than any other early sort which is dependable as a producer of quantity 3.80 2.00	50 10
Landreths' Sugar, 70 days.—Many other Sugar varieties are earlier than this, but we believe it is the best all-round Corn and the most desirable as a main crop in the family garden. Planters will find it remarkably satisfactory and actonishingly pro-	

Landreths' Earliest Table

it remarkably satisfactory and astonishingly productive, two ears on every stalk, often three and sometimes four. Stalks one foot shorter than the sometimes four. Stakes one foot shorter than the Evergreen and very close-jointed and sturdy, never blowing over. The ears set low, large and well filled. The grain is narrow and deep, somewhat similar in shape to Evergreen, but smaller. The ear remains long in edible condition, which is a very great advantage. Ear considerably longer than Colden Bantan unusually well filled with milks. Golden Bantam, unusually well filled with milk-3.50 1.80 white grains, very sugary

50

10

SOLD BY MEASURE, NOT BY WEIGHT.

#### SUGAR CORN—Continued

WE DO NOT PAY POSTAGE ON CORN.

Landreths' Money Maker, 70 days.— Seventy days from germination of the seed. Two days earlier than Country Gentleman. Grain set close on the ear, averaging ten to twelve rows to the ear. Cobs long and thin as a man's finger, that is less than half the diameter of cobs of other sorts of Sugar Corn.

Produces never less than two attractive ears to the stalk, generally three, sometimes four, and therefore well named "Money Maker." See the

illustration of appearance of stalks.

The stalks are unusually thick, stocky and very stiff, consequently are never blown over by heavy winds. The plant is strong in foliage, very close jointed, and rises to a height of 6 to  $6\frac{1}{2}$  feet.

The edible grain remains in milky condition longer than any other known variety and is so exceedingly sugary as to be far sweeter to the taste than any other sort of Sugar Corn. Nothing equal to it for sweetness and delicious quality has ever been served on our own tables.

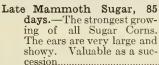
No sort under any other name is its equal—this is positively correct. Don't let this escape your notice.

Zone mail rates from 4 cents to 12 cents per pound.

A quart of Sugar Corn weighs about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  pounds.

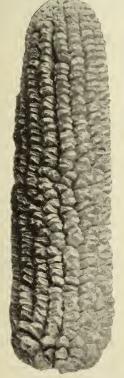
24 Pk Qt...

250 2.75 80 \$4.50





Landreths' Money Maker Peck 1/2 Pk. Qt. 1/3 Pt. \$2 75 1 50 40 10

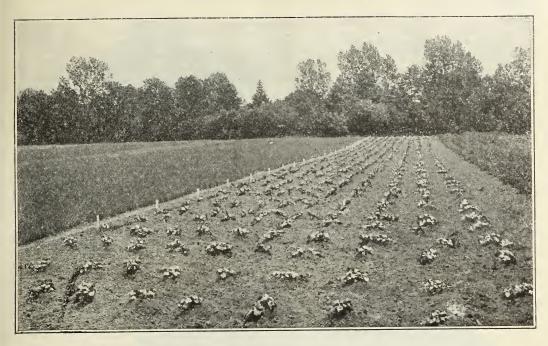


Narrow-grained Evergreen

cession	\$2.75	1.50	40	10
Long Narrow-grained Evergreen.—This is a selection from the ordinary Stowell's Evergreen Sugar Corn, but one in which the grains are narrower, longer, or deeper, semi-translucent, and generally in straight rows. They are tight together when the grain is in edible condition, but become loose from one another when it becomes dry. The sort is exceedingly sugary, as indicated by the shrunken character and lighter weight than that of ordinary Evergreen.	4.50	2.75	80	15
Metropolitan.—Coming in with the White Corey	3.00	1.60	50	10
Minnesota Sugar, Extra Early, 60 days.  —Among the Extra Early Sugar Corns, coming into condition two or three days subsequent to the Corey. Ears well made out	3.00	1.60	50	10
New Champion.—Medium. Bright showy, pure white			50	10
Premo.—One of the very early varieties, three feet high	3.00	1.60	50	10
White Corey.—Stalks four to four and one-half feet high. A valuable sort, quite robust for a short-stalked and exceptionally early sort. Ears of a good length, that is from six to seven inches; grains large, sweet	3.00	1.60	50	10
White Evergreen Sugar, 75 days.—Slimmer and shorter stalks than the Stowell's Evergreen; broad, vigorous, deep green foliage without any red color			80	15
Zigzag Evergreen, 78 days.—An early variety bearing exceedingly long ears. Stalk short and slender. Early in maturity for so large an ear	4.50	2.75	80	15

WE DO NOT PAY Canada Cardon Corn S	OLD BY M	EASU	JRE.
POSTAGE ON CORN. SWEEL GUILLER COIN	NOT BY		
NOT TRUE SUGAR	Peck. ½ Pk	Ωŧ	¼ Pt
Adams Early, 68 days.—In order of maturity after the Extra Early Adams	\$2.50 1.50	40	10
Early Landreth Market, 80 days.—Not a true Sugar Corn, but a hybrid or mixture between a Sugar Corn and the Adams Early, and cultivated on large areas by Market Gardeners. This variety will mature ears for market in about 80 days from germination. The stalk is quite leafy and grows to a height of 6 feet. A very profitable sort as a money maker. Plant in rows at 4 feet and thin to one foot.		40	10
Field Corn-Fourteen Sorts	S		
Early Bristol, 100 days.—From germination to entire hardening 100 days. A		½ Pk.	Qt.
light yellow or lemon. Ears long and slim; very productive. Fine quality	\$4.50 1.25	75	25
Golden Beauty, 120 days.—Productive of immense crops of large ears, golden grain. The handsomest of all. 100 bushels of shelled corn to the acre very usual	4.75 1.40	80	25
Golden Dent (showy), 110 days.—Named from the bright color of the indented grain; a prolific variety. Very showy and weighty	4.50 1.25	75	25
Leaming, 110 days.—A productive and early producer of moderate-sized ears.  Will thrive on thinner soil than either the Beauty or Golden Dent	4.50 1.25	75	25
Old Cabin Home, 130 days.—A thick-eared Southern type of white Corn, with enormously deep and broad grain and extraordinarily slim cob	4.75 1.40	80	25
Pennsylvania Early Dent.—A Large ear of lemon color grain		75	25
Pennsylvania Long Yellow Flint.—A long slim ear producing large yellow grains very early and productive	4.50 1.25	75	25
Pop Corn, Plain White.—Smooth and round grained. A hardier sort than the White Rice			25
Pop Corn, White Rice.—A sort with pointed grain. A popular variety Per 100 lbs. Sanfords' White.—A long ear of white flint grain			25 25
Snowflake, 120 days.—A pure white with dented crown; makes very white meal.  Fine for ensilage. Very popular in the Cotton States	ч	75	25
Southern White Gourd Seed, 120 days.—A very showy variety; large grain and snowy-white. Admirable for meal. Only offered for Southern culture		75	25
Truckers' Favorite.—Not a sugar, but a productive Market Variety	. No crop.		
White Dent, 120 days.—Large grain with indented crown, pure white interior strong grower and productive	4.50 1.25	75	25
THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE. Corn Salad			
Eight Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row.			
Broad-Leaved (Large Seeded).—Used as a small Salad throughout the Winter and Spring. Sow thickly in drills, cover slightly first of Autumn. Height 4 inches.	Crop failed	Oz. . 25	Pkt. 10
Cress			
This is used as a Salad. It should be sown at close of Winter broadcast, or in ro	ws at 10 inch Lb. ¼ Lb.		Pkt.
Curled or Pepper Grass.—Used for flavoring and as a Salad. 20 days	Crop failed	•	_
Water.—A favorite dressing for dishes and a desirable form of Greens		15	10

#### CUCUMBER TRIAL GROUNDS



Trial Grounds.—Tests of White Spine Cucumber, distinct samples purchased from ten seed merchants, all claiming to sell better strains than their neighbors. Two rows or fifty plants to each sample—the tests later on showing many inconsistencies or variations in merit. We know something about the merits of different brands of White Spines.

## Cucumber

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Four Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Four Pounds to the Acre. Period of Maturity 40 to 60 Days from Sowing, According to Variety and Season of the Year. A good crop cannot be grown on thin soil.

For early use plant in hills 4 x 4 feet, on a warm border, when the Cherry is in bloom, and for a succession sow in drills at 5 feet when the Apple is in bloom. For pickles plnt middle of Summer.

	Lb.	¼ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
Bloomsdale Perfection.—A long, slim type, green fruit. White Spine tip	\$1.25	40	15	5
Boston Pickling.—A little later than the Chicago Pickling	1.10	30	10	5
Chicago Pickling, 55 days.—Vine vigorous, foliage broad, rounded form, choice green color, with smooth skin and few spines—a reliable sort for bottling				
green color, with smooth skin and few spines—a reliable sort for bottling	1.10	30	10	5
Davis Perfect.—Long, deep green colored fruit, very productive	1.25	40	15	5
Early Cluster.—A very prolific sort.	1.10	30	10	5
Early Fortune, White Spine.—An early, long, slim, well shaped White Spine, of				
deep green color; retains its color for a length of time, very productive. The				
quality sold by Landreths is not surpassed by any Cucumber under this name.	1 05	40		_
Of celebrity as a shipper. Very choice fruit, healthy vine	1.25	40	15	5
Early Frame.—A leading variety, as it is among the best. A vigorous and produc-	1 10	30	10	õ
tive vine, green all over, crisp and tender.	1.10	30	10	J
Gherkin.—Burr, or West India Round Prickly Cucumber; used for pickles only. Seeds of the Burr variety require soaking before planting, as they sprout slowly.	1 50	40	15	5
	1.00	10	10	
Jersey Pickle, 60 days.—A black-spined, productive sort, having a reputation of greening better than any other varieties and of holding color. Early Spring				
sowings will develop fruit of pickling size, 2 to 3 inches long, in 60 days	1.10	30	10	5

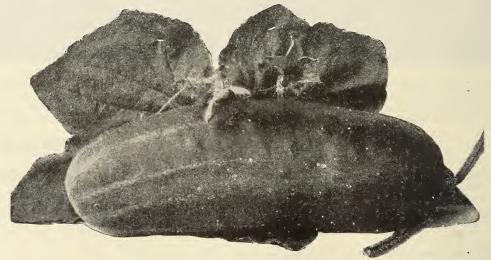
THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

#### **CUCUMBER**—Continued

From W. H. MARSHALL, Ft. Lauderdale, Fla.—The Landreths' Extraordinary White Spine Cucumber Seed which the writer bought of you for market gardening has proved to be the best seller that I offered to the trade this season. Often in the purchasing of other stock, I have found it necessary to offer from ten to twenty-five per cent. less than for this variety. I am to-day placing an order with you for next season's planting, and am sure that quality will be a winner again, as it was this time.

From J. E. COOPER, Winter Garden, Fla.—In reply to your letter of recent date about Landreths' Extraordinary White Spine Cucumber, I can say that your Cucumber gave better results than other kinds I have planted. It was a fine color, perfect shape, and the yield was better than any other. Was well pleased with them. You can use my testimonial if it is of any use to you.

From H. L. DUNNEMAN, Charleston, S. C.—Landreths' Extraordinary White Spine Cucumber is as good this season or better than ever. My neighbors say that it is as good as they have ever seen. This Cucumber has a fine color and setting fruit at every joint. I want the same seed for next season's planting. Order for 25 pounds placed with your representative to-day.

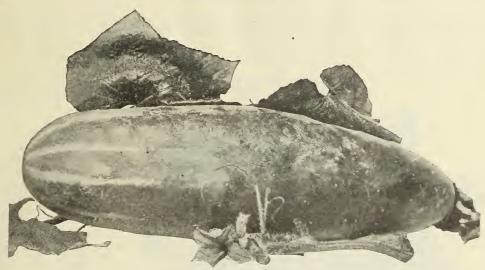


Landreths' Extraordinary White Spine—A strain of White Spine which has gained great renown among both Truck and Market Gardeners

Landreths' Unexcelled, White Spine.—A very early, deep-green, long or slim fruit, borne most abundantly and continuously. It is exceedingly well adapted for shipping to long distances, as it always turns out at destination in most excellent condition. On one side it is a cross-breed with Long Green Turkey and continues to show the most excellent shape of that				
variety, but the influence of its White Spine parent is so marked that it is at once recognized as a White Spine of rare excellence	1.40	49	15	10
London Long Green.—Vines vigorous, productive, more productive than Turkey Long Green; valuable for salting	1.40	<b>4</b> 0	15	5
Short Green Prolific Pickle, 50 days.—A short-vined, productive variety, producing fruit suitable for pickling in fifty days from planting. An abundant bearer, highly commended for pickles, for which it is used by many of the most famous pickling establishments. Vine very short, admitting of planting in rows as close as $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet.				
most famous pickling establishments. Vine very short, admitting of planting in rows as close as $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet	1.10	30	10	5

#### CUCUMBER—Continued

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.



Landreths' Unexcelled White Spine

Snow's Prolific Pickle, 52 days.—In appearance of fruit a variation of the Lb. ¼ Lb. Oz. Pkt.

"Short Prolific Pickle," but considerably longer in vine than the "Short Prolific," which was given its name because of its exceedingly short vine. The fruit of the "Snow's Prolific" is more uniformly even in diameter from end to end, small, early, dark green, and blunt ended. The "Snow's Prolific" has a reputation of being more productive than any of its class and in every way suitable for bottling, consequently used to a very large extent by the best pickle houses. It is really a famous variation. The seed of "Snow's Prolific Pickle" is to be had from the Landreths in perfection and in large quantity. \$1.10 30 15 5



Snow's Prolific Pickle

Spine, Extra Early Arlington White Spine Cucumber, 50				
days.—This develops for table earlier than the ordinary				
Arlington, being a selection of a deep green color, which color it retains during				
the days of transportation to market. Its earlier character makes it particu-				
larly desirable to Market Gardeners and equally desirable as a family garden				
sort. Fruit long, slim and attractive. Quite superior to the ordinary White Spine	1.10	30	10	5
Spine, Klondyke.—A long well formed variety. Hard to surpass	1.50	40	10	ō
Turkey Long Green, 80 days to reach edible size.—Not so abundant a bearer, but recommended to all who put up their own pickles; fruit LONG and SLIM		ailed.		

### Dandelion

Cabbaging, 50 days.—An improved type of an old-fashion plant rapidly growing Lb. 1/4 Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
into favor as an early Salad. Sow and cultivate same as Lettuce. Tie up the same as Cos Lettuce or shelter from light by inverted pots or board covering Crop failed.		5
French Garden, 45 days.—A good sort, but not so strong in growth as the Cabbaging, not so erect, leaves broader, less curly and not so vivid a green Crop failed.		5

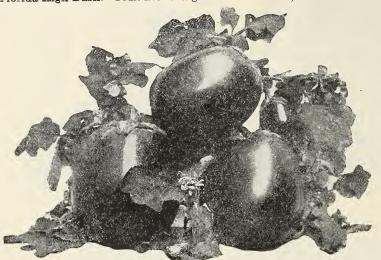
One Ounce of Seed to 100 Yards of Row.

## Egg-Plant

Matures for Table in 120 Days after Sprouting.

About 3000 plants are required to plant an acre. These plants should produce an average of 4 to 5 fruits, weighing 5 to 6 pounds each. Our selected seeds are always taken from fruit weighing 6 to 8 pounds each; we have had them of 12 pounds in weight.

Lb. ¼ Lb. Oz. Pkt. Florida High Bush.—Fruit not so large as the New York, but continuous bearer..\$5.50 1.50 40 10



Landreths' Large Round Purple

Landreth's Large Round Purple, 130 days. - The Landreth is decidedly the best selection of Egg-Plant, being productive and vigorous, the fruit often reaching a weight of twelve pounds. The fruit may be described as chunky, broad at bottom and flattened, diameter often nearly equal to the length. Color, when grown on soil of proper quality, a deep purple, often appearing almost black. has much to do with depth of color. Single bushes of this

New York Improved, 140 days.—Improved form of the old Large Round Purple. 5.75 1.70 45 10

### Endive

#### Two Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Three Pounds to the Acre.

Sow in the Spring as soon as the earth is free from frost, and repeat to within sixty days of Autumn frost. Drill in rows of 2 feet and thin the plants to 8 inches apart. Tie up the loose leaves or cover with pots to blanch for Salad. Valuable for Salads and highly decorative as a garnish to table vegetables. Rapidly growing in demand. The foliage can be cooked the same as Spinach and will be found delicious.

Escarolle Batavian or Broad Leaved, 45 days.—Foliage broad and flat.	Choice Lb. 3	4 Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
Salad. Stands dry weather better than other sorts of Endive	\$1.50	45	15	5
Giant Green Fringed.—Very often called Green Curled, Ruffick and Oyster.				5
Large Green Curled or RUFFICK, or OYSTER, 45 days.—A desirable	e Salad			
when blanched. Popular as a garnish	1.59	45	15	5
White Curled.—A variety of white tint. Less astringent than the Green	. Used			
for decoration. Valuable for boiling	1.50	45	15	5

## Grass Seed

See List of Varieties named in this Catalogue, page 82.

Landreths' Lawn Grass is Unexcelled

## Lawn Grass (see List of Varieties in this Catalogue on pages 83 and 84.

A Green Sod.—A quick green covering on bare earth can be obtained in two weeks after sowing White Clover—not as good a sod as from choice Lawn Grass, but such as it is obtained in quarter the time. Therefore, when an immediate effect is desired, use White Clover. One-quarter pound of White Clover will sow a space 20 x 20 feet, or 400 square feet. Price, 60c. per pound, postpaid.

The Grass Seed Mixture "Landreths' Never Die," sold, postage paid at 40c. per pound, is fully described on pages 83 and 84.

### Horse-Radish

This plant, seldom producing seed, is propagated from sets cut from old roots, and in market-garden culture nearly always planted as a succession to a Spring crop, which by time of removal leaves the Horse-Radish well established. The sets are planted in rows of about 2 feet by 18 inches, frequently among Spring Cabbage. Holes are made with a long planting-stick, into which are dropped the Horse-Radish sets to a depth that the crown will be 3 inches under the surface. It will only succeed in highly fertilized land, and each year should be planted afresh. In garden culture the sets are sometimes planted in the upper end of round drain tiles sunk into the ground and filled with earth, the Radish root being thus directed straight downwards. Yield about 150 bushels to the acre. Does best on damp soil. By mail, postage paid, 25 cents per dozen. By Express, 100 for \$1.25: 1000 for \$5.00.

## Herbs—ALL AROMATIC

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

These impart a strong, spicy taste and odor, and are used in various culinary operations. Those marked with an  $\bigstar$  are perennial, and when once obtained may be preserved for years. Of such sow the seed very carefully in seed-beds about the middle of Spring, and in the ensuing Autumn or Spring transplant them to convenient situations. The others are annuals, or such as come to perfection the first year and die. The seed of these may be sown carefully in shallow drills, middle of Spring, and when the plants are up a few inches thin them to proper distances. To preserve for use, dry thoroughly, rub the foliage almost to powder and put in jars or bottles and cork tightly.

Anise.—White flower. Cultivated for perfume. Seeds used as a condiment and in Lb. 44 the manufacture of liqueurs, also in flavoring bread. 18 inches	Lb.	Oz. 20	Pkt.
Borage.—Used for flavoring		20	5
Caraway.—Lace-like foliage. Seeds used for flavoring bread, cheese, pastry and 18 inches.		20	5
Chervil.—Young shoots are eaten. Leaves are used in salad for garnishing and as flavoring. 18 inches		20	5
Coriander.—Seeds used for flavoring liqueurs. 24 inches		20	5
Dill.—The seeds used in flavoring preserves, also for pickling. Plant small, feathery; flowers like a mixture of Fennel and Mint. 12 inches		20	5
Fennel Florence.—Thick set. Tall. Leaves large and finely cut, the plant almost forming a head with a wide, straight interior. 24 inches		70	10
Fennel, French.—Used for flavoring.		30	5
Lavender.—Used for scenting clothing		30	5
★Sage.—Broad leaves, gray in color, strong grower; used for seasoning. 12 inches		30	5
Summer Savory.—Used for flavoring		30	5
Sweet Basil.—Tall, light green. Very aromatic. Used for seasoning. 18 inches		30	5
★Sweet Marjoram.—Small foliage, mouse-eared. Shoots used for seasoning.		30	5
★Thyme, English.—Leaves much larger than the French. Used for seasoning		60	10
★Thyme, French.—Used for seasoning. Small wiry foliage. 8 inches		60	10

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

### Five Kales

One Ounce of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Four Pounds to the Acre. Fifty Days to Produce a Crop Suitable for Cutting.

Hardy greens for cutting. Curly, loose-leaved plants of the Cabbage family, of hardy character and succeeding on almost any soil. Sow in early Spring when the Oak is in full leaf and again in early Autumn. Drill in rows of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet and thin to 8 to 10 inches, according to vigor of variety.

Bloomsdale Kale, 50 days. - Similar, but far better than Dwarf Curled Scotch, because very curly, broader spreading and far denser in foliage, darker in color, so short in stem as to rest directly on the ground. Plants broader than a bushel basket and seeming to hug the earth. More hardy than Dwarf Curled Scotch, passing unharmed through the severest winter as far north as Philadelphia. 9 inches high. Why continue to sow or grow the Yellow Green Curled Scotch Kale or the Blue Green Flat-leaved Dwarf German Kale, often termed Philadelphia Kale, when the so superior Bloomsdale Kale can be grown at no greater expense? The Bloomsdale is not a sickly yellowish green as is the Scotch Kale, but a bluish green. The Bloomsdale Kale is more hardy than the Scotch Kale, retaining its good color after cutting and throughout days of transportation, bringing more money when put upon the market because it is more attractive and appears to be fresher all the time because

Oz. 1/4 Lb. Pkt. 70 20

5

5

Dwarf Curled Scotch, 55 days.—A favorite sort. Foliage 70 20

Philadelphia Dwarf German Greens or Siberian, 60 days.—Leaves curled on edges; hardy, standing the most rigorous winters. Blue leaved, or slate color. Sow in Autumn for "sprouts" or "greens." Height 4 to 6 inches. Crop short. 2.00 5 5 5

Spring Kale.—Sow four or five seeds to the inch in the open garden very early.... 10

## Kohl-Rabi

#### One Ounce of Seed to 100 Yards of Row.

This plant, used both for table and for cattle feeding, is a Cabbage in which the cultural development has been directed to the stalk, not to the leaf. The enlarged stalks, taking the globular form of Turnips, are more hardy and nutritious than Turnips. They are in season during June, July and August, or at periods when Turnips are not good. Try them when the balls are no larger than a silver dollar. They will be found very choice and a rarity of merit.

1/4 Lb. Oz. Pkt. 20 **Large White.**—A field variety for cattle, three times as large as the table sort...........\$2.50 70 5 Purple Vienna, 60 days.—The bulb of this variety is purple. In maturity it 40 10 White Vienna, 60 days.—Very choice stock. Short-leaved, bulb light green, very rapid in growth, early in maturity, fine in texture and symmetrical in form....... 4.00 1.25 10

### Leek

#### Two Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Four Pounds to the Acre. Ninety Days from Germination to Edible Condition.

Sow when the Apple is in bloom and again in Midsummer. If for permanent position, sow in rows of 2 feet; if for transplanting, sow in close beds. To secure a full development, thin out the rows or plant the seedlings at 3 inches apart in the row. Upon the approach of hard frost take up the plants and preserve in trenches the same as Celery. Yield from about 100 to 150 bushels to the acre. Lb. ¼ Lb. Oz. Pkt.

Carentan, 80 days.—Very superior, large rooted, broad leaved. Very hardy........\$4.00 1.25 Large London or Flag, 90 days.—Scotch or Broad Flag—an old standard variety

5 Musselburgh, 80 days.—A remarkably large and showy variety. Very popular... 4.00 1.25 40 5

Rouen, 90 days.—Thick, short stem with numerous fan-shaped leaves. Long 5

## Lettuce

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Two Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Three Pounds to the Acre. Forty to Fifty Days from Seeding to Maturity.

To have fine Lettuce in early Spring, sow in seed-bed from commencement to middle of Autumn. During Winter protect the plants by a box covered with window sash or with litter. Early in the Spring transplant some into rich ground. The others force under the sash. Or in early Spring sow in a hot-bed and transplant, but Autumn-sown plants are best. For a later supply, sow in drills when the Cherry is in bloom; when up a few inches, thin out, leaving plants at proper distances; this is a better plan than transplanting late in the season. For this purpose use Select Big Boston, Landreths' Forcing, Virginia Solid Header and varieties, selected as standard sorts by reason of their ability to resist heat and the longer time they are in condition for the table than some other kinds which shoot to seed as soon as the head is formed.

	Lb.	1/4 Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
American Gathering.—Loose leaved, bronzed curled	\$1.50	50	15	5
Black-Seeded Simpson, 40 days.—A cutting variety of unusual merit; not so golden as Silesian, but of greater popularity	1.50	50	15	5
Bronzed Curled.—A half Cabbaging variety of bronze-edged leaves and superior to either Prize Head or American Gathering	1.50	50	15	5
Brown Dutch.—A bronzed Cabbage head	1.50	50	15	5
Golden Curled.—A golden-leaved sort, producing a half head of rare excellence; leaves much fluted on the edges; very showy and a most admirable cutting sort		50	15	5
Grand Rapids.—A loose-leaved, vigorous grower, resembling Landreths' Golden Curled. Very popular for forcing under glass		50	15	5
Landreths' Earliest Cutting, 38 Days. — The earliest	,			
cutting Lettuce in the market. It may be planted close, as it does not head	1.50	50	15	5
Prize Head or Satisfaction A cutting variety of curly leaves, having bronze				
edges and general bronze effect	1.50	50	15	5
Silesian, Early Curled, 40 days.—A cutting variety; very early	1.50	59	15	5
Simpson, White Seed.—Loose leaved, golden curled. Popular, reliable, choice	1.50	50	15	5
Big Boston, 50 days.—Very popular as a reliable and uniform header. Leaves short and round-ended, slightly crumpled. Deep green with bronzed edges, all				
forming a compact head, making it a very desirable sort for forcing	1.60	50	15	5

Hanson.—Leaves curled and quite golden in color, folded so tightly as to make a perfectly white interior. A heat resisting variety.

Lb. \(\frac{1}{4}\) Lb. \(\text{Oz.}\) Pkt. \(\frac{1}{5}\) 1.50 \(\frac{5}{5}\)

Iceberg.—A sort of remarkably thick, strong yet marraw-like ribs, forming a completely protected interior.

Lb. \(\frac{1}{4}\) Lb. \(\text{Oz.}\) Pkt. \(\frac{1}{5}\) 65 \(\frac{5}{0}\) 15 \(\frac{5}{5}\)

### Landreths' Extra Select Big Boston, 50 days.—

Seed saved from a selection better than that producing the ordinary stock of seed. Heads very large, solid and uniform. Landreths' stock of Big Boston is of great superiority. It has a high reputation in the market-gardening sections of Texas and Florida.

Lb.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$2.50 70 20 10



Landreths' Extra Select Big Boston

### THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

#### LETTUCE—Continued

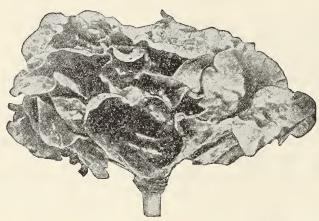
From R. O. PARKESON, Norfolk, Va.-Landreths' Big Boston is the best I ever grew.

From OWEN MARTINDALE, Wilmington, Del.—Five acres of Landreths' Big Boston Lettuce were perfect in every respect and sold in New York at the highest prices. Landreths' Seed are all good.

From J. L. BUTLER & SONS, Seabrook, S. C.—We used 50 pounds of your Lettuce Big Boston last season and found it to be of excellent quality. We will continue planting Landreths' Seeds as long as they prove as well as they have been in the past. Our neighbors who did not use Landreths' Seeds did not have as good crops as we did.

TESTIMONIAL.—The Landreths' stock is exceedingly pure and true to name. We have frequently seen in one field as much as 70 acres of Landreths' Extra Select Big Boston Lettuce and we frequently sell as much as 200 pounds to one purchaser, and at no small price, either, for big men cannot afford to run any risks.

From WILBOR CLOSE, Mission, Texas.—I bought 100 pounds of Landreths' Big Boston Lettuce Seed this past year, and it was far superior to four other lots which I bought from other seed



Landreths' Forcing-Particularly choice

and it was far superior to four other lots which I bought from other seed houses, none of them giving any satisfaction at all, two of them in no way resembling Boston Lettuce. Consequently with the Seed from these people I lost my time and money and that accounts for why I order this year four months ahead of time.

Landreths' Forcing, 35 days.—Small, crisp, compact heads of three inches in diameter before any other sort commences to head. Having very few

diameter before any other sort commences to head. Having very few outside leaves, it can be planted at less than half distance—more than twice as many to the space as of larger sorts. A valuable sort to the forcing house gardener or to the cottager using hot-beds or cold frame, because so many plants can be set on a limited space.

Lb. \(\frac{1}{4}\) Lb. Oz. Pkt. \(\frac{1}{2}.50\) 70 25 10



Landreths' Virginia Solid Header

May King

Landreths' Virginia Solid Header, 42 days.—Six weeks Lb.	⅓ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
Landreins virginia Solid Header, 12 days. Dix weeks			
from the sowing of the seed to the formation of a close head of unexcened attractiveness and quality, making this variety superior to nine out of ten sorts. \$2.25			
May King, 40 days.—One of the earliest varieties to produce perfectly round Cabbage-shaped heads, a uniform header and an all-header	59	20	5
New York Green or Wonderful or Los Angeles.—A large, late variety dark green. 2.25	70	20	5

#### LETTUCE—Continued

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Salamander Perfected, 50 days.

—A large sized, compact head. The sun cannot be too hot for the Salamander. It forms a large light green head with white heart. Slow to run to seed. Very tender and crisp, altogether most satisfactory.

Lb.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
\$1.50	<b>5</b> 0	15	5

Speckled Dutch Butterhead, 50 days.—A long-standing white Cabbage variety, forming quite compact heads, the leaves possessing the peculiarity of being irregularly dotted with spots resembling iron rust.

Lb.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
\$1.60	50	15	5

**Trocodero.**—A tight head sort, choice. Very similar to Big Boston but less bronze.

Lb.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
\$1.70	50	15	5



Salamander Perfected-Choice

### Cos Lettuce

Landreths' Romain, Green Leaved, 50 days.—Americans

familiar with European travel have been delighted with the long, shell-shaped, narrow-leaved Lettuce served everywhere and termed Romain at the hotels; but upon their return home they have not found the Romain in the American markets. Yet if they have home gardens they can grow it themselves to as perfect a condition as observed abroad.

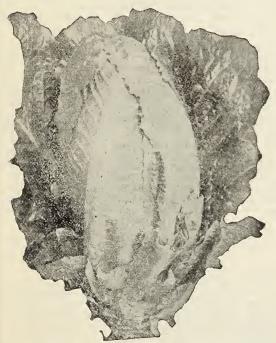
Lb.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$1.75 50 20 10

Landreths' White Cos, 50 days.

—This variety, maturing for table in seven weeks from germination, should be found in account reget table garden as it is not then

weeks from germination, should be found in every vegetable garden, as it is a thoroughly reliable Lettuce. A strong grower and very productive, with long, shell-shaped leaves of most excellent quality. It is a self-folder, but when the plant is over half-grown it is best tied up with a soft string or a wisp of grass, that the inner leaves may be blanched perfectly white, in which condition they are more crisp and decidedly more palatable than varieties of a Cabbage-heading habit. It is a mystery why it does not displace them, especially as a given amount of ground will produce more than twice the amount of edible leaves that can possibly be obtained from any round-head variety.

Lb. \(\frac{1}{4}\) Lb. \(\frac{1}{2}\) Lb. \(\frac{1}{2}\) Lb. \(\frac{1}{2}\) 10



Landreths' White Cos—Interior of head absolutely white and crist

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

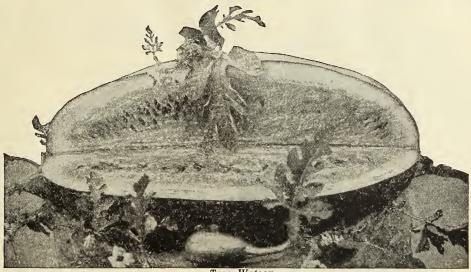
## Watermelon

Three Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Four Pounds to the Acre.

When the Black Walnut is in one-inch leaf, plant Melons.  Watermelons do well upon sod ground or upon land prepared for their reception of Winter Wheat or Winter Rye, the sod or grain aerating or keeping loose the sis in bloom the seed is planted in hills at 10 feet apart in each direction. Two is rotted stable manure dug and trampled into each hill and covered with earth.  The cultivator should be prepared with quite 4 pounds of seed to the acre, that for replanting in case of destruction of his plants by insect depredations or beating. One vine alone to the hill should be allowed to attain perfection. With 450 should be 900 first-class Melons.  Much of the Melon seed offered throughout the country is the product of in Melons remaining in the field after all the choice fruit has been selected. Landreths'	oil. Warge she he may rains. hills to mature is from	then the attempt the attempt the and mature	he Wals of ls of e a resucre, deformed Me	alnut well- serve there rmed elons.
Alabama Sweet, 90 days.—An early and oval Melon;	LD. →	4 LD.	Oz.	Pkt.
light green rind, thin but tough. Good flavor. Excellent sort		25	10	5
superior to Landreths'	\$1.00	35	10	5
long, color dark, with darker wavy bands, flesh melting and of excellent flavor  Dark Green or Round Dard Rind Icing, 75 days.—Shape, size and flavor same	75	25	10	5
as Light Icing, but dark-skinned, almost solid black	80	25	10	5
Excel.—Fruit long and of mammoth size. Skin a solid green. Rind thick and tough. Meat blood-red. Contains less seed than usual. A good-shaped Melon bearing transportation well, even from Florida to Canada.		35	10	10
Florida Favorite, 90 days.—Early, medium size, oblong, green with dark stripes, solid, very red, purple tint and productive	75	25	10	5
Halbert's Honey, 80 days.—Equal to the Kleckley Sweet, of 20 inches oblong form, almost equally round at each end. Rind dark green.	90	30	10	5
Indian Chief. 80 days.—Of great celebrity in some locali-				
ties, as in Virginia and Delaware. Fruit long and dark skinned, vine healthy, flesh deep red without core. A very salable sort		45	15	10
Indiana Sweetheart, 90 days.—Resembling a Large Round Icing, but heavier and paler in color, good bearer and a reliable shipper	75	25	10	5
Kleckley Sweet, 80 Days.—Fruit oblong and of about 20 inches in length. Rind thin. Early to ripen, flesh scarlet, sugary and crisp. Seeds white. This Melon is not so well adapted for shipping as for home consumption, being tender, but of excellent flavor and texture		30	10	5
Landreths' Arkansas Traveler, 75 days.—A medium-long and for its size a very weighty Melon, averaging 40 pounds. Long, dark green, with waving stripes of black. Interior of fruit always solid,				
the edible portion extending to within half an inch of the skin. The flesh a brilliant red, sweet, tender, crystalline, very juicy and altogether at once impressing one as a superior variety. It is intermediate in ripening. Has a very hard rind and therefore is a good shipper	1.00	35	10	10
Landreths' Boss, 80 to 90 days.—Success with the Boss is only met with when the soil is strong and rich, both naturally and artificially, and it requires a space of 9 x 9 or 9 x 10 feet to the hill. Melons weigh from 30 to 40 pounds	1.00	35	10	10
Landreths' Long Light Icing, 80 days.—A good cropper,				
heavy, attractive and very desirable in quality; undoubtedly one of the best.  Flavor very superior. Skin light green; flesh crystalline. One of the best  Light Green or Round Light Icing, 75 days.—One of the best of all Melons;	1.00	35	10	10
Preserving Melon, Red Seed, 90 days.—A round, light and dark-striped Melon,	95	25	10	5
meat greenish-white, used for <i>preserving only</i> ; seeds red and small. Tough	90	30	10	5
Rattlesnake.—Large, long-fruited, curiously mottled.	85	25	10	5

#### WATERMELON—Continued

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.



Tom Watson

More tracery Lb. 1/4 Lb. Oz. Tom Watson, 85 days.—Long, dark green. Pkr. on skin than Kleckley Sweet and longer. Fine variety, creamy-brown seed, flesh deep red, finest flavor, no core. Often weighs from 50 to 60 pounds to the melon. Very popular. Healthy, very productive, an excellent seller and an A No. 1 shipper. The most popular shipping melon on the market.......\$1.00 5

## Cantaloupe or Musk Melon

Two Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Four Pounds to the Acre.

Cantaloupes, or Citron Melons, as they are termed in Jersey, do well upon sod ground or upon land prepared for planting by plowing down a crop of Winter Wheat or Winter Rye, the sod or grass aerating or keeping loose the soil. No plant is more influenced by the conditions of its growth.

The seed is planted at about Corn-seeding time, or when the Apple is in bloom, in hills about  $4\frac{1}{2}$  feet

in each direction, two shovelfuls of well-rotted stable manure being tramped into each hill and covered with are call direction, two shovenus of wen-rotted stable manure being tramped into each fill and covered with earth. The large, long Melons, like the Reedland Giant and Casaba, are generally sold by the hundred; Melons of the ordinary form and size are sold by the basket of one-half to five-eighths bushel capacity. Twenty-six hundred hills to the acre should produce 15,000 fruits. Cantaloupes and Cucumbers are often destroyed by lice on the vines. The remedy to meet such depredations is to spray the leaves with Bordeaux Mixture. Cantaloupe vines are often blighted by heavy early morning fogs, the leaves appearing afterward as if a flame of fire had passed over the field.

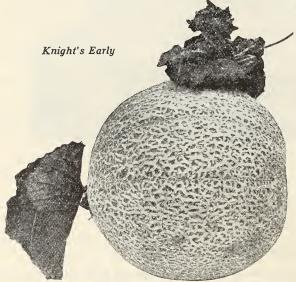
10 5

Anne Arundel (70 days from planting to ripening).—A thick, oval Melon much larger than Rocky Ford, ribs very distinct and netted all over. Flesh green and sugary. It is in all respects one of the best of Melons. Its entire webbing or netting fits it to resist abrasion during shipment. It always gives satisfaction on good ground.

Lb.	¹⁄₄ <b>L</b> b.	Oz.	Pkt.
\$1.15	35	10	5



THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE. CANTALOUPE—Continued				
INCHOPE I OBTACE.	Lb.	4 Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
Atlantic City Extra Early.—Baltimore Citron, fine flavored, productive	\$1.15	35	10	5
Banana.—Long like a banana, yellow fleshed	1.50	50	15	5
Eden Gem, 70 days.—It is a small-fruited selection out of the Rocky Fo	ved			
to be the best of the Rocky Ford types	1.75	60	20	10
Emerald Gem, 80 days.—A small, very early Melon; form globular, flattened				
the poles, ribbed, netted, orange flesh, deep emerald-green line under the sl	kin. 1.40	40	15	5
Extra Early Hackensack, 65 days.—Ten days earlier than the old Hackensack	s 1.20	40	15	5
Jenny Lind, Small, 58 days.—A very small early variety, flattened at the poles surpassing good quality, recommended for family garden, rather small market. The only variety which has retained its reputation for years	, of for			
market. The only variety which has retained its reputation for years	1.15	35	10	5



Knight's Early, 70 days.— Green-fleshed, by many considered su-

perior to Rocky Ford, rounder at the ends, sometimes a perfect globe, completely netted, small ribbed, a good shipper. Very healthy and productive. Quite distinct, very often completely round, like a big shaddock, and absolutely well netted all over, protecting it from injury in hand-

1 Lb. Lb. Pkt. \$1.80 50 10

Landreths' Extra Early, 63 days.—This, so far as we can

observe, is the first large Cantaloupe to ripen, being almost as early as the Jenny Lind, while twice its size. The form is half flat, fairly ribbed, green-fleshed. Its merit consists in its early ripening habit. The quality is not the best—not very sugarybut that can be waived, so long as it is decidedly earlier than any other large sort. Pkt.

1 Lb. Lb. Oz. \$1.00 35 10

best Melons for shipping; will carry 10 days. Twenty will generally fill a barrel. Lb., \$1.20 \(\frac{1}{4}\) Lb., 40 \(\text{Oz.} \) 15 \(\text{Pkt} \) 5

Montreal, 85 days.—A particularly showy Citron, average weight 10 pounds, going up to 20; 8 to 9 inches largest diameter. Well ribbed and netted. Flesh deep, sugary and green in color. Suitable for heavy soil.

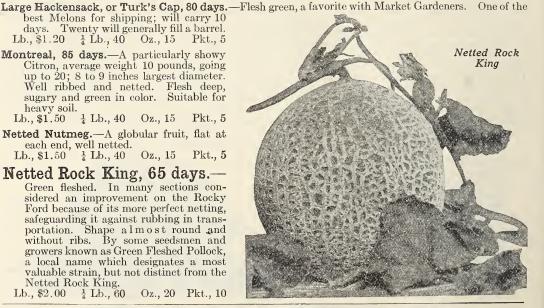
Lb., \$1.50 ½ Lb., 40 Oz., 15 Pkt., 5

Netted Nutmeg .- A globular fruit, flat at each end, well netted.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb., 40 Pkt., 5 Lb., \$1.50 Oz., 15

Netted Rock King, 65 days.—

Green fleshed. In many sections considered an improvement on the Rocky Ford because of its more perfect netting, safeguarding it against rubbing in transportation. Shape almost round and without ribs. By some seedsmen and growers known as Green Fleshed Pollock, a local name which designates a most valuable strain, but not distinct from the Netted Rock King.

Lb., \$2.00 ½ Lb., 60 Oz., 20 Pkt., 10



#### CANTALOUPE—Continued

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE

Osage, or Improved Miller's Cream, 75 days.—
Fruit medium sized, oval, slightly ribbed, dark green in color, covered more or less with shallow netting. The flesh is deep salmon color and very thick.

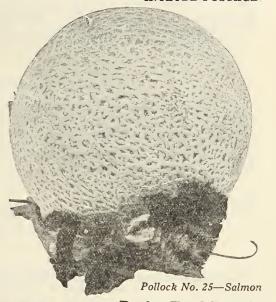
Lb.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
\$1.25	45	15	5

Paul Rose or Petoskey, 75 days.—Possessing characteristics of the Osage, form slightly oblong, distinctly ribbed, slightly netted.

Lb.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
\$1.25	45	15	5

Pollock No. 25, Salmon.—A very famous Cantaloupe of the Rocky Ford type, quite round, heavily netted, almost ribless, salmon-fleshed, and of most excellent flavor.

Lb.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
\$2.10	60	20	5



Landreths' Double Extra

Select Rocky Ford

Extra S
days.—

is saved of selected for perior to run. Flesh and of a d flavor. Mribbed and strain of Rocis better the we offer as Select. L.

Rocky Ford is the equal particulars, flavor, and returns of the other of such celetricts where Landreths' command pound when Rocky Ford at 50 cents.

Lb. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\frac{1}{

Rocky Ford Double Extra Select, 70 days — This seed

days .- This seed is saved out of handselected fruit and is superior to the ordinary run. Flesh light green and of a delicate, spicy flavor. Melon well ribbed and netted. No strain of Rocky Ford seed is better than this which we offer as Double Extra Select. Landreths Rocky Ford Cantaloupe is the equal of any in all particulars, appearance, flavor, and above all in returns of money from the other end. This is of such celebrity in districts where known that Landreths' Seed has commanded \$1.50 a pound when common Rocky Ford was selling at 50 cents.

Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$2.25 70 20 10

Rocky Ford, 70 days.—A
Cantaloupe of great celebrity grown at Rocky
Ford, Colo. Slightly
pointed at both ends.
Small in size, but of very
superior flavor.

Lb.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$1.00 30 10 5

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

### CANTALOUPE—Continued

Surprise, 80 days.—Very productive of medium-sized Lb. 1/4 Lb. Oz. fruit, nearly round, sometimes a little flat. Color of skin light creamy green, flesh yellow, little netting. Very sweet and fine flavor. \$1.25 15 5

## Mushroom Spawn

The culture of Mushrooms to the initiated is very easy, but it is a subject of much difficulty to the novice. We cannot attempt here to give at length the necessary directions, but refer the inquirer to some of the publications upon the subject.

Kept on sale in the form of bricks. Two bricks of spawn broken up into pieces an inch in size will spawn a surface a yard square. The spawn is planted in dark pits, caves, in outdoor hot-beds, or on banks of compost. Better-quality spawn cannot be bought than that we offer.

Brandywine, or American Made Spawn.—Very widely celebrated for its perfect germination and fine quality of buttons produced. Price per brick, postage paid, 60c. In larger lots, by express, 40c. per brick, by express.

English Mill Track.—Celebrated the world over. Price per brick of about 1½ pounds, 45c., postage paid. Price per dozen bricks, about 18 pounds, \$2.50, by express. Per 100 pounds, \$17.00.

### Mustard

Five Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Four Pounds to the Acre.

In the Spring, when the Pear is in bloom, drill in rows 1 foot apart. To have a succession the sowings should be made every two or three weeks till October. Cut young; when old the flavor is strong. Once sown, certain to perpetuate itself.

Bloomsdale Large-Leaved,

35 days.—So named by reason of producing, when fully grown, immense leaves which are as long and as broad as the largest Tobacco. These

same leaves when size of a man's hand are very tender and admirable as a salad. The leaves when twice that size we recommend for boiling as Spinach. This plant should have a place in every Southern garden. An immense amount of edible material can be raised on a

very limited space.....\$1.00 10 5

Chinese.—Large smooth-leaved, dark green, 10

5 to 6 feet high...... 1.00 Giant Southern Curled, 30 days.—A fine curled sort. It is quite ornamental......\$1.00 5 Ostrich Plume.—Double curled. Exceedingly ornamental. Green. Feathery.... Crop short. 5



Leaf of Ostrich Plume Mustard

### Nasturtium as a Vegetable

Four Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row.

Just before Corn-planting season sow in drills at 3 feet and thin out to 5 inches, or plant to trellis-work. The Dwarf is the best, as it does not require sticks or training.

We cannot say too much in praise of the Nasturtium as an ornamental plant. Far superior to the Sweet Pea, as it blooms earlier and months longer or till killed by frost. It is cultivated as easily as Corn.

ORNAMENTAL Sorts, 70 days.—These are all described under Flower Seeds. (See page 75.)

Lb. 1/4 Lb. Oz. Pkt.

5 Tall Mixed, 70 days.—A variety for vegetable culture. A running vine 5 to 6 feet....\$1.50

### Okra or Gumbo

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Twelve Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Twenty Pounds to the Acre. Sixty Days from Planting to Maturity.

Plant the seed when the Apple is in bloom, in hills or drills; if in hills, 2 feet apart and two or three plants in each; or in drills, 3 feet apart and 8 or 10 inches between the plants. The seeds are liable to rot in the ground, and should be put in thickly to secure the requisite quantity of plants. Very rich ground is demanded by this vegetable.

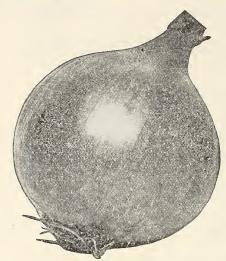
Landreths' Dwarf Stalked Long Green Pod, 50 days.—	Lb.	1/4 Lb.	Oz.	Pkú.
Gumbo soup made out of the Okra is unexcelled in delicacy, and at the				
same time most health-sustaining because of its mucilaginous character, being an offset to many other dishes not conducive to comfort. The				
Landreths' Long Green Okra is the best form of this delicious vegetable,				
being the deepest green—a most desirable color. It is cultivated as easily as	co	20	10	~
Corn, producing three-inch-long pods in thirty days from date of planting	00	20	10	5
Landreths' Long White Pod, 60 days.—New. Pods				
white, unusually long, often 10 inches, very slim. Exceedingly productive	55	20	10	5
Tall Green.—Stalks 4 to 5 feet high, pod long, green, angular	60	20	10	5
Velret.—Stalks 3 to 4 feet high, pods cylindrical, velvet skin	60	20	10	5

## Onion

Bermuda, Red Island, 60 days.—The name of this variety is Red, but it is dashed with red on a straw-colored ground	Lb. Crop	¼ Lb. failed.	Oz.	Pkt.
Bermuda, White Island, 60 days.—This variety is not a pure white, but has a tint of straw color	\$2.75	80	25	10
Bloomsdale Extra Early Dark Red, 100 days.—A variety of unusually early maturity for a large red. Medium size, broad, flat, deep red in color and an excellent keeper. Several weeks earlier than the Wethersfield Red. A special strain difficult to obtain elsewhere. Some selections of Onion seed sold as Extra Early Red are two weeks behind the Bloomsdale in period of maturity		1.25	40	5
Bloomsdale Large Yellow Strasburg.—A reliable, widely cultivated variety, not so strong in flavor as the Red. Earlier than Red Wethersfield. The popular variety for sowing for yellow sets		1.00	<b>3</b> 0	5
Bloomsdale Pearl, Extra Early, 65 days.—In many respects the most remarkable Onion under cultivation, growing with the rapidity of a Summer Radish. Nine weeks from sowing to maturity, the bulbs pearly-white, waxy, translucent, form flat and broad. Flavor very mild, all astringent qualities being eliminated. Indeed, it can almost be eaten raw with the freedom of an Apple. The keeping qualities of the matured Onions are very good, but the sets sprout very early and should be planted in October. We can furnish sets in September and October. No seed		failed.		
Bloomsdale Silver Skin or White, 85 days. — A mild, pleasant-flavored variety, admirable for family use. Not so good a keeper as the dark-skinned varieties. The popular variety for sowing for white sets		1.50	50	5
Crystal White Wax, 55 days. — Named by the Landreths in 1888, a half globe, a sort absolutely waxy-white and crystalline. Very early, earlier than White Bermuda, and of great reputation in Texas		1 10	30	5
Mammoth Silver King, White Garganus.—A very large flat white. No seed	5.00	1.60	50	10
Ohio Globe Danvers.—Different from the Large Yellow Globe Danvers in being more round, more solid, a better keeper		1.25	40	5

#### THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

### ONION—Continued



Yellow Globe Prize Taker

Prize Taker, 90 days.—A mammoth Yellow Globe—similar to the huge Spanish Onions exhibited at fruit stands in Autumn. Does well in light, sandy soils. Very large producer and twenty days earlier than the Southport Yellow Globe. A variety which will succeed under conditions where other sorts fail, consequently highly recommended for the Southern States. See illustration. Will make large Onions from seed in localities where others fail. This is a most valuable quality and, as it makes a solid, beautiful, round bulb which is a good keeper, it may prove a

valuable addition in any garden. Lb. ½ Lb. Pkt. Crop short. 40 10

Silver Skin or White Portugal.—An early white, flat Philadelphia variety.

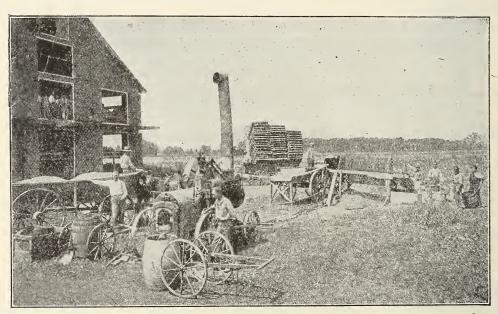
Pkt. \$5.75 \$1.50

Wethersfield Large Red, 120 days.—Be not deceived in Wethersfield, there are many types; some selections ripen in August, others in September, others as late as October.

Lb. ½ Lb. Pkt. \$4.10 \$1.10

Yellow Flat Danvers.—A flat yellow Onion of early habit. Good keeping qualities. Lb. 1/4 Lb. Pkt. 5

Yellow Globe Danvers, 115 days.—An oval-shaped, straw-colored, long-keeping 5



Screening Onion Sets.—This implies sifting out the dirt and dust and grading the Sets into two classes that is, over and under seven-eighths of an inch diameter. The screening operations make the Bloomsdale Sets far superior to those generally offered on the market, as they are always under seven-eighths of an inch in size. Send us your Order for Sets. The best in quality. Landreths' Sets are without doubt the most solid and cleanest offered.

#### ONION—Continued

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

#### THREE SOUTHPORT GLOBE SORTS

The Southports Succeed Best in Northern Climates

Southport Red Globe, 130 days.—A very desirable round red variety, heavy, a large producer and a good shipper. Very salable in market	40	5
Southport White Globe, 120 days.—A showy large white variety. A very solid and heavy sort and a good keeper	50	5
Southport Yellow Globe, 110 days.—The Southport Yellow Globe Onion is a little more oval than the Danyers Globe, larger, more solid, heavier	40	5

### Onion Sets

Three Quarts of Sets to 100 Yards of Row. Ten to Fifteen Bushels to the Acre, According to Size.

WE DO NOT PAY POSTAGE ON ONION SETS OVER ONE QUART.

Landreths' Specialties in Onions. See page 41.

Packing Charges for Onion Sets: Crates, 2 bush. 45c.; 1 bush. 20c.; Barrels, 4 bush., 40c., Sacks, 10c. These extra charges should be included in remittance. Market Gardeners cannot do better than with Landreths' Seeds. They are the acknowledged standard, and so referred to by all other SEED Houses at home and abroad.

### Standard Varieties of Onion Sets-Now Ready Prices Fluctuate

These four standard sorts are always ready to ship in October, or at any other time up to May.

	Qt.	Busn.
Bloomsdale Extra Early Red (for description see reading matter, page 41)about	35	Bushel
Red Wethersfield (for description see reading matter, page 42)	35	prices
Silver Skin (for description see reading matter, page 42)	35	on
Yellow Strasburg (for description see reading matter, page 41)	35	application
At quart price Sets will be mailed, postage paid by us; at bushel rates they wil	l be	shipped by

Express or Freight at purchaser's expense.

### Parsley

Seventy Days from Sowing to Cutting. Two Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Eight Pounds to the Acre.

The drilling should take place when the Cherry is in bloom, and may be continued until Autumn. If for horse culture, the rows should be 3 feet apart; if for hand culture, the rows should be 18 inches apart.

Champion Moss Curled.—An improvement on the Fine Curled; more desirable\$1.25 40 15 5  Emerald Gem, 70 days.—Very superior; very fine curled and twisted leaf of deep green color. A well-bred, very choice strain, short-jointed, tufted, certain to please		Lb.	1/4 Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
please	Champion Moss Curled.—An improvement on the Fine Curled; more desirable	.\$1.25	40	15	5
please	Emerald Gem, 70 days.—Very superior; very fine curled and twisted leaf of deep	)			
please	green color. A well-bred, very choice strain, short-jointed, tufted, certain t	0			
	please	1.25	40	15	5
Fine Curied or Double.—One well selected, as good as any	Fine Curled or Double.—One well selected, as good as any			15	5
Hamburg or Turnip-Rooted.—The thick roots are treated like Parsnip Crop short. 20 5	Hamburg or Turnip-Rooted.—The thick roots are treated like Parsnip	Crop	short.	20	5
Plain Leaved.—Used as a pot herb. Leaves flat and plain. Exceedingly aromatic 90 25 10 5	Plain Leaved.—Used as a pot herb. Leaves flat and plain. Exceedingly aromatic	e 90	25	10	5

#### THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

### Parsnip

Three Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Eight Pounds to the Acre.

Bloomsdale, 80 Days.—The Bloomsdale is the best-bred and handsomest Parsnip to be found; it is half-long, wedge-shape, hollow-	1/4 Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
crowned and very broad at the shoulders, easily taken out of the ground.	50	15	5
Sugar, Cup or Hollow Crowned.—An old variety. Not so well selected as Bloomsdale. Crop short	50	15	5

## Peas-Sweet Flowering

To a greater extent than any other ornamental flower have been improved in form and color, until now no garden is complete without them, as no flowers can be so cheaply, successfully and profusely grown and no flowers provide more desirable table decorations, because of their rich and endless variety of high coloring and delicate tints. See list of **Flower Seeds**, pages 78, 79.



Trial Grounds.—Partial view of 400 tests of Peas, 310 tests of Beans, 156 tests of Tomatoes, and some thousands of tests of other Vegetables. This picture shows one of four sections of the Bloomsdale Trial Grounds, which various trials cover from eight to ten acres a year, but the entire Farm is really a Trial Ground on an immense scale—a ground from where are issued "Seeds which Succeed." The observer must be convinced that we are familiar with the respective merits of all Garden Vegetables.

## Peas

WE DO NOT PAY POSTAGE ON PEAS.

Three Quarts of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. One and a Half to Two Bushels to the Acre.

Peas are among the first seeds that may be sown at close of Winter, frequently being planted before sharp frosts are fully over. The drilling of Peas may be safely commenced when the Peach is in bloom or as soon as the land can be plowed, and continued at intervals up to within sixty days of frost for the early kinds, or seventy days for the intermediate varieties, or eighty days for the later sorts. Late-sown Peas are never as productive as those sown in the Spring, and often are found to be subject to mildew. Landreths' Extra Early will be found to be the best for August and September sowings, because of its early ripening habit and its ability to resist mildew. The dwarf varieties may be drilled at 2 feet if cultivated by horse power, or 15 inches if to be hoed by hand. The varieties of medium length should be drilled not closer than 3 feet, and the tall-growing sorts at 5 feet apart. The number of Peas in a row may vary from 10 to the foot, in the case of the very dwarf kinds, to 8 to the foot of the medium tall varieties, and 6 to the foot of the very tall kinds. Yield of green pods 100 to 300 bushels per acre.

Admiral.—La	rge podded, showy, la ½ Peck.		by Canners.
	\$1.90	60	10
Alaska, 49 day	ys.—Green-seeded Ex	xtra Early. 24 i	nches. One
Peck.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Peck. $\$1.75$	Qt. 60	½ Pt. 10
few days la	Similar, but better, ter. Vines five feet seven to nine peas.	to Boston Unriv long. Pods six	valed, but a
Peck.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Peck. \$2.00	· Qt. 60	$\frac{1}{3}$ Pt. 10
Gradus; n	days.—Some ot so large in pod, k very desirable varie	out quite near i	t, and more
Peck. Crop failed	½ Peck.	Qt.	$\frac{1}{3}$ Pt.
very prolif	onder, 52 days.—Vi	ne 8 to 10 inch form and size.	es high and In maturity
Peck.	g the first earlies. $\frac{1}{2}$ Peck. $\$1.70$	Qt. 50	$\frac{1}{3}$ Pt. 10
Canada Field ground.	d.—Used for plowin		
Peck.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Peck. \$150	Qt. 50	$\frac{1}{3}$ Pt. 5
the sort re as the Pri and broad and of a ye Peck. Crop failed		ephone, but the ery sturdy, with are very long, bronches high. No expectation of the extension of the extens	vine is short thick stems pad, pointed crop.
Champion of	England on Forts	Fold 70 dome	777 1 1 1



Champion of England or Forty Fold, 70 days.—Wrinkled and very sugary.  48 inches. Large, broad pods, seeds tender, sweet, luscious	½ Peck.		
	\$1.30	40	10
Dwarf Champion or Juno.—Only half the height of vine of the Champion of			
England. Pods large and well filled. 20 inches	2.00	60	10
Dwarf Purple Blossom.—Very productive in small pods	1.95	60	10
Dwarf White Blossom.—Very productive in large pods	1.95	60	10
Everbearing.—A productive variety of intermediate character	1.62	50	10
First and Best.—One of the very early sorts; fine flavor	1.75	50	10
French Canner.—Execedingly productive; well filled pods	1.75	50	10

WE DO NOT PAY POSTAGE ON PEAS.

#### PEAS—Continued

Qt.

Gradus, 52 days.—An extra early sort. Pods as large as Telephone; very showy, most luscious. Vine a little stronger than Alaska. 28 inches. ₹ Pt.

Peck.  $\frac{1}{2}$  Peck. \$1.85 60

Horsfords Market Garden.—A large producer of showy pods. Peck.  $\frac{1}{2}$  Peck. ₹ Pt. \$1.60

Hundred Fold.—A first-class Pea, shorter and darker vined than Gradus, a larger, darker and very showy pod, containing 8 to 10 Peas of good size, so unusually productive as to be well named.

½ Peck.

Peck. Crop failed.



Gradus-52 days

Landreths' Extra

Early, 48 days.—While Oak trees may be White Oak trees, but woodsmen know that there yet remains much choice among them, and just so with Extra Early Peas. A critical gardener wants the best strain as respects earliness, size of pod, flavor, uniformity of ripening, vigor and uni-formity in habit of the plant All these desirable qualities can be obtained in the strain sold as Landreths' Extra Early.

The best table pea on the market. This type will produce Peas fit for table in 44 or 50 days, according to soil and climatic conditions of the season of their growth. This Pea was introduced and named by the Landreths in 1823, and is the only Pea then used which has stood the test of time. Just as popular to-day as it ever was. Height of vine  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet. Peck, \$3.00

½ Peck, \$1.85 Quart, 50  $\frac{1}{3}$  Pint, 10

Landreths' Extra Early—The Red Bag Pea

#### PEAS-Continued

### THESE PRICES DO NOT INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Peck. 1/2 Pk. Qt. 1/3 Pt. Laxtonia.—Vine ten to twelve inches high. Foliage yellowish-green, pods showy.... Crop failed. Little Marvel.—Habit like Thomas Laxton, but far superior in every good quality. Showy pod. Very productive...... Long Pod Alaska.—Large Pods..... McLean's Advancer, 55 days.—A green, wrinkled variety; vine 24 inches; upright and vigorous in growth 1.60 50 Marrow Black-Eye.—A vigorous vine, reaching a height of  $4\frac{1}{2}$  to 5 feet. Matures 80 days after germination. Requires less fertilizer than other sorts. Large podded Marrow Irish, Large White.—A strong-growing, productive variety, requiring 1.25 40 10 Pioneer.-Fine pod, similar to Hundred Fold in many respects, both pod and vine lighter green, not always so productive as Hundred Fold, but a close second. No crop. Potlatch.—Vines about three feet high. Similar to Stratagem. No crop...... Premium Gem, 54 days.—An admirable second early, 20 inches tall. A standard sort used in large quantities because reliable. Peck. ½ Peck.

10

10

Pride of the Market.—Vines about twenty inches high, large pods.

\$1.70

\$1.60

Peck.  $\frac{1}{2}$  Peck.  $\frac{1}{3}$  Pt.  $\frac{1}{3$ 

Prince Edward.—Vine growing four feet high and vigorous, pods long and showy, better than Telephone, exceedingly productive, fine dark pod.

Peck. ½ Peck. Qt. ½ Pt

\$1.90 60 1 Prince of Wales.—About four feet high, very productive. Peck. † Peck. Ot. ‡ Pt

Prolific Early Market Pea, 55 days.—

After the style of the old White Extra Early, but five or six days later, pods more numerous, much larger, better filled and more showy. No crop.

Peck.  $\frac{1}{2}$  Peck. Qt.  $\frac{1}{3}$  P

Stratagem, 60 days.—A blue, wrinkled, marrow English dwarf Pea of rare excellence. Vine 20 to 24 inches, bearing six to seven immense pods. No crop. Peck.

Peck. ½ Peck. Qt. ⅓ Pt.

Sugar, Tall Luscious, 70 days.—Very tender pods, but not so large as those of Tall Melting. Vine 48 inches. Peck.

2 Peck.

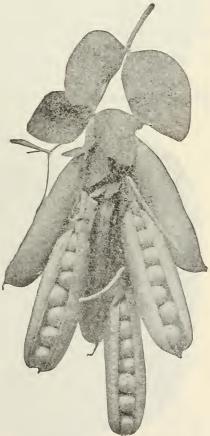
2 Peck.

2 Pt.

3 Pt.

Sugar, Tall Mammoth Melting, 70 days.—Pods 5 inches long. Twisted, puffed. Very succulent and soft. Vine 40 inches tall.

Peck.  $\frac{1}{2}$  Peck. Qt.  $\frac{1}{3}$  Pt. 60 15



Prolific Early Market-55 days

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

### Ten Peppers

All the Landreth Peppers are grown in New Jersey and are therefore much more desirable, giving much better results than cheap European seed, which is late and not prolific.

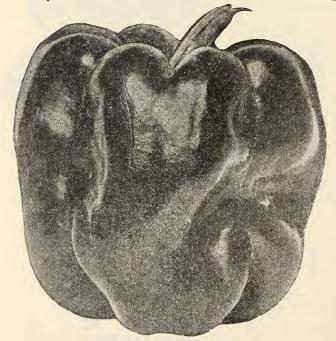
Lb. ¼ Lb. Oz. Pkt. Bull Nose, 130 days.—Broad end; almost square; hot. Earlier than Spanish...... Crop failed.

Chinese Giant, 140 days.—Larger than the Ruby King and remarkable as a show fruit. These chunky monstrosities are just immense, being double the diameter of any other known Pepper, and are really wonders to look at. They are also so mild that they can be eaten out of the hand like an Apple. Crop short......

\$1.00 10

Crimson Giant.—Similar to the Ruby King, but broader and longer or deeper fruited. Like the Chinese Giant, a monster, often growing 4½ inches long by 4 inches wide.

Vine strong, dark, large leaved,



Extra Early Red Mammoth

Vine strong, dark, large leaved, and very productive in fruit, frequently bearing 6 or 7 at once, and covered by a succession of other fruit.

Lb.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Oz. Pkt. Crop short. 10

Landreths' Extra Early Red Mammoth.—A

showy, deep scarlet fruit of the same color as Ruby King, but shorter and of far greater diameter, somewhat similar to the Chinese Giant, but two weeks earlier than the Chinese Giant and almost as large when ripe. This variety is ripe when the Ruby King is still a solid green. In flavor it is very mild and in every way desirable as an early mammoth sweet Pepper.

Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$10.00 \$3.00 \$1.00 10

Large Sweet Spanish, 125 days.—
The large red variety generally used for pickles. Fruit 3 inches long and nearly as broad. Usually hot.

Lb.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Oz. Pkt. Crop failed. 80 10

PEPPER—Continued

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Long Cayenne, 110 days.—Fruit 3 inches in length and slender; very hot.

Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt. 75

Neapolitan.—Mild in flavor. Fruit upright. A variety in which the length is equal to twice the diameter, a sort exceedingly productive, yet so remarkably early for a large-size fruit as to be classed among the Extra Earlies. A variety free from hot or burning qualities, that is to say it is very sweet and mild, particularly suitable for domestic use. A variety especially adapted for shipping, as the fruit retains its plumpness and color for a remarkable length of time.

Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$8.00 \$2.50 75 10

Ruby Giant or World Beater.—A large variation of Ruby King. Very showy; nearly as large as the Chinese Giant, but a week earlier. Very productive.

Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt.

Lb. \(\frac{1}{3}\)Lb. \(\frac{\text{Oz.}}{310.00}\) \(\frac{1}{3}\)Lb. \(\frac{\text{Oz.}}{31.00}\) \(\frac{\text{Pkt.}}{10}\) **Ruby King, 130 days.**—

A general favorite where known, and we will add it should be known everywhere. To indicate its popularity will record that one meat packer in the West ordered over one million pounds of salled Ruby King Pepper for use in his

meat-packing business.

It is the longest of the monstrous Peppers, is a brilliant red, produces from 10 to 15 fruits to the plant. The fruits are often six inches long, 3½ inches wide across the shoulders. The walls are thick and sturdy. The flavor is sweet, that is free from heat. It is a sort which resists decay longer than many others. Altogether most desirable. A single row in a private garden or a field of it on the farm of a Market Gardener is not only exceedingly profitable, but of dazzling beauty. Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$3.00 \$10.00 \$1.00 10



Ruby King—full size

Very Small Cayenne.—Very superior to the old Cayenne. Exceedingly productive, Lb. 14 Lb. Oz. Pkt. bearing fruit all over the plant, as plentiful as foliage. Fruit 2 inches long......Crop short. 50

TOMATO YIELD.—The number of bushels or tons of Tomatoes grown to the acre in a garden is no doubt larger than is produced on those fields where Tomatoes are grown for canning factories, that acreage being over 250,000, annually cultivated, yielding an average of five tons to the acre. While some growers doubted our statement several years ago, that we often grew 20 tons to the acre, subsequently we had a report of 25 measured tons grown to the measured acre in Utah, and we now have a report of over 35 tons to the acre, as grown by a very extensive grower in southern California.

## **Potatoes**

One Bushel of Potatoes Cut into Sections of 3 to 4 Pieces will Plant 400 Yards of Continuous Row. An Acre will Yield from 200 to 500 Bushels, according to the locality, soil and manure.

BLISS TRIUMPH, or RED BLISS, or STRAY BEAUTY.—Popular in the South because very hardy and free from disease. Very early; tubers round and red; very healthy. Sold out.

IRISH COBBLER.—Most popular of any early variety; very early, productive, excellent. The Irish Cobblers are approximately priced at \$8.00 per sack of 165 pounds.

We sell Potatoes in sacks of 165 pounds, which is the contents of a standard barrel; but some other seedsmen sell only 10 pecks to the sack, weighing 150 pounds, and thus quote a low price.

Our stock of Potatoes which we send out has gained us much celebrity for purity and good measure. We do not buy Seed Potatoes from blight-affected districts, but are having the stock specially grown for us on virgin soil in Aroostook County, Maine.

Pecks, bushels and sacks sent by Express or Freight, at expense of purchaser. No charge for Potato sacks or cartage.

#### OTHER STANDARD VARIETIES

#### Other Varieties on Application

Early Ohio.—A full week earlier than the Early Rose; not so long, but in many respects similar.

Early Rose.—True stock and just as good as when it was first introduced; still a standard.

Improved Green Mountain.—A heavy producer; fine quality and very handsome.

Rural New Yorker.—Very popular; good cropper; profitable.

State of Maine.—Intermediate in ripening; tubers large and white; good keeper; very profitable.

Approximate price, \$8.00 per sack, except where noted. At the date of the printing of this Catalogue actual prices cannot be determined. Consequently, we ask all interested in Potatoes to write to us for prices per sack of 165 pounds.

### THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

## Nine Pumpkins

Two Quarts to the Acre. Hills Eight by Eight Feet.

Cheese, Landreths', 65 days.—A very good table variety.		¼ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
Shape flat, like a cheese box; a good keeper. Often 15 inches across the top. Kept by Landreth in original purity. Crop short		60	20	5
Connecticut or Common Field, 65 days.—A large red, slightly oval. Very productive. Used for canning, and very popular for pie making		50	15	5
Japanese Pie.—Yellow-fleshed, quality fine	. Crop	failed		
Kentucky Field, 90 days.—A large development from the popular Yellow Cheese.	90	25	10	5
Mammoth.—As large as a wash tub, and flat at both ends	2.00	60	20	5
Small Early Sugar or New England Pie, 65 days.—Sweet, fine-grained and a productive sort; of good keeping qualities	Crop	failed.		
Striped Cashaw or Jonathan.—Similar to Yellow Cashaw, but stripes are white and yellow		failed.		
Tennessee Sweet Potato.—	Crop	failed.		
Yellow Cashaw, 70 days.—Large Yellow Crookneck, best among the Pumpkins; weigh as high as 50 to 70 pounds. In original purity		50	15	5



Loading Radish on Bloomsdale Farm and a gang hoeing Cabbage

### Radish Six Ounces of Seed will Plant 100 Yards of Row. Six Pounds to the Acre.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Cardinal Globe, 20 days.—As its name indicates, it is of globular form and Lb.	14 Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
cardinal-red, and to which may be added the merit of earliness, short leaves and adaptability to forcing. Crop short	60	20	10
Chartier or Long Rose, 35 days.—In color the greater length of the root is scar-			
let and pink, while the point and bottom portions are white. Crop short 1.50	40	10	9
Cincinnati Market, 30 days.—Somewhat similar to the English Wood's Frame with a decided improvement; scarlet for four-fifths			
of its length, while the one-fifth at the point is white. A very popular sort 1.75	50	20	10

Early Deep Scarlet Turnip-Rooted, 20 days.—Rich in color, smooth in skin. Crop short.

Lb., \$2.00 ½ Lb., 60 Oz., 20

Early Scarlet Erfurt Turnip, 20 days.—Among quickest maturing of the Red Turnip Radishes. Crop failed.

Early Scarlet Prussian Globe, 20 days.—Root round and carmine-colored, early, very attractive and desirable; fine for forcing. Crop short.

Lb., \$2.00

 $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb., 60

Oz., 20

Extra Early Scarlet White-tipped Forcing, 18 days.—Maturing for table two days ahead of the White-tipped Sarlet. Crop failed.

Fifteen Day Red .- Most remarkably early. Flat top and bottom, similar to 15 Day White. Crop failed.

French Breakfast, 22 days.—Olive shaped, the upper part of the bulb scarlet, the bottom white. Crop failed.

Golden Globe (fine for Summer), 30 days.—Shape globular, color amber, flavor mild, keeping long in eating condition. Crop short.

Lb., \$2.00

½ Lb., 60

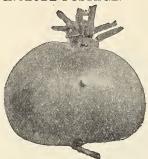
Oz., 20

Pkt., 10



French Breakfast

#### THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.



Short Leaved Exceedingly Early White

#### RADISH—Continued

Landreths' Excelsior.—Under usual conditions will develop to the size of a copper cent in 16 days, and by 18 days to the diameter of a nickel. The shape is an ovoid globe, with a small mouse-tail root. Color bright scarlet, flesh brittle as ice, general qualities unsurpassed. The best Scarlet Globe we have ever offered. Lb. Oz. Pkt. Crop failed.

Landreths' Fifteen-Day Short Leaved Exceedingly Early White.—Perfectly flat at bottom, tap root mouse-tailed, bulb half the size of White Box, flat top and bottom, but edible a week earlier, and remains long in edible condition. Particularly adapted for forcing, as it will lead the market in all whites, being ready for table in fifteen days from germination. Don't omit to get this variety.

Crop short.

½ Lb. 60

Oz. 20 Pkt.

Landreths' Special White Tipped Scarlet, 18 days.—Something extra fine. Small in leaf, very early, flat

extra fine. Small in leaf, very early, flat to globular, and with an unusual amount of white on the bottom which often extends half-way up the bulb, the lower half being white, the upper half scarlet, consequently the contrast in colors being very showy either on the table or market stand. We highly recommend this new introduction.

Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt.

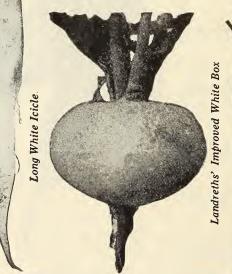
Lib. Oz. Pkt. Crop short. 60 20 10

Landreths' White Ladyfinger, 23
days.—A long, white, crisp and

brittle-fleshed variety, half as long as Long Scarlet and similar in shape. Flavor most

excellent, and altogether a very satisfactory sort as a succession to the earlier turnip-rooted sorts.

Lb. \( \frac{1}{4} \) Lb. \( \Oz. \) Pkt. Crop short. 60 20 10





Landreths' Special

White Tipped-

18 days;

Long Scarlet Short Top, 35 days.—
The well-known market variety.
Lb.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Oz. Pkt. \$1.75 50 15 5

Long White Icicle, 24 days.
—Similar to, but not so long as the

—Similar to, but not so long as the White Vienna; a superior sort, more symmetrical, more waxy, more crisp. Best long white.

Lb. ¼ Lb. Oz. Pkt. Crop short. 60 20 10

Market Gardeners' Early Long Scarlet, 30 days.—Longer than Scarlet Olive and shorter than the old Long Scarlet. An admirable long variety for forcing, fully 5 days earlier than the Long Scarlet.

Lb. \$1.80 50

Oz. Pkt. 5

### RADISH—Continued

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Philadelphia Improved White Box, 30 days.—Foliage short,

fitting it for close cultivation in hot or cold frames or boxes, whence its name. Root white and turnip-formed. Not getting pithy till quite old, a quality possessed by this variety to a very remarkable degree and one which makes the sort most desirable. An improvement on the Philadelphia White Box. Very choice. No stock can approach it.

Lb. 1.85 ½ Lb.

Pkt. 10

Strasburg or Hospital.—Long in form, white, early to develop to edible size, and keeping in edible condition for 5 or 6 weeks.

> Lb. \$1.60

1 Lb.

Oz.

Pkt. 5

Stuttgart Round White Turnip, 50 days .- A very superior early white Summer and Autumn Radish, growing to large size and long standing in character.

Crop failed.

1 Lb.

White Vienna, Early Long, 28 days.—An early long white of most superior quality.

Lb. Crop failed.

Wonderful Half-Long Scarlet, 23 days.—So rapid in growth as

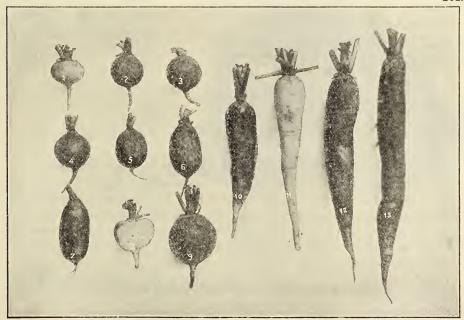
to develop perfectly in 23 days. Grows about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches long, contracting from a broad shoulder to a sharp point; very symmetrical and uniform in shape, color a bright scarlet, and altogether a gem.

Lb. Crop failed.

Oz.

Pkt.

Wonderful Half-Long Scarlet



Summer Radish-Study out the numbers

1. Short-topped Earliest White Turnip. 2. Early Scarlet Prussian Globe. 3. Early Scarlet Erfurt.

4. White-tipped Early Scarlet Turnip.

5. Extra Early White-tipped Forcing. 6. French Breakfast. 7. Red Olive.

7. Red Olive. 8. Early White Turnip-rooted. 13. Long Scarlet.

9. Golden Globe. 10. Wonderful Half-Long Scarlet. 11. White Ladyfinger. 12. Market Gardeners' Long Scarlet.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

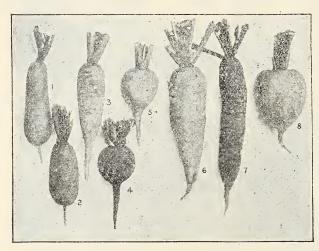
#### RADISH—Continued

#### WINTER SORTS

Fifty to Seventy-five Days, According to Variety.

Celestial or Chinese Half-Long Stump, 60 days.—Pure white, in shape somewhat resembling a half-long stump-rooted Carrot. A Lb. ¼ Lb. Oz. Pkt. 20 5

quick variety, very tender and agreeable in flavor..... 50



Winter Radish-Study out the numbers

- 1. Celestial White Stump-Rooted. 2. China Rose. 3. Long White Strasburg. 4. Round Black Spanish.

- 5. Round White Stuttgart.
- 6. Long White Spanish.
  7. Long Black Spanish.
  8. White Russian.

- Crimson Giant.—Double the size of the Red Turnip and two weeks later. Pkt. Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Crop failed.
- Long White Spanish .- Valuable for Winter use. Keeping as well as a Potato.
  - $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Lb. Oz. Crop failed.
- Round Black Spanish, 50 days .- A Winter Radish, cultivated in Autumn and keeping like a Potato. Lb. Lb. Oz. Crop short. 20
- Scarlet China Winter or China Rose. —A fine Winter sort; root a half-long stump of from 2 to 3 inches; scarlet and pink in color. Lb. ½ Lb. Oz.
- Spanish, Long Black, 70 days.—Roots growing ten to twelve inches in length and two to three inches in thickness.

\$1.75

1 Lb. Oz. Pkt. Lb. \$1.75 50 15 5

15

5

### Rhubarb

Four Ounces of Seed will Sow 100 Yards. Ten Pounds to the Acre.

Propagated by buds from old roots or from seed. To raise seedlings, sow the seed when the Cherry is in bloom, in rows at 1 foot, and thin the plants to 10 inches. To set the seedlings or the buds from old roots, mark out the ground 3 x 4 or 4 x 4 feet, preparing a rich bed for each plant.

Success can only be attained on well-manured ground. The fertilizing cannot be overdone.

We supply roots as well as seed. They continue vigorous many years. They are shipped only by express, being too heavy for the mails.

Linnæus Seed.—A strong early sort; stalk deep green. Pkts., 5c.; oz., 20c.; ½ lb., 65c.; lb., \$1.60.

Rhubarb Large Roots or Clumps.—Per dozen clumps, \$4.00, by freight or express; per 100, \$35.00.

Rhubarb Smaller Sets—that is, cuttings made from the entire roots.—Per dozen sets, \$1.00, by freight or express; \$6.50 per 100.

Victoria Seed.—Stalks thick, long, red. Pkts., 5c.; oz., 20c.; \(\frac{1}{4}\) lb., 65c.; lb., \$1.60.

## Spinach

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Six Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Thirty Pounds to the Acre. Edible in 40 to 60 Days.

This seed may be sown late in Autumn or in the Spring when the Peach is in bloom.

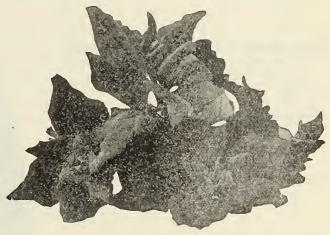
Bloomsdale, 40 days.—The Landreths introduced and Lb. 1/4 Lb. Oz. Pkt. named this variety in 1828, since when it has become a standard and now appears in nearly all catalogues. As an Autumn sort it is superior to all others, but in the Spring it is inclined to shoot early. The leaves are twisted and bloated, giving them when ready for shipment an elasticity adapting them for transportation to long distances and at the same time giving the crop large measuring qualities. As a consequence far more barrels of Bloomsdale Spinach are cut to the acre than any other variety, often as much as 150 barrels Crop short......\$2.00 20 10

Ever Ready, 50 days.—So named because it continues in cutting condition three weeks longer than the latest. A variety of most superior 

Large Leaved Flanders.—A habit of growing erect, consequently, does not collect

Long Season, 50 days.—Leaves dark in color, almost black; savoyed, thick, succulent and tender. Slow to shoot to seed; consequently remaining long in cutting condition. Stronger and more desirable than the Victoria............. Crop failed.

New Zealand, First cutting 50 days after sowing, and continuously for 100 days more.—Absolutely distinct in form, color and habit. Foliage thick, succulent, dark green, never sunburns, a true heat resistant, leaves covered with water globules like an iceplant. Later to mature for table than Spinach of usual form, but remaining in edible condition ten times as long. A sort to "cut and come again," as it is most productive, and continuously over a period of 100 days sends out a fresh growth. The plants spread five times as wide and rise to three times the height of ordinary Spinach, making a difference of fifteen to twenty



New Zealand

times excess in the volume of edible material. Excessive heat does not check Lb. 1/2 Lb. Oz. Pkt. its growth, but to the contrary it positively grows more luxuriantly, the driest weather never stopping its juicy and rapid growth. A most desirable vegetable \$2.50 10

Round Savoy Leaved, 42 days.—Sold by other houses as Bloomsdale. We here offer seed of Spinach of that variety which is sold by other seedsmen as Blooms-

Viroflay, 48 days (monstrous leaved).—A mammoth sort of fair quality, used 

### THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

## Eleven Squashes

Three Ounces of Seed will Sow 100 Yards of Row. Three Pounds to the Acre.

This seed may be planted first when the Apple is in bloom and for several weeks subsequently, but not later with much hope of success. It is always planted in hills at 4 x 4 feet for the bush varieties and 6 x 6 or 6 x 8 feet for the long running sorts.

Lb. 1/4 Lb. Oz. Pkt.



Early White Bush

**Delicious.**—Of a very fine type and quality, on Hubbard order.

Lb.  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. Oz. Pkt. Crop short. 15 5

Early White Bush.—The "Cymling" of the Southern States, maturing fruit for table fifty days from germination. The best for general use.

Lb. \(\frac{1}{4}\) Lb. Oz. Pkt. \(\frac{1}{5}\) 15 5

Extra Early Yellow Bush, 40 days.—Earlier by a week than the ordinary White Bush or Cymling; exceedingly productive and profitable to the Market Gardener. The fruit when young and waxy is lemon in color.

Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt 1.50 40 15

Giant Summer Crook-Neck.—Alonger fruited variety than the old Golden Summer Crook-Neck—an improvement.

Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt
1.40 40 15

Golden Hubbard.—Different from Green Hubbard in being golden except at blossom end; fine winter keepers.

Lb. 4 Lb. Oz. Pkt. Crop short. 40 15 5

Golden Summer Crookneck.—Similar to Giant Summer, but smaller.

Lb. ½ Lb. Oz. Pkt. 1.40 40 15 5

Hubbard, 60 days.—Fruit oblong. Skin dark green, marked with orange. Flesh dry, rich. Especially valuable in northern climates or mountainous districts.

Lb. \(\frac{1}{4}\) Lb. \(\text{Oz.}\) Pkt. \(2.00\) 60 \(20\) 5

Notable differences between a Squash and a Pumpkin are that the former has undivided or entire leaves, hairy on the surface, also hairy on the leaf stems, blossoms lemon in color, foot stalks thick, generally swollen, woody, frequently hard as oak, which characteristics in the case of all pumpkins are reversed—pumpkin bossoms golden in color, and foot stalks are stiff and spincy. The farmer's test of differences is that he can put his thumb nail into the rind of a mature pumpkin, while he cannot do this with a mature squash, for the rind is as hard as wood.



Giant Summer Yellow Crook-Neck

### SQUASH—Continued

Landreths' Green Flat, 45 days—Novelty of Merit.—For many years efforts have been made to obtain an always green Patty Pan Squash, same shape and size of the Early White Bush Squash, but so different in color as to be green from the first development of the blossom to the end of its existence. It is never anything else but green—a dark olive-green; but the interior flesh is pure white, same as the White Patty Pan. On account of the evergreen habit of the fruit, it always appears more attractive and is more salable than a white-rind or cream-colored Squash, which quickly shows its age. The Landreths now offer this development as a novelty of highest merit in the Squash line.

ere i crop-monte e			
Lb.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
1.50	40	15	10

Mammoth Chili.—Often reaching a weight of 100 lbs. Very showy. Skin bronze, flesh thick, orange, fine flavor, and a satisfactory keeper throughout the winter.

Lb.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
Crop short.		20	10

Warty Hubbard.—The old form of Hubbard, but covered with warts; flesh thick, yellow, good quality; a valuable winter sort.

Lb.	½ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
\$1.50	40	15	5

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.



Squash-Landreths' Green Flat

## Salsify or Oyster Plant

Edible 90 Days after Planting.

This plant produces an edible root, long and slim, white-fleshed and smooth white skin. Leaves graygreen, long, straight and narrow. It is a native of the south of Europe, but only within the present century used as a culinary vegetable. Sow when the Cherry is in bloom, in drills, in deeply dug and well-manured ground; the drills should be 18 inches apart. When the plants are up a few inches weed and thin them so as to stand 4 to 5 inches from each other. Preserve in pits, same as Carrots or Beets. Cultivate in all respects as directed for Carrot. Requires deep, rich land. Yield 100 to 150 bushels per acre.

Sandwich Island, 90 days.—A variety superior to the French sort, producing Lb. ¼ Lb. Oz. Pkt. smoother, larger and more vigorous roots, foliage stronger......\$2.75 75 20 5

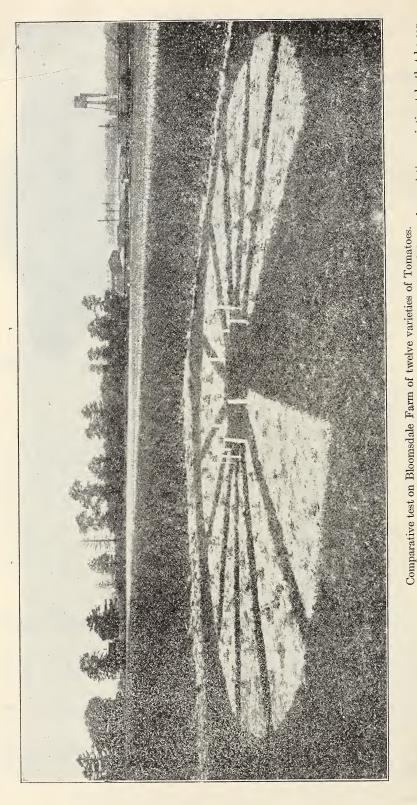
## **Tomato**

One Ounce of Seed will Sow 100 Yards. Ripening for Table 85 to 120 Days from Sowing, According to Variety and Season.

When the Apple is in bloom sow in hills three feet apart, on a warm border, early in the Spring. For a later supply sow a short time afterwards in a more open situation. As the plants advance in growth support them by brushwood. To have the Tomato very early it is necessary to start the plants in a hot-bed, or they may be reared in a flower-pot in a window and subsequently transplanted.

Plants for an early crop should be raised under glass. For intermediate crop they may be raised on outside beds. For late crop the seed may be planted in permanent position when the Apple is in bloom. The average production of fruit, per acre on cultivated and fertilized land, is about 14,000 pounds, or say 250 bushels per acre, though twice that quantity has often been grown.

The Tomato vine is a rank feeder and especially needs nitrogen, otherwise known in one of its forms as ammonia. Stable manure is rich in ammonia. So is nitrate of soda, nitrate of potash and also that commercial fertilizer known as dried meat, dried blood, or chicken guano. For Tomatoes, which are soft wooded, ammonia is more desirable than potash or phosphoric acid, which are in their turn more valuable in the growth of hard-wood plants or of grains which make hard straw.



A man can stand in the center and with a slight movement of the body can observe the characteristics of the twelve varieties so intimately that he can at once tell the slightest variation in quality. We know in what the differences consist, as to attractiveness, As to periods of maturity,

As to periods of maturity,
as to size,
as to color,
as to flavor,
as to solidity,
as to solidity,

### TOMATO—Continued

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

### BLOOMSDALE GROWN TOMATO SEED

In purchasing Landreths Tomato Seed the buyer is certain of the absolute purity of what he buys, as every fruit producing Bloomsdale Tomato Seed is grown from selected Seed. In the case of Landreths' Bloomsdale Tomato Seed, every crop is produced from Seed saved from hand-selected fruit of the preceding year—fruit, every one of which was closely inspected and approved as to shape, size, color and general appearance, and, what is more important, only fruit saved from vines of approved development.

Acme, 105 days.—An early ripener, size medium. Shape slightly oval and smooth. Lb. ¼ Lb. Oz. Color reddish-purple; flesh deep scarlet and solid. A popular sort everywhere. \$5.00 1.50 50 5

Beauty, 110 days.—Well named. Fruit large and showy; color deep red with slight tone of purple; growing on the vines in clusters. Solid, meaty, smooth.... 5.00 1.50 50

5

Bloomsdale. - Ripens 100 days after sprouting.

Outside color deep red; inside color so deep a red as to be almost purple. Form large, heavy, globular, flattened at top or stem end, exceedingly meaty, produced in clusters at the crown, ripens well up to the stem, free from cracks. Very free from fruit acid and desirable for catsup. Vine vigorous, with large and dark leaves, unusually superior, altogether unusually fine and showy. Fine for slicing. We stake our reputation on this new sort. Sold only under seal.

\$6.00 2.00 20

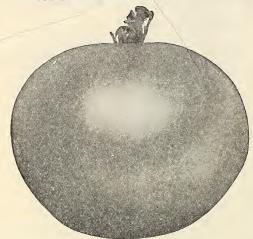


#### The Bloomsdale

Bonny Best.—An early and productive sort. Somewhat similar to John Baer\$4.75	1.25	40	5
Chalk's Early Jewel, 95 days.—Ten days later than the Landreth, much tlarger, globular fruit, smooth skin, flesh bright red, scarlet and solid. The fruit very free from cracks or any convolutions upon the surface. Vines strong in growth, dark green and very hardy. A good market garden sort. Crop short 5.00	1.50	50	5
Crimson Cushion, 110 days.—Mammoth-fruited, some specimens often weighing over a pound and a half; a little rough, but exceedingly meaty		50	U
Cumberland Very Large Red, 110 days.—Used in South Jersey by Tomato Canners. A reliable cropper, solid, good color; a little rough	1.25	40	10
Detroit.—A large solid fleshed, purple variety. Crop short	1.40	40	10

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

#### TOMATO—Continued



Delaware Beauty

Delaware Beauty, 100 days.—The

Delaware Beauty was introduced by Landreth in the autumn of 1912. The following autumn of 1913 we could not fill the demand for seed. A showy, medium-sized red sort, as deep red as Landreths' Red Rock. Vine compact, deep green, blight resistant, thick stemmed, extraordinarily productive.

sistant, thick stemmed, extraordinarily productive.
One week later than Chalk's Jewel, one week earlier than the Landreths' Red Rock, and two weeks earlier than Stone.

Fruit smooth all over, almost entirely free from splits, a most distinguishing quality, very uniform in size and showy. Of a habit of simultaneously coloring up all over the fruit. Shape slightly flattish at blossom end, quite globular at stem or crown end, no depression whatever at stem end, the illustration showing that it is unusually full on top—a most desirable quality, absolutely no waste.

Its habit of ripening a week ahead of the Landreths' Red Rock and two weeks ahead of Stone is most desirable. A productive sort has long been looked for to come in ahead of these two late varieties. Canners especially are asked to observe this most profitable character. It

The following testimonial speaks for itself:

#### DELAWARE COLLEGE AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENTAL STATION

Newark, Delaware.

Your letter relative to "Delaware Beauty" Tomato at hand. The yields have been as follows:

For 1912, 14.53 tons to the acre. For 1913, 11 tons 487 lbs. to the acre.

The first fruit was picked 20th August, and the last October 16. Heavy pickings from September 16 to 30, about a WEEK LATER than heavy pickings on "CHALK'S JEWEL."

For the season 1914 the actual yield was 12 tons 1137 lbs., while the Stone check grown alongside of it yielded at the rate of 5 tons 1342 lbs.

C. A. McCUE, Horticulturist.

FUNGUS DISEASES
ON THE TOMATO

On an average, any familiarity with **fungus** is not so much with the plant itself as with its results, as on the Tomato vine, or leaf, or fruit, the black or brown spot is not the fungus itself but the scab resulting. The scab is only the effort of nature to heal the sore spot caused by the roots of the fungus drawing out the juice of the plant or the sap of the leaf or fruit. Yet 99 persons out of 100, yes 999 out of 1000, think the spot is the disease itself.

#### TOMATO—Continued

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

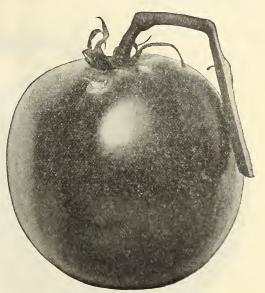
Landreths' Crown-picked Globe, 95 days.—In our October list

of seeds to Market Gardeners we called special attention to the "Landreths' Crown-picked Globe Tomato." We know the "Landreths' Crown Picked" to be something very fine as a shipper. We had it growing for Seed almost alongside of the home office, so placed that we pay very special attention to it, besides being able to show it during the summer to all interested in the subject—a most remark-

able crop, the admiration of every visitor.

The merit of value for shipping of the Landreths' Clobe as Landreths grow it is that it has very thick, tough outer skin and interior walls, fitting it especially to resist skinning on the one hand, or on the other, cracking or bursting in transportation, which resisting quality fits it for shipment to much longer distances than any other known sort. Don't forget this point as to its unusual resisting quality against cracking and mashing in transportation.

The shape of the Landreths' Crown-picked Globe is longer between the stem and blossom end than the measurement across the fruit; in other words, it is slightly oblong or olive-shaped. The color is a rosy red, with never a split or spot.



Landreths' Crown-picked Globe

The Florida shippers send hundreds of cars of Landreths' Crown-picked Globe Lb. 1/4 Lb. Oz. Pkt. to the Northern markets—always a quick seller because of its resistant quality, consequently every Tomato grower, no matter where located, who ships to a distance can safely tie up to the Landreths' Crown-picked Globe as undoubtedly most profitable for shippers, because the most resistant against injury of any kind, as jolting over rough roads, be they railroads or wagon roads.

Every grower should have it, and we are certain he will want it season after season. He will find it very healthy in vine and fruit—no rust spots on the Landreths' Globe, either on stem or fruit. Absolutely healthy.

The past season the Landreths' Crown-picked Globe produced on twenty-

five acres on this farm just twice the number of tons to the acre as any other variety, not one vine out of over 75,000 bearing any unhealthy spots, either on stem or fruit. Crop short.....

10 \$2.50

From MICHELL BROTHERS, Cutler, Fla.—Having gone over our fields of Tomatoes, we have decided that your selected Seed of Landreths' Crown-picked Globe Tomato is the best, and we will want the same stock again.

From W. S. PETTY, Dearfield, Fla.—I wish to compliment you on your Landreths' Crown-picked Globe Tomato.

It has the merit of being true in every particular. The same Seed for me next season.

From WILLIAM CLAY, Miami, Fla.—Landreths' Globe Tomato, Landreths' "Crown Picked," is by all odds the superior of any other Globe grown in this section, best in size, best in production, best in cash returns.

### Landreths' Ever Large, 110 days.—So named because

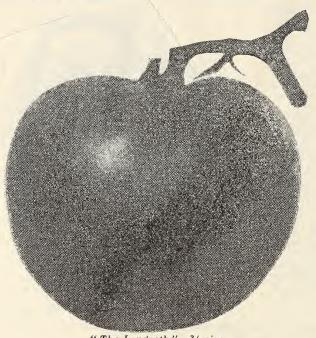
the fruit keeps its size from the first to the last ripening. An exceedingly productive sort, three-quarters of the quantity of fruit weighing over one pound.\$5.00 1.50 10

FUNGUS DISEASES ON THE TOMATO (CONTINUED)

There is a well-grounded suspicion that the Seed of fungus, or the "spores" as they are scientifically termed, are carried by the Seed from one crop to the next. This is positively known to be the case with the Bean scab. Some of the spores of the Bean fungus can be killed by fungicide washings. These are outward applications, but the fungicides only kill the surface spores and do not effect those spores which have buried themselves in the flesh of the Bean. Fungus washings on dry Beans before they are sown may reduce the disease three-fourths or four-fifths, but cannot obliterate it entirely.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

TOMATO—Continued



"The Landreth"-3/4 size

"Landreth," 92 days.-

A new Tomato ripening in 92 days and offered for sale for the first time in the autumn of 1915—quite distinct.

It is certainly choice or we would not have named it "The Landreth."

It is very early, red in color, large, solid, and exceedingly productive.

This Tomato is not as large as the Landreths' Red Rock, which is still the best of the large-fruited medium-late class. "The Landreth" is deeper red than the Landreth Red Rock and two weeks earlier, ripening a few days after the Earliana, but more than twice as productive, and ripening two weeks ahead of the Landreths' Red Rock and twenty days ahead of the Stone.

The vine is short-stemmed, unusually healthy, and productive of deep red, solid, smooth, meaty and most attractive fruit, and astonishingly productive. The shape of the fruit is full bottomed, that is round at the bottom, free from cracks, with very little cavity at the stem end, which will be recognized as a very

desirable quality.

The Landreth Tomato is in appearance somewhat after the order of Chalk's Jewel, but is five days earlier,

considerably larger fruited, far more productive, picking over a longer period, of Lb. 1/4 Lb. Oz. Pkt. better color, and so solid as to be a marvel, and does not crack. Altogether it is more desirable than Chalk's Jewel and will prove a leader in any section where an early Tomato is needed.

We have had here on Bloomsdale Farm six summers' experience with the "Landreth Tomato." It is not an unfixed sport picked up at random, but closely observed in its growth through six Julys, six Augusts, six Septembers -all of which have confirmed the preceding observations as to its merits.

"The Landreth" will ripen in 92 days, or 14 days earlier than the Landreths' Red Rock and 20 days earlier than the Stone.

Its ever-bearing qualities extend the picking season at least four weeks, giving 

Landreths' No Substitute, 100 days.—Unusually produc-

tive. Very showy and distinctive, both in vine and fruit. Not the old Potato Leaved, but immeasurably superior. Vines spreading and vigorous, stems thick, leaves very dark and broad, like a Potato, and often larger than a man's hand. The physical vigor of the plant is assured by its great breathing or lung power. Fruit brilliant red, full sized, round or full at bottom or blossom end. Fruit free from cracks or core and both fruit and vines very healthy. A very desirable sort, ripening fruit earlier than Paragon, one week earlier than Stone, but by far a more showy sort. It is a variety of new features and of very superior excellence. 

10

STATE INSPECTION OF SEED TO PREVENT THE DISTRIBUTION OF FUNGI SPORES

The partial destruction of crops by fungi is increasing to a most serious degree and the day will certainly arrive when State aid will be invoked to stop it, and it can only be stopped by State inspection to see that all fields from which any Seed is to be saved is free from fungus. We can foresee the day when all Tomato Seed sold to Canners must be accompanied by a State Certificate stating that the Seed sold was taken from fields which Government inspection proved to be healthy, just as now when State inspectors under the Act of 1905 give certificates of health for fruit trees or ornamental trees shipped from one State to another.

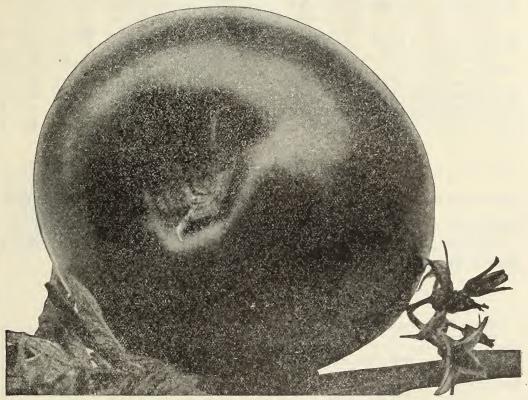
TOMATO—Continued

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

## Landreths' Red Rock Tomato

ONE WEEK EARLIER THAN STONE

MORE PRODUCTIVE THAN STONE



Showing entire freedom from splits and small cavity at stem end. Average weight 9 cz. to a fruit; range of weight from 8 to 12 cz. Very often borne in clusters of four or five, sometimes six or seven.

LANDRETHS' RED ROCK, 110 DAYS.—Ripens fruit 110 days from sprouting of the seed. A choice sort, exceedingly solid, free from water, full of pectin, that is a gum-like juice. Nothing like it in this respect. Shape round or full bottomed, smooth as an apple, free from splits, small cavity at stem end, ripens all over, fruit borne in clusters. Vine very healthy; in other words, rust resistant. It requires rich soil. Far better sort than Stone, the only variety with which it can be compared, as it is rounder, a deeper red, more solid or meaty, larger fruited, more showy, more productive, and earlier by a week. In other words, in all particulars the Stone is away behind it in the race. Like all other Landreth Tomatoes, can only be bought in sealed flat packets and sealed lithographed cardboard boxes of one-quarter and one-half pounds.

Cardboard sealed boxes of 1 pound, \$5.00; \(^1/4\)-pound box, \$1.50; ounce, 45c., packet, 10c., postage paid.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.  TOMATO—Continued  Landreths' T. T. T. or Ten Ton Tomato, 100 days.—The fruit in form is large, slightly flattened at both stem and blossom ends. The skin smooth as an Apple. Color blood-red. The meat solid, free from air spaces or hard cores. It is a profitable variety to all growers.  ### Apple. Color blood-red. The meat solid, free from air spaces or hard cores. It is a profitable variety to all growers.  ### Apple. Color blood-red. The meat solid, free from air spaces or hard cores. It is a profitable variety to all growers.  ### Apple. Color blood-red. The meat solid, free from air spaces or hard cores. It is a profitable variety to all growers.  ### Apple. Color blood-red. The meat solid, free from air spaces or hard cores. It is a profitable variety to all growers.  ### Apple. Color blood-red. The meat solid, free from air spaces or hard cores.  ### Apple. Color blood-red. The meat solid, free from air spaces or hard cores. It is a profitable variety and season.  ### Ponderosa, 110 days.—A monster purple fruit; quite rough and containing very few seeds. Very choice. Very meaty.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Plum-shaped Red in color.  ### Apple. The Solid on the Solid	Landreths' T. T. T. or Ten Ton Tomato, 100 days.—The fruit in form is large, slightly flattened at both stem and blossom ends. The skin smooth as an Apple. Color blood-red. The meat solid, free from air spaces or hard cores. It is as priditable variety to all growers.  **Matchless, 110 days.—Large half-flat, red, solid, productive. Excellent				_	
fruit in form is large, slightly flattened at both stem and blossom ends. The skin smooth as an Apple. Color blood-red. The meat solid, free from air spaces or hard cores. It is a profitable variety to all growers. \$4.25 1.20 40 5 Matchless, 110 days.—Arge half-flat, red, solid, productive. Excellent. 4.50 1.25 40 5 New Globe, 110 days.—Grown largely in the South for shipment to the North. Color a pinkish red; plum-shaped; very productive; constant bearer. Sold out.  Ponderosa, 110 days.—A monster purple fruit; quite rough and containing very few seeds. Very choice. Very meaty. 6.00 1.75 50 10 Plum-shaped Red.—Fruit 2 inches long by 1 inch diameter, used, in pickling in unbroken form. Differing only from the preeding in color. 4.00 1.25 40 5 Stone, 115 days.—A very superior sort. 4.10 1.25 40 5 Stone, 115 days.—A very superior sort. 4.10 1.25 40 5 Success, 115 days.—A very superior sort. 4.75 1.30 40 5 Success, 116 days.—A large, late, solid, heavy, red variety. 4.75 1.30 40 5 Success, 116 days.—A large, late, solid, heavy, red variety and Season.  Amber Globe, Green Crowned, Yellow Fleshed, 75 days.—A selection from the older green-crowned Amber Globe. The same in all valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of yellow and red. Immeasurably superior to Aberdeen. Equal for table use to Ruta-Baga. Croy-Horn, Green (large cropper).—This variety is pure white, excepting a dash of green at the crown, and in shape is long like a long Carrot. 1.80 50 15 5 Early Flat Red or Purple Top (strap-leaved), 60 days.—The oldest standard red. Purple on crown, with white bottom. 1.75 50 15 5 5 15 5 5 15 5 5 15 5 5 15 5 5 15 5 5 15 5 5 15 5 5 15 5 5 5 15 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	fruit in form is large, slightly flattened at both stem and blossom ends. The skin smooth as an Apple. Color blood-red. The meat solid, free from at spaces or hard cores. It is a profitable variety to all growers.  Matchless, 110 days.—Large half-flat, red, solid, productive. Excellent.  4.50 1.23 40 5  New Globe, 110 days.—Crown largely in the South for shipment to the North. Color a pinkish red; plum-shaped; very productive; constant bearer.  Sold out.  Ponderosa, 110 days.—A monster purple fruit; quite rough and containing very few seeds. Very choice. Very meaty.  6.00 1.75 50 10  Plum-shaped Red.—Fruit 2 inches long by 1 inch diameter, used, in pickling in unbroken form. Differing only from the preceding in color.  4.00 1.25 40 5  Stone, 115 days.—A very superior sort.  5. Success, 115 days.—A very superior sort.  4.10 1.25 40 5  Stone, 115 days.—A very superior sort.  4.10 1.25 40 5  Success, 115 days.—A large, late, solid, heavy, red variety.  4.75 1.30 40 5  Turnip  Three Ounces of Seed will Sow 100 Yards of Row. Three Pounds to the Acre. Matures for Table in from 60 to 90 Days, According to Variety and Season.  Amber Globe, Green Crowned, Yellow Fleshed, 75 days.—A selection from the older green-crowned Amber Globe. The same in all valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of th					
spaces or hard cores. It is a profitable variety to all growers	spaces or hard cores. It is a profitable variety to all growers. \$4.25 1.20 49 5  Matchless, 110 days.—Carpe half-flat, red, solid, productive. Excellent. 4.50 1.25 40 5  New Globe, 110 days.—Grown largely in the South for shipment to the North. Color a pinkish red; plum-shaped; very productive; constant beare.  Ponderosa, 110 days.—A monster purple fruit; quite rough and containing very few seeds. Very choice. Very meaty.  6.00 1.75 50 10  Plum-shaped Red.—Fruit 2 inches long by 1 inch diameter, used, in pickling in unbroken form. Differing only from the preeding in color.  4.00 1.25 40 5  Stone, 115 days.—A very superior sort. 4.10 1.25 40 5  Stone, 115 days.—A very superior sort. 4.10 1.25 40 5  Success, 115 days.—A large, late, solid, heavy, red variety. 4.75 1.30 40 5  Turnip  Three Ounces of Seed will Sow 100 Yards of Row. Three Pounds to the Acre. In from 60 to 90 Days, According to Variety and Season.  Amber Globe, Green Crowned, Yellow Fleshed, 75 days.—This, which we introduced in 1863, is almost indispensable in every rural household. It is a vigorous, free grower. 8.175 50 15 5  Amber Globe, Red Crowned, Yellow Fleshed, 75 days.—A selection from the older green-crowned Amber Globe. The same in all valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of yellow and red. Inmessurably superior to Aberdeen. Equal for table use of yellow and red. Inmessurably superior to Aberdeen. Equal for table use of yellow and red. Inmessurably superior to Aberdeen. Equal for table use of yellow and red. Inmessurably superior to Aberdeen. Equal for table use.  Cow Horn, Green (large cropper).—This variety is pure white, excepting a dash of green at the crown, and in shape is long like a long Carrot	fruit in form is large, slightly flattened at both stem and blossom ends. The	Lb.	⅓ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
New Globe, 110 days.—Grown largely in the South for shipment to the North. Color a pinkish red; 'plum-shaped; 'very productive; constant bearer	New Globe, 110 days.—Grown largely in the South for shipment to the North. Color a pinkish red; plum-shaped; very productive; constant bearer.  Ponderosa, 110 days.—A monster purple fruit; quite rough and containing very few seeds. Very choice. Very meaty.  6.00 1.75 50 10 Plum-shaped Red.—Fruit 2 inches long by 1 inch diameter, used, in pickling in unbroken form. Differing only from the preceding in color	spaces or hard cores. It is a profitable variety to all growers				
shipment to the North. Color a pinkish red; plum-shaped; very productive; constant bearer. Sold out.  Ponderosa, 110 days.—A monster purple fruit; quite rough and containing very few seeds. Very choice. Very meaty	shipment to the North Color a pinkish red; plum-shaped; very productive; constant bearer.  Ponderosa, 110 days.—A monster purple fruit; quite rough and containing very few seeds. Very choice. Very meaty		4.50	1.25	40	5
Plum-shaped Red.—Fruit 2 inches long by I inch diameter, used, in pickling in unbroken form. Differing only from the preceding in color	and containing very few seeds. Very choice. Very meaty	shipment to the North. Color a pinkish red; plum-shaped; very productive; constant bearer	Sold o	ut.		
Plum-shaped Red.—Fruit 2 inches long by 1 inch diameter, used, in pickling in unbroken form. Differing only from the preceding in color	Plum-shaped Red.—Fruit 2 inches long by 1 inch diameter, used, in pickling in unbroken form. Differing only from the preceding in color	Ponderosa, 110 days.—A monster purple fruit; quite rough				
unbroken form. Differing only from the preceding in color	unbroken form. Differing only from the preeeding in color		6.00	1.75	50	10
Stone, 115 days.—A very superior sort	Stone, 115 days.—A very superior sort	unbroken form. Differing only from the preceding in color				
Turnip  Three Ounces of Seed will Sow 100 Yards of Row. Three Pounds to the Acre. in from 60 to 90 Days, According to Variety and Season.  Amber Globe, Green Crowned, Yellow Fleshed, 75 days.—This, which we introduced in 1863, is almost indispensable in every rural household. It is a vigorous, free grower.  A selection from the older green-crowned Amber Globe. The same in all valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of vellow and red. Immeasurably superior to Aberdeen. Equal for table use to Ruta-Baga.  Cow-Horn, Green (large cropper).—This variety is pure white, excepting a dash of green at the crown, and in shape is long like a long Carrot.  Cow-Horn, Green (large cropper).—This variety is pure white, excepting a dash of green at the crown, and in shape is long like a long Carrot.  Cow-Horn Red.—Grows like a Carrot, half in and half out of the ground.  1.80 50 15 5  Early Flat Red or Purple Top (strap-leaved), 60 days.—The oldest standard red. Purple on crown, with white bottom.  1.75 50 15 5  Early Showball (extra early).—This is a small white globe, earliest in maturity of its form and character. We highly recommend it.  1.90 50 15 5  Early White Top Flat Dutch (strap-leaved).—Similar to Red Top, excepting it is white all over.  Codden Ball, Yellow Fleshed.—Roots medium size, quick in development; always well-shaped. Color golden, both inside and outside.  1.55 50 15 5  Jersey Lily, 65 days.—Early, globular in form, very showy and desirable; all white. Recommended for private and market garden.  1.90 50 15 5  Large Early Red Top Globe, 65 days.—Large size, rapid growth, unusually attractive and admired by all. A very much heavier producer than either of the preceding. We confidently recommend it. Short crop.  Milan, Extra Early Red-Crowned, 45 days.—Undoubtedly the earliest Turnip in cultivation. Very desirable in its early stages.  Crop failed.  Pomerian.—One of the largest of White Globes.  Crop failed.  Crop failed.	Turnip  Three Ounces of Seed will Sow 100 Yards of Row. Three Pounds to the Acre. in from 60 to 90 Days, According to Variety and Season.  Amber Globe, Green Crowned, Yellow Fleshed, 75 days.—This, which we introduced in 1863, is almost indispensable in every rural household. It is a vigorous, free grower.  A selection from the older green-crowned Amber Globe. The same in all valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of yellow and red. Immeasurably superior to Aberdeen. Equal for table use to Ruta-Baga.  Cow-Horn, Green (large cropper).—This variety is pure white, excepting a dash of green at the crown, and in shape is long like a long Carrot.  Early Flat Red or Purple Top (strap-leaved), 60 days.—The oldest standard red. Purple on crown, with white bottom.  Early Snowball (extra early).—This is a small white globe, earliest in maturity of its form and character. We highly recommend it.  Early White Top Flat Dutch (strap-leaved).—Similar to Red Top, excepting it is white all over.  Golden Ball, Yellow Fleshed.—Roots medium size, quick in development; always well-shaped. Color golden, both inside and outside.  Jersey Lily, 65 days.—Early, globular in form, very showy and desirable; all white. Recommended for private and market garden.  Landreths' Southern Snow-White Globe, 65 days.—Large size, rapid growth, unusually attractive and admired by all. A very much heavier producer than either of the preceding. We confidently recommend it. Short crop.  Milan, Extra Early Red Top Globe, 65 days.—Large size, rapid growth, unusually attractive and admired by all. A very much heavier producer than either of the preceding. We confidently recommend it. Short crop.  Milan, Extra Early Red-Crowned, 45 days.—Undoubtedly recommend it. Short crop.  Milan, Extra Early Red-Crowned, 45 days.—Undoubtedly recommend it. Short crop.  Milan, Extra Early Red-Crowned, 45 days.—Undoubtedly the earliest Turnip in cultivation. Very desirable in its early stages.  Crop failed.  Pomerian.—One of the largest					
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Three Ounces of Seed will Sow 100 Yards of Row. Three Pounds to the Acre. in from 60 to 90 Days, According to Variety and Season.  Amber Globe, Green Crowned, Yellow Fleshed, 75 days.—This, which we introduced in 1863, is almost indispensable in every rural household. It is a vigorous, free grower.  A selection from the older green-crowned Amber Globe. The same in all valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of yellow and red. Immeasurably superior to Aberdeen. Equal for table use to Ruta-Baga.  Crow Horn, Green (large cropper).—This variety is pure white, excepting a dash of green at the crown, and in shape is long like a long Carrot.  1.80 50 15 5  Cow Horn Red.—Grows like a Carrot, half in and half out of the ground.  1.80 50 15 5  Cow Horn Red.—Grows like a Carrot, half in and half out of the ground.  1.80 50 15 5  Early Flat Red or Purple Top (strap-leaved), 60 days.—The oldest standard red. Purple on crown, with white bottom.  1.75 50 15 5  Early Snowball (extra early).—This is a small white globe, earliest in maturity of its form and character. We highly recommend it.  1.90 50 15 5  Early White Top Flat Dutch (strap-leaved).—Similar to Red Top, excepting it is white all over.  Colden Ball, Yellow Fleshed.—Roots medium size, quick in development; always well-shaped. Color golden, both inside and outside.  1.50 50 15 5  Landreths' Southern Snow-White Globe, 70 days.—Color pure white; shape round, size large, solid, quick in growth for a large Turnip. Producing a great weight to the acre.  1.90 50 15 5  Lange Early Red Top Globe, 65 days.—Large size, rapid growth, unusually attractive and admired by all. A very much heavier producer than either of the preceding. We confidently recommend it. Short crop.  Milan, Extra Early Red-Crowned, 45 days.—Undoubtedly the earliest Turnip in cultivation. Very desirable in its early stages.  1.70 50 15 5  White Egg.—A sort forming roots the shape and size of eggs in an incredibly short	Three Ounces of Seed will Sow 100 Yards of Row. Three Pounds to the Acre. in from 60 to 90 Days, According to Variety and Season.  Amber Globe, Green Crowned, Yellow Fleshed, 75 days.—This, which we introduced in 1863, is almost indispensable in every rural household. It is a vigorous, free grower. \$1.75 50 15 5  Amber Globe, Red Crowned, Yellow Fleshed, 75 days.—  A selection from the older green-crowned Amber Globe. The same in all valuable particulars, but more ornamental by reason of the contrast in colors of yellow and red. Immeasurably superior to Aberdeen. Equal for table use to Ruta-Baga. Crop failed.  Cow-Horn, Green (large cropper).—This variety is pure white, excepting a dash of green at the crown, and in shape is long like a long Carrot. 1.80 50 15 5  Early Flat Red or Purple Top (strap-leaved), 60 days.—The oldest standard red. Purple on crown, with white bottom. 1.80 50 15 5  Early Snowball (extra early).—This is a small white globe, earliest in maturity of its form and character. We highly recommend it. 1.90 50 15 5  Early White Top Flat Dutch (strap-leaved).—Similar to Red Top, excepting it is white all over. Roots medium size, quick in development; always well-shaped. Color golden, both inside and outside. 1.90 50 15 5  Jersey Lily, 65 days.—Early, globular in form, very showy and desirable; all white. Recommended for private and market garden. 1.90 50 15 5  Lange Early Red Top Globe, 65 days.—Large size, rapid growth, unusually attractive and admired by all. A very much heavier producer than either of the preceding. We confidently recommend it. Short crop. 60 20 5  Milan, Extra Early Red Top Globe, 463 ays.—Unloubtedly the earliest Turnip in cultivation. Very desirable in its early stages.  Milan, Extra Early Red Growned, 45 days.—Similar to the Red Milan except in color. Useful in early stages of its growth. Short crop. 60 20 5  White Egg.—A sort forming roots the shape and size of eggs in an incredibly short period after sowing. Flesh always palatable.					
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yellow and red. Immeasurably superior to Aberdeen. Equal for table use to Ruta-Baga  Cow-Horn, Green (large cropper).—This variety is pure white, excepting a dash of green at the crown, and in shape is long like a long Carrot	yellow and red. Immeasurably superior to Aberdeen. Equal for table use to Ruta-Baga.  Crop failed.  Cow-Horn, Green (large cropper).—This variety is pure white, excepting a dash of green at the crown, and in shape is long like a long Carrot	A selection from the older green-crowned Amber Globe. The same in all valu-				
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Cow Horn Red.—Grows like a Carrot, half in and half out of the ground	Cow Horn Red.—Grows like a Carrot, half in and half out of the ground	Cow-Horn, Green (large cropper).—This variety is pure white, excepting a dash	1 80	50	15	5
red. Purple on crown, with white bottom	red. Purple on crown, with white bottom					
Early Snowball (extra early).—This is a small white globe, earliest in maturity of its form and character. We highly recommend it	Early Snowball (extra early).—This is a small white globe, earliest in maturity of its form and character. We highly recommend it		1.75	50	15	5
Early White Top Flat Dutch (strap-leaved).—Similar to Red Top, excepting it is white all over	Early White Top Flat Dutch (strap-leaved).—Similar to Red Top, excepting it is white all over	Early Snowball (extra early).—This is a small white globe, earliest in maturity				
it is white all over	it is white all over		1.90	50	15	5
well-shaped. Color golden, both inside and outside	well-shaped. Color golden, both inside and outside	it is white all over	1.50	50	15	5
Jersey Lily, 65 days.—Early, globular in form, very showy and desirable; all white. Recommended for private and market garden	Jersey Lily, 65 days.—Early, globular in form, very showy and desirable; all white. Recommended for private and market garden		I.55	50	15	5
Landreths' Southern Snow-White Globe, 70 days.—Color pure white; shape round, size large, solid, quick in growth for a large Turnip. Producing a great weight to the acre	Landreths' Southern Snow-White Globe, 70 days.—Color pure white; shape round, size large, solid, quick in growth for a large Turnip. Producing a great weight to the acre	Jersey Lily, 65 days.—Early, globular in form, very showy and desirable; all		50	15	_
round, size large, solid, quick in growth for a large Turnip. Producing a great weight to the acre	round, size large, solid, quick in growth for a large Turnip. Producing a great weight to the acre		1.90	90	10	J
Large Early Red Top Globe, 65 days.—Large size, rapid growth, unusually attractive and admired by all. A very much heavier producer than either of the preceding. We confidently recommend it. Short crop. 60 20 5 Milan, Extra Early Red-Crowned, 45 days.—Undoubtedly the earliest Turnip in cultivation. Very desirable in its early stages. Crop failed.  Milan, Extra Early White-Crowned, 45 days.—Similar to the Red Milan except in color. Useful in early stages of its growth. Crop failed.  Pomerian.—One of the largest of White Globes. 1.70 50 15 5 White Egg.—A sort forming roots the shape and size of eggs in an incredibly short	Large Early Red Top Globe, 65 days.—Large size, rapid growth, unusually attractive and admired by all. A very much heavier producer than either of the preceding. We confidently recommend it. Short crop.  Milan, Extra Early Red-Crowned, 45 days.—Undoubtedly the earliest Turnip in cultivation. Very desirable in its early stages.  Milan, Extra Early White-Crowned, 45 days.—Similar to the Red Milan except in color. Useful in early stages of its growth.  Pomerian.—One of the largest of White Globes.  Pomerian.—One of the largest of White Globes.  Pomerian.—One of the largest of White Globes.  1.70 50 15 5  White Egg.—A sort forming roots the shape and size of eggs in an incredibly short period after sowing. Flesh always palatable	round, size large, solid, quick in growth for a large Turnip. Producing a great	1 90	50	15	5
growth, unusually attractive and admired by all. A very much heavier producer than either of the preceding. We confidently recommend it. Short crop.  Milan, Extra Early Red-Crowned, 45 days.—Undoubtedly the earliest Turnip in cultivation. Very desirable in its early stages	growth, unusually attractive and admired by all. A very much heavier producer than either of the preceding. We confidently recommend it. Short crop.  Milan, Extra Early Red-Crowned, 45 days.—Undoubtedly the earliest Turnip in cultivation. Very desirable in its early stages	8	2.00			
Milan, Extra Early Red-Crowned, 45 days.—Undoubtedly the earliest Turnip in cultivation. Very desirable in its early stages	Milan, Extra Early Red-Crowned, 45 days.—Undoubtedly the earliest Turnip in cultivation. Very desirable in its early stages	growth, unusually attractive and admired by all. A very much heavier pro-		00	20	-
in cultivation. Very desirable in its early stages	in cultivation. Very desirable in its early stages			00	20	9
in color. Useful in early stages of its growth	in color. Useful in early stages of its growth	in cultivation. Very desirable in its early stages	Crop f	ailed.		
Pomerian.—One of the largest of White Globes	Pomerian.—One of the largest of White Globes	in color. Useful in early stages of its growth	Crop f	ailed.		
write Egg.—A sort forming roots the snape and size of eggs in an incredibly short  period after sowing. Flesh always palatable. 1.80 50 15 5	period after sowing. Flesh always palatable	Pomerian.—One of the largest of White Globes			15	5
period direct souring. I resit directly s patter distribution and the period directly services and	WE 12 A1 1 M ( 1 WE 12 MILL 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 M ( 1 M ) 1 1 1 M ( 1 M )	period after sowing. Flesh always palatable	1.80	50	15	5
Yellow Aberdeen or Scotch Yellow.—This is a highly approved Cattle Turnip 1.50 40 15 5	Yellow Aperdeen or Scotch Yellow.—This is a highly approved Cattle Turnip 1.50 40 15 5		1 50	40	15	5

## Ruta-Bagas

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Bloomsdale Swede or Ruta-Baga (maturing in 90 days). Lb.	1/4 Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.	
—The Bloomsdale is quite wonderful in its fine breeding\$2.40	60	20	10	
Champion Swede or Yellow Ruta-Baga, 90 days.—A superior English-grown Ruta-Baga, but not equal to the Bloomsdale Swede	60	20	5	
Landreths' Improved Yellow-Fleshed Purple-Top Ruta-Baga, 80 days.— A hardy, ovoid-rooted sort of heavy cropping habit; flesh yellow	60	20	10	
Long Island Swede.—A most excellent variety 2.00	60	20	5	



Seven-Top—Notice the seven leaf buds spring out of the crown at distinct points

Market Garden Ruta-Baga, 90 days.— Similar to the Bloomsdale Swede, but not so large. Grown largely by Market Gardeners to sell for table uses.

Lb.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	$O_{Z}$ .	Pkt.
\$2.00	* 60	20	5

Sweet German.—By some called White Ruta-Baga; the flesh being white, hard, thick and well-keeping.

Lb.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
\$2.00	60	20	` 5

# FOUR SORTS GROWN FOR GREENS

	Lb.	14 Lb.	Oz.	Pkt.
Dixie.—Grown only for the foliage, used on the table the same as Spinach	1.50	40	15	5
1	-			
Fourteen Top.—Produces double the amount of greens of any Turnip of the Seven				
Top class.	1.50	50	20	5
Seven Top.—Used same as Spinach, root no value	1.50	40	15	5
Southern Prize.—Root no value, used for the greens only	1.50	40	15	5
The state of the s				_

### READ

The last named Turnip brings us to the end of the list of Table Vegetables in ordinary use, but as is always the case "there are others," and if there are some varieties of seeds which you want not named in this list of sorts of vegetables, from Artichoke to Turnip, just ask for what you want, and we will either send them out of stock on hand or get them if they are in the wood.

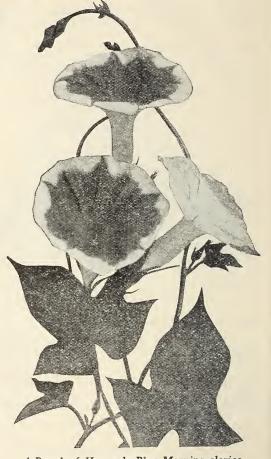
## Ornamental Flowers

None Better Than Landreths' Why Should They Be Better?

The wonderful extension of the culture of bright ornamental flowers in front yards and gardens noticeable in towns, villages and along the countryside everywhere has mostly developed since the general use of the automobile, householders of all grades desiring to present to the throngs of passers-by glimpses of floral beauty which before were never attempted, not only inside their fences, but along the public roads. If you have not already done your part in this æsthetic direction, why not commence now, or why not extend the ornamentation? One dollar expended in Seeds will produce 1,000 plants of various forms of such brilliancy and attractiveness as to make your place a joy to look upon and the admiration of every beholder.

The Landreths ask their customers purchasing Garden Vegetable Seeds to add to their orders some Seeds of Ornamental Flowers for the front yard, garden or lawn, and they can rest assured that Landreths' stock of Flower Seeds is as good as any which can be produced—why, can there be any better?—we can assure you some are not so good.

Those most strikingly attractive, grown from spring-sown Seed, from a roadway viewpoint, as observed from passing automobiles, are



A Bunch of Heavenly Blue Morning-glories

SCARLET	SAGE,
ASTERS,	
POPPIES,	
SNAPDRAG	GONS.

LARKSPURS, HOLLYHOCK, NASTURTIUM, KOCHIA, ZINNIA, SWEET PEAS, ESCHSCHOLTZIAS, CANNAS, COSMOS, MORNING-GLORY, HEAVENLY BLUE.

And there are one hundred other sorts which can be had from Landreth.

### 5 cents Packet each, postage paid

You have only to write and send 5 cents each.

Nasturtium, Tall Mixed Colors	\$1.50	per lb.,	15c.	per oz.
Nasturtium, Dwarf Mixed Colors			20c.	
Sweet Peas, Grandiflora Mixed Colors			15c.	"
Sweet Peas, Spencers Mixed	2.00	"	20c.	44

# FLOWER SEEDS

Names both Botanical and Common

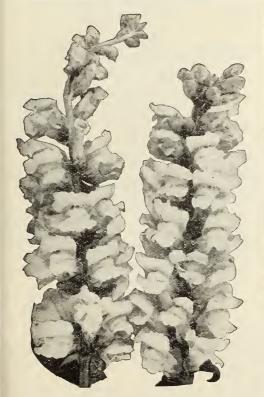
Prices per Packet are Generally Five Cents, Some Ten Cents,
Some Higher

The Flower Seeds offered by Landreth are the best of their kind and in their range of varieties cover the most desirable sorts. Yet varieties not named in this list are carried by Landreth and can be had on application.

We invite you to order an assortment of Seeds of Landreths' Ornamental Flowers. You can rest assured none are better. We have customers for Landreths' Seeds of 134 years' continuous purchase by the same family. No commercial firm in any line of business in the United States can show anything equal to this record.

Read the testimonials from 100-year-old customers, page 4.

Mail Postal Note with your order.



Snapdragon or Antirrhinum

(Prices per packet)

#### **AGERATUM**

Of easy growth, flowers abundantly out-of-doors in Summer and up until frost; therefore very desirable for bouquet-making. A bed with the centre of Salvia splendens and border about 18 inches wide of blue Ageratum will make a dazzling sight for 90 days.

Mexican	um.—White	Oz.,	75c.;	5
Blue.	18 in	Oz.,	75c.;	5

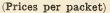
### ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon)

A showy hardy perennial, blooming in August if sown early and then on till killed by frost. Among the most showy and brilliant border plants; succeeds in any good garden soil. By cutting off most of the flowering stems and giving a slight protection over Winter, plants will bloom second Summer for four months. Try a few this way. For cut flowers with stems kept in water, Snapdragons retain their fresh appearance for ten days, and in this particular they are very valuable as table decorations.

Tall, Large Flowered, Mixed Colors.— Height 18 inches. Desirable as comprehending all colors......Oz.,\$1.20; 5

Dwarf, Large Flowered, mixed colors..Oz., 1.20; 5 Galathee.—Crimson white. Showy..Oz., 1.50; 10 Deep Scarlet.................Oz., 1.50; 10

White.—Pure white, large flowered....Oz., 1.50; 10





Mixed Asters-1/3 Size

#### ASTERS

Chrysanthemum-like flowers surpassed by no plant in beauty. They vary in color from a delicate pink and white to deep reds and purples. The plants thrive best in rich soil, but with sufficient moisture will give satisfaction in almost any garden plot, and blossom in profusion for 90 days or till killed by frost. They are especially adapted to house decoration, and when cut and placed in water hold their regal heads erect from one to two weeks without withering. A supply of Asters, effective and beautiful for months, providing more cut flowers than any other plants occupying the same space, may be had from July till frost by planting an early variety, as Queen of the Market, followed by a later variety of the Semple Branching type. Try Landreths' Asters this year and see how unusually fine they are. Good as any offered under more florid descriptions. 8 to 20 inches high. Asters are by far the most satisfactory open garden flowering plants during Midsummer and Autumn.

Nearly all ornamental garden Asters, as at present cultivated, have been derived from what were once known as China Asters, subsequently German Asters, but some few are derived from American natives.

#### (Prices per Packet)

### Semple's Branching Asters, Mixed

We cannot recommend the Branching too highly. They come into flower a few weeks before Chrysanthemums and closely resemble small ones. The best Asters for cutting. White, lavender, pink, crimson, purple. Very free blooming, producing handsome flowers of the broad-petaled type, slightly incurved and very lasting.

Semple's Branching. — MIXED colors, 20	
inches Oz., \$2.50;	10
Crimson	10
Lavender	10
Rose	10
Purple	10
Flesh Pink.	10
	10

Quilled German.—Double, mixed colors. Very fine......Oz., \$2.50; 5

### AQUILEGIA (Columbine)

Among the most beautiful and curiously formed of hardy perennial flowers. Blooms in the early Spring and Summer for 60 days.

Hybrida.—Double mixed. Curious Oz., 89c.; 5 Single mixed.......Oz., 80c.; 5

### ALYSSUM, SWEET

Makes a very pretty border; fine for carpet bedding, baskets, pot plants and in making small bouquets. Cut back when through flowering and will bloom again. Annual. Blooms for 60 days.

Maritimum (Sweet).—White. 8 to 12 inches. Oz., 50c.; 5

Little Gem or Compactum.—Very suitable for border and pot work. 6 inches........Oz., 80c.; 5

### BALSAMS (Lady's-slipper)

Large flowered, full centered. Beautiful annuals with flowers as double as Roses, measuring two inches in diameter. Rich soil and deep culture are requisite to produce large and showy flowers. Seeds may be sown where they are to stand, and later thin out the plants; but if started indoors they will flower earlier. Set plants about 2 feet apart, where they can have plenty of sun. Our stock is exceptionally fine. In bloom 60 days.



Balsam, Camellia Flowered

Camellia Flowered Perfection.—Pure white, mixed colors, 2 feet......Oz., \$1.25; 5

#### (Prices per packet)

### BACHELOR'S BUTTONS

See Gomphrena, page 72.

### BALLOON VINE (Cardiospermum)

### BALSAM APPLE

See Gourds, page 72.

### BEANS, CASTOR

See Ricinus, page 77.

### CAMPANULA

The Canterbury Bells are a large genus of showy plants, mostly perennials. The Campanula medium claims a situation in most gardens. Easy of culture and certain to flower; all succeed well in good soil. Blooms second year.

 Double Mixed
 Oz., \$2.00; 10

 Single Mixed
 Oz., \$2.00; 10

### CANDYTUFT

These well-known favorites are among the most beautiful of our annual flowers. The seeds can be sown at all seasons or in Fall for early flowering. They like rich soil and plenty of room to flower freely. Nearly all varieties are hardy annuals. Very pretty in beds or masses. Bloom 60 days.

Crimson.—Very showy crimson......Oz., 60c.; 5

Empress, or Giant White Rocket.—Hyacinth flowered. A superb variety; large, pure white flowers on good stems .......Oz., 80c.; 5

Dwarf Hyacinth Flowered.—Mixed..Oz., 80c.; 5

Umbellata.—Mixed colors......Oz., 80c.; 5

### CANNAS—Seeds only

Tropical, half-hardy perennial plants with broad foliage, somewhat resembling corn; produce a striking effect grouped in beds or single on the lawn. Soak the seed in warm water about 12 hours, sow in hot-bed, transplant when ground is warm; give plenty of moisture and rich soil. Take up the roots before frost and keep in a moderately warm cellar.

Crozy's Early Newest Large Flowering.— Mixed colors. 4 to 5 feet......Oz., 80c.; 5

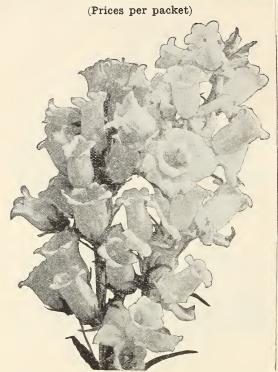
### **CARNATIONS**

See Dianthus, page 71.

### CENTAUREA (Corn Flower)

 Cyanus.—Blue
 Oz., 70c.; 5

 Mixed.
 All colors
 Oz., 60c.; 5



Canterbury Bells

### CANTERBURY BELLS

See Campanula, page 69.

### **CELOSIA**



The Cockscombs are
tender annuals, requiring
good soil. The
Cock scomb
form will produce a larger
comb by cutting off side
flowers and
leaving one
head only to
a plant. If
cut before

Oz., \$3.20; 10 Mixed varieties .......Oz., \$2.50; 5 (Prices per packet)

### COLUMBINE

See Aquilegia, page 68.

CONVOLVULUS

See page 74.

CYPRESS VINE

See Morning Glories, page 74.

### COSMOS

Every year this flower makes more friends. Both flowers and lace-like foliage are fine for cutting. Growing 4 to 8 feet high from seed. In flower for 30 to 40 days. See illustration. Valuable for screens. Blooms until killed by frost.

Early Flowering, Dwarf Mixed.—White ground, flushed with delicate pink; a decided acquisition to this class......Oz., 60c.; 5

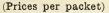
Klondyke.—New, orange-yellow......Oz., \$1.50; 10

Crimson Perfection......Oz., 80c.; 5

White......Oz., 50c.; 5



Cosmos—Blooming in the late Autumn when all other flowers have ceased





Dianthus

### DIANTHUS

The Dianthus may be divided into two classes, 1st, Carnations, which are striped or ribboned outwards. 2d, Picotees which are edged or feathered inwards, generally smaller and hardier and of a greater range of colors. These old favorites are still as popular as ever. Rich soil will make bright flowers. Most of the varieties are fragrant. In the open garden some bloom the first Autumn; all bloom the second season.

### PERPETUAL FLOWERING CARNATIONS

### BORDER OR OPEN-GARDEN CARNATIONS

One of the leading flowers, a rival of the Rose; the flowers are generally borne on long stems; seed can be sown under glass or in the open ground, and will flower the next Summer.

Grenadin.—Red. Biennial. Mixed...Oz., \$4.00; 10 Vienna.—Early double dwarf. Mixed colors... Oz., \$4.00; 10 (Prices per packet)

### CHINESE AND JAPANESE PINKS

The Pinks or Picotees are free-flowering biennial plants that bloom the first Summer, and if freely cut will produce larger flowers the second year.

Chinenis (China or Indian Pink).—Various colors, showy and double. Height, 1 foot....Oz., \$1.00; 5

The following two varieties, although classed separately, are all really types of Heddewigii:

Diadematus, Dwarf Double.—Mixed colors, edged and marbled, compact in habit......Oz., \$1.70; 10



Dianthus laciniatus

Laciniatus, Single.—Mixed. Flowers all colors, exquisitely fringed. Height, 18 inches.....

Oz., \$1.70; 10

Plumarius.—This section includes the fragrant, charming, hardy perennial Pinks of our grand-mothers' garden, as the Sweet May Pinks, Double Scotch Pinks and Grass Pinks.....................0z., \$1.20; 5

### DIGITALIS (Foxglove)

Hardy perennials of easy culture, living for several years without care and yielding tall spikes of showy, curiously shaped flowers. 30 inches. Blooms second year.

 Fine Mixed
 Oz., \$1.00; 5

 Purple
 Oz., \$1.40; 5



Delphinium

### DELPHINIUM (Larkspur)

The **Larkspurs** are showy annuals and perennials. Very easy to cultivate and beautiful for borders. The foliage is dark green, much divided, throwing out to perfection the blossoms, which are terminal spikes of blue, purple, white and red. Although hardy perennials, the plants will bloom the first Autumn and again the following Spring. All grow freely in good soil. See illustration.

### ANNUAL VARIETIES

Hyacinth.—Double mixed......Oz., 90c.; 5 Dwarf Rocket.—Double mixed......Oz., 50c.; 5



California Poppy

### **ESCHSCHOLTZIA**

One of the most beautiful and showy of garden flowers. When grown in masses, scarcely any plant produces a greater degree of splendor. Easily raised from seed. Sown in Autumn, the growth is of increased vigor. California State flower. Diameter of plant growth 20 inches. Blooming 60 days. See illustration.

Burbank's New Crimson California Poppy.—

# (Prices per packet) DOUBLE DAISY

The English Daisy is a dainty perennial plant of poetical celebrity. Quite hardy in most situations, easy culture, requires shade. Flowers from April to June. Start seed in hot-bed. Should be planted in beds 5 inches apart to make best effect.

Double, Mixed Colors.—5 inches.....Oz., \$5.00; 10 Snowball.—Double white......Oz , \$6.00; 10

### **FOXGLOVE**

See Digitalis, page 71.

### **GAILLARDIA**

The Gaillardias are half-hardy, free-flowering annuals. The flowers are a very showy combination of orange, crimson and purple, blended and streaked in various markings. They are good bedders, being strong, constant bloomers through the whole Summer.

Grandiflora Mixed Varieties.—Hardy. Resembles a small Sunflower. 24 inches tall....Oz., \$1.00; 5

### GOMPHRENA (Globe Amaranthus, Bachelor's Button)

Well-known annuals of easy culture. To preserve for Winter decoration the flowers should be fully matured before being gathered.

Dwarf Mixed.—15 inches tall......Oz., 60c.; 5

### GOURDS-See Climbers

The Gourds are annuals, rapid growers, from 10 to 20 feet high, valuable for covering screens or arbors; should have moist, rich, loamy soil to attain perfection. The Bottle and Dipper Gourds are useful when dry for domestic purposes. The inside of the Luffa, Dish-cloth or Bonnet Gourd, is very strong and gauze-like.

Hercules' Club.—Climber, fruit sometimes 5 feet long......Oz., 40c.; 5

Sugar Trough.—Used as holders for syrups or water......Oz., 40c.; 5

Dipper.—Crooked at the neck. Used for dipping water......Oz., 40c.; 5

Mixed Gourds .......Oz., 40c.; 5

Large Bottle.—Water dipper ......Oz., 40c.; 5

### IPOMŒA (Morning-glories)

See page 74.

### JOHNNY-JUMP-UP

See Pansies, page 76.



Hollyhock-Beautiful double flowers

### HOLLYHOCK

One of the grandest perennials for a screen, throwing up spikes 4 or 6 feet high of beautiful flowers as double as a Rose. Nothing better for background or among shrubs. Blooms second year.

Fine Double.—Colors both mixed and separate. White, red, crimson, yellow. All shades double flowers from crimson to white. Beautiful combination when planted in groups. Perennial. Oz., \$3.00; 5

Alleghany.—Semi-double, fringed, very choice, mixed colors......Oz., \$3.00; 10

### KOCHIA TRICOPHYLLA

The seed should be sown when the Oak trees are bursting into leaf. The plants develop very rapidly, finally reaching by midsummer two feet in height, and forming perfect globes of green, feathery branches, which later burst into a mass of small brightest scarlet flowers; the whole effect being that of a globe of fire, a veritable burning bush. Anyone can grow this plant in almost any situation, and we accordingly recommend it most highly. Sometimes called **Fire Bush**. Price per packet......Oz., 40c.; 5.

### LADY'S-SLIPPER

See Balsam, page 69.

### LARKSPUR

See **Delphinium**, page 72.

### (Prices per packet)

### MIRABILIS JALAPA

Marvel-of-Peru, or, as it is generally called, Fouro'-clock, because its flowers open late each af-ternoon; bright foliage. Flowers are fragrant, with desirable colors and fine markings. Makes a fine Summer hedge if set in rows a foot apart. Mixed colors of flowers......Oz., 30c.; 5

### MIGNONETTE

No annual is a more general favorite than the Mignonette. Its modest, sweet-scented flowers recommend it to everyone. One of the easiest culture, it adapts itself to all situations. Finds a place in the greenhouse or conservatory, in a box or pot on the window, or in the open ground in Summer. Blooms till Fall. Sow seeds several times during season. In bloom for 60 days.

Allen's Defiance.—The florist's favorite. Large spikes 13 or 14 inches long, very fragrant, and will keep for weeks after cutting, holding their fragrance, as the buds open daily. Fine for forcing. 9 inches......Oz., 80c.; 5

Goliath, Giant Flowered.—Red. Plants pyramidal in form and very strong with exceedingly large flower-spikes. 12 inches. One of the best......Oz., 60c.; 5

Machet.—Golden. Dwarf growth, highly colored; fragrant.....Oz., 80c.; 5

Odorata.—Very sweet. 9 inches......Oz., 40c.; 5



Mignonette. An old-fashioned flower, a great favorite

### MARVEL-OF-PERU

See Mirabilis, page 73.

### MORNING-GLORY LARGE-FLOWERING VARIETIES

Convolvulus.—The Convolvulus Major is an annual of rapid growth; large flowers of many colors; suitable for porches or arbors, blooming in July and constantly till frost ......Oz., 40c.; 5

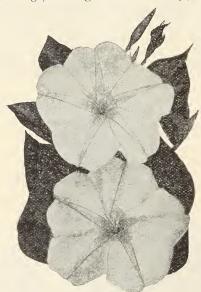
new large-flowering variety. Flowers 4 inches or over, are of a deep violet-blue, with a narrow band of white around the edge. Wonderfully attractive.....Oz., 60c.; 10

### CYPRESS VINES

Quamoclit.—Crimson, small, dark. Fern- or lacelike foliage; climbing 8 feet......Oz., \$1.50; 5

Quamoclit alba.—White, small. 10 feet. Lacelike foliage; climbing 8 feet......Oz., \$1.50; 5

Quamoclit Mixed.—White and crimson. Lacelike foliage; climbing 8 feet......Oz., \$1.40; 5



Ipomœa

### IPOMŒA (Morning-glory)

The Ipomœas are among the most beautiful of annual running vines, blooming for 90 days or from midsummer till frost.

Coccinea (Star Ipomœa or Small Scarlet Morningglory).—Small, flat, ivy-like leaves. 12 feet.. Oz., 40c.; 5

Grandiflora.—Purple. Not so strong as the large common Convolvulus. 12 feet...... Oz., \$1.70; 10

Heavenly Blue.—A beautiful annual Morningglory, rapid climber, entire flowers of azure-

### (Prices per packet)

### MARIGOLDS

Showy annuals of easy culture. The flowers of the African variety, in its perfection, are equal to the double Dahlia. The French, as double as a Ranunculus, in appearance and texture not unlike the richest velvet. In bloom for 90 days.

Dwarf Brownie, or Legion of Honor.—About 9 inches high. Fine for borders or massing. Flowers brilliant gold with maroon blotching. In bloom till frost. Single......Oz., 80c.; 5

Africana.—Tall. 2 feet tall......Oz., 80c.; 5

Prince of Orange ......Oz., 60c.; 5

### MOONFLOWER

These beautiful rapid-growing climbers will grow about 30 feet in one season. Exceedingly showy. Leaves are large and the flowers, which open as the sun is sinking in the west, are very fragrant. The seeds being hard, some advise filing the end of each seed, but we have found it best to plant the seeds one-half inch deep after having soaked them overnight in warm water. Blooming 40 days.

Mexicana Grandiflora Alba.—White flowers, six inches wide. Opens only night and mornings. Large, smooth, dark foliage. Similar to large flowering and large-leaved **Morning-glories**. Oz., \$1.50; 10

Bona nox (Evening Glory, Good Night, Moonflower).—Pure white, fragrant flowers. Tender annual. 15 feet. Very showy......Oz., 50c.; 5

### PERIWINKLE

See Vinca, page 81.

#### PINKS

See Dianthus, page 71.

### **PORTULACA**

One of the most showy and beautiful of border flowers. The seed germinates freely and flourishes in almost any situation. Does not grow over 3 to 4 inches high, but spreads 2 feet wide. Anyone can grow it in any garden. In the open they make a gorgeous bed, as they love the hot sun and a sandy soil; bloom for 60 days. The double flowers resemble small roses.

### SINGLE FLOWERED

ScarletOz.,	\$1.60;	10
WhiteOz.,	\$1.60;	10
Finest Single MixedOz.,	\$1.50;	5

### DOUBLE FLOWERED

Scarlet.—Resembles most beautiful double Rose. Oz., \$6.00; 10

White.—Resembles most beautiful double Rose.. Oz., \$6.00; 10

Finest Double Mixed .- Resembles beautiful double Rose......Oz., \$6.00; 10

### Landreths' Nasturtiums

Sow in nursery bed when the Apple is in bloom.

Transplant when two inches high.

### (PRICE PER PACKET, 5 CENTS)

Did you have them last Summer? If not, why not? The Nasturtium, with four or five other ornamental plants, leads everything else in the garden. Landreths' Nasturtiums for 1916 were a great success, but we feel confident that they will be even more satisfactory, as our stock for 1917 contains some new varieties. These flowers require next to no care and thrive best in rather poor soil, enduring heat and dry weather remarkably well. No flower is as desirable for table decoration. Every housewife prizes the seed pods on account of their pungent, peppery taste, and feels her pickles incomplete without them. The flowers are of all colors, from deep chocolate to nearly white, and blossom in greatest profusion until killed by frost. They are very effective when planted in borders, also well suited for vases and baskets. Do not let a Summer pass without having a bed of these refreshing flowers. You cannot but love them if you know them. No more trouble to grow Nasturtiums than to grow Lettuce or Peas or Beans. They bloom from early summer until killed by frost.

One Ounce sows 30 feet of single row.

### TALL NASTURTIUMS

Climbing 5 to 6 feet high.

Mixed Tall Sorts.—A combination of many tall varieties; colors, white, cardinal, orange, rose, scarlet, etc. Per pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; lb., \$1.50

### NAMED SORTS, 5 CENTS EACH; OZ., 20.; LB., \$1.60

Atropurpureum.—Crimson, dark and showy.

Atrosanguinea.—Excellent, blood-red, free bloomer. Very showy. Not dark as Atropurpureum.

Bright Rose.—Very choice sort, producing a rose-colored flower; quite distinct from usual colors.

**Chameleon.**—All colors on same plant and a great variety of splashes of color on same flower.

**Dunnett's Orange.**—A very vigorous grower, producing a showy, deep orange flower.

King Theodore.—Very dark. One of the most attractive on our trial grounds this year.

Landreths' Giants. — A California strain of beautiful giant flowers with a great range of color. There will be no disappointment when these bright attractive blooms appear in their many shades and tints, showing the crimpled, crêpe-like effect of the flowers.

**Pearl.**—Delicate, cream-colored flowers, contrasting finely with the orange, gold and scarlet of more brilliant varieties.

Prince Henry.—Primrose-colored, foliage light color, spotted with crimson. A choice sort.

Schillingi.—Very vigorous grower. Flower yellow, spotted with erimson and maroon.

Spit Fire.—Remarkable in its intensity of sparkling brilliancy; exceedingly showy; one of the finest sorts.

Eleven packets of above only 45 cents.

### DWARF NASTURTIUMS

8 to 15 inches.

Mixed Dwarf Sorts.—A mixture of the best dwarf sorts, producing when in bloom an agreeable effect; in colors of scarlet, crimson, bronze, gold and white. Per pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; lb., \$1.75.

### NAMED SORTS, 5 CENTS EACH; OZ.,25C.

Cattell's Crimson.—Showy variety, equal to any in startling effect.

Empress of India.—Foliage purple-blue, bearing brilliant deep scarlet flowers; a good plant for edging.

King Theodore.—Dark crimson. Foliage dark green. An excellent sort. Good for edging.

Pearl.—Flowers lemon tint, a choice color among Nasturtiums, producing pleasing effect.

Ivy-Leaved.—Very desirable for use in window boxes by reason of its very odd-shaped and dark colored foliage and flowers of a new form.

Five packets of above only 30 cents. Good Mixture, \$2.00 per pound.

### VERY DWARF NASTURTIUM

Tom Thumb, Golden Queen.—Leaves yellow, extremely floriferous, and the large and perfect flowers are thrown well above the foliage, thereby explaining the brilliancy of the effect. It comes true from seed. Fine for borders, massing or in pots. Per pkt., 10c.; oz., 20c.; lb., \$2.00.



Pansies—Often the flowers are twice as broad as shown in this picture. Often the size of a silver dollar.

### **Pansies**

(Prices per Packet as Quoted)

### HEART'S-EASE

"Pansies for thought!" Have you ever though how marvelously beautiful they are? Have you thought that no garden is complete without then? Have you thought Landreths' Pansies the finest in the world? If not, try them this year and you will find them unsurpassed and of unusual size. 6 inches high, plants 8 inches' diameter.

Seeds should be sown out of doors very early in the Spring or during August and the plants protected during Winter. The happy faces of these flowers cannot but brighten every home. They are in bloom sixty days after planting and continue to bloom till after frost.

Mixed Finest, 1st QualityOz., \$9.00; 10
Good MixedOz., \$7.00; 5
Faust (King of the Blacks)Oz., \$7.00; 10
Giant Trimardeau.—Mixed colors. A distinct
class of strong-growing plants bearing enormous
flowers, often measuring over 3 inches in di-
ameterOz., \$6.00; 10

### (Prices per packet)

Lord Beaconsfield.—Deep purple-violet, shading to a lighter tint. Good bloomer.....Oz., \$4.00; 10 Prince Bismarck.—Golden bronze, marbled.....

Victoria Red. — Magnificent. Flowers of deep claret-red color, large and very beautiful........

Oz., \$4.00; 10 Snowflake.—Pure white.....Oz., \$4.00; 10

### Petunias

Petunias are annuals of extraordinary merit and of easy culture, producing a fine effect by reason of the beautiful combination of colors. In the garden, conservatory or greenhouse they produce most beautiful flowers in great profusion. Will grow freely in any soil, but the richer the soil the better effect produced. Also fine for boxes, vases, etc. In the open garden the plants spread 3 feet by 20 inches high and bloom for 90 days. See illustration.

### BEDDING, SINGLE FLOWERED

Striped and Spotted .......Oz., \$4.25; 10

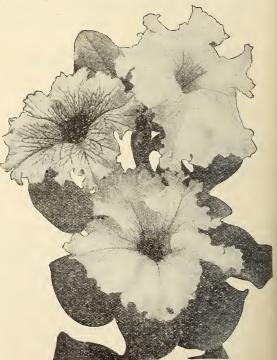
Belle Etoile.—White and purple; profuse bloomer.
2 feet ......Oz., \$3.00; 5

Countess of Ellesmere.—Great bloomer, rose and white .......Oz., \$2.50; 5

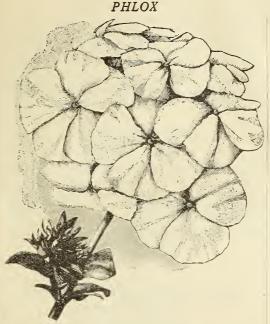
Hybrida.—Mixed colors. 2 feet ......Oz., \$1.50; 5

### SINGLE LARGE FLOWERING

Grandiflora Finest Mixed.—Huge flowers; great variety of color. Single. 2 feet....Oz., \$6.00; 10



Petunias, single flowered



Phlox Drummondii Grandiflora

Phlox Drummondii Grandiflora.—This is the Large Flowering Class, and in all its varieties of colors and shades cannot be excelled by any annual for brilliant and constant display. Blooms from July to November, and should have rich, light soil. The seed may be sown in hot-bed in March and the plants planted out in June, or when the ground becomes warm may be sown just where they are to stand. No wonder these brilliant blooms are called Flame Flowers, as when planted in beds or masses, the plants standing four inches apart in each direction, they make a solid field of color. In the open garden the plants spread 20 and rise 12 inches high. In bloom 60 days. See illustration.

Coccinea.—Bright scarlet, fine form, 1 foot......Oz., \$4.00; 5 Atrosanguinea.—Blood red......Oz., \$4.00; 5 Star of Quedlinburg Mixed .- Bears five-pointed. star-shaped flowers; easy culture. A very odd and handsome flower. Hardy annual.Oz., \$6.00; 5 Hybrida, Mixed Colors......Oz., \$3.00; 5

### RICINUS

The Castor Bean, in all its varieties, has a showy tropical appearance, singly or in groups. Valuable for screens.

Sanguineus.—Red stalks and foliage, with bronze tinge, seed-pods scarlet. 10 feet......Oz., 40c.; 5

Zanzibariensis.-Largest-leaved variety, an elegant centre plant. Leaves often 3 feet across. 12 feet high......Oz., 50c.; 5  (Prices per packet)

### POPPY

Every garden should have a good supply of Poppies. They fit in almost anywhere and the perennial varieties remain for years. Bracteatum, Iceland and Orientale are perennials, the others annuals. Sow seed in the open ground in the Spring or Fall. Will not bear transplanting. Most brilliant and showy flowers. 1 to 2 feet.

Danebrog.-Large. Scarlet, with white cross....

Oz., 80c,;

Golden Gate. - Most brilliant yellow. Oz., 75c.; 5

Iceland.—Mixed colors. Perennials; if sown in February will flower the same year and yield brilliant flowers all the season. Single...

Oz., \$1.80; 5

Carnation-flowered.—Dwarf, all colors..... Oz., 40c.;

Pæony-flowered.—Compact growth..Oz., 40c.; 5

Shirley.—Flowers of a glossy, silk-like texture, single or semi-double, colors light shades crimson, rose, pink to rosy-white; some bordered with white, others striped and blotched Oz., 40c.; 5

Single Mixed Oz., 40.; 5



Poppy Shirley

### Landreths' Sweet Peas

Sow in permanent location, in single row, two seeds to the inch, half-ounce of seeds to every yard of row; cover one inch deep.

Sweet Peas can be grown as easily as the common garden Peas, simply requiring room and early starting—planted even before the frost is out of the ground. Best results are obtained by sowing the preceding Autumn, as with deep roots in a deep, rich soil the season of blooming is lengthened. They do best when trained to trestles made of string or wire. They should be thinned out about one inch apart in rows, and if in parallel rows the rows should be four (4) feet apart.



Sweet Pea

Sweet Peas have a blooming period of about four weeks, consequently to provide for a longer season of flowering it is advisable, where garden space permits, to make four or five sowings about two weeks apart, making the first sowing before the frost is out of the ground. But the blooming season is only partially fixed according to date of sowing, for Nature is disposed to run flowering time much together, whatever may have been the date of sowing the seeds.

Sweet Peas always develop the largest and best flowers and continue longest in bloom under conditions of a rainy season or under irrigation. On the other hand, hot, dry weather diminishes the size of flowers, causes them to fade and induces the vines to cease blooming, to soon dry up if not

### (Prices per packet)

revived by rain, but after a good rain will make a display as attractive as at first.

White-seeded Sweet Peas are more delicate than the dark-seeded varieties, and under unfavorable conditions of soil and rainfall or drought do not germinate as freely as dark-seeded, which are

always hardy.

Sweet Peas of any variety will generally bloom in 60 or 70 days after they germinate; one ounce being sown to ten feet of row.

# GRANDIFLORAS MIXED COLORS

If a mixture of colors is desired we offer three grades:

	Oz.	Lb.
Landreths' Fine Mixed	10	\$1.20
Landreths' Very Choice Mixed	15	1.50
Landreths' Special Mixed	20	1.70

Per packet, 5 cents.

# NAMED SORTS—SINGLE COLORS 5 CENTS EACH.

While Landreths' selection of named sorts only numbers 47 out of a possible 500, it is complete as respects variations in colors, tints and markings.

The following forty-six distinct varieties under distinct labels are all priced, postage included, at \$1.80 per pound; 40c. per quarter pound; 15c. per ounce; 5c. per packet.

### WHITE CLASS GRANDIFLORAS

Blanche Burpee.—Pure white, very popular.
Dorothy Eckford.—Pure white, large flowers.
Emily Henderson.—Forcing white.
Hon. Mrs. E. Keynon.—Primrose yellow.
Lottie Eckford.—White and lilac.
Primrose.—Cream yellow shade.

### ROSE CLASS

Apple Blossom.—Pink and blush.

Duke of Westminster.—Rosey maroon.

Ex. Ey. Blanche Ferry or Earliest of All.—Pink and white.

Katherine Tracey.—Brilliant pink.

Gayety.—Bright colored stripes.

Imp. Painted Lady.—Rose and white.

Lovely.—Shell pink and light rose.

Prince of Wales.—Bright rose.

Prima Donna.—Soft pink.

Queen of Spain.—Buff pink.

### SWEET PEAS-Continued

### BLUE CLASS

Capt. of the Blues.—Bright blue and purple.
Countess Radnor.—Delicate mauve.
Duke of Westminster.—Rose and violet purple.
Emily Eckford.—Rose Lilac
Helen Pierce.—Blue mottled with white.
Lord Nelson.—Bright blue.
Lady Grizzel Hamilton.—Blue and lavender.
Mrs. Waller Wright.—Mauve.
Brilliant Blue.—Bright blue.

#### PURPLE CLASS

Boreatton.—Deep purple.
Black Knight.—Deep purple.
Duke of Southern.—Deep blue.
Othello.—Almost black.
Phenominal.—Lavender and blue.
Senator.—Chocolate and brown striped.

### SCARLET CLASS

Coccimea.—Deep Scarlet.

Her Majesty.—Deep scarlet.

King Edward VII.—Brilliant scarlet.

Maud Holmes.—Deep scarlet carmine.

Queen Alexandria.—Fine scarlet.

Salopiam.—Sun proof scarlet.

### SALMON CLASS

Aurora.—Orange salmon striped.
Gorgeous.—Deep salmon.
Hon. F. Bouverie.—Fine salmon.
J. C. Castle.—Fine salmon.
Lady Mary Currey.—Choice salmon.
Miss Wilmot.—Bright orange pink.

### STRIPED CLASS

America.—Blood red striped.

Mrs. Jos. Chamberlain.—White striped with rose.

Princess of Wales.—Bright red striped.

### **SPENCERS**

### Named or Distinct Sorts

### Mammoth, Waved or Crumpled

These forms of Sweet Pea flowers are all the rage at the Sweet Pea Exhibitions and at all places where competition in the production of the Sweet Pea is brisk. We offer the fourteen named varieties as below, all at \$3.00 per lb., 85c. per ½ lb., 30c. per oz., or 10c. a pkt.

Apple Blossoms.—Very attractive. Fine for bunching. Large flowers of the best Spencer type, extraordinary bright rose, wings primrose, with a slight rosy tint.

**Asta Ohn.**—Flowers large, waved. Color lavender and mauve, stems very stiff, bearing generally four large flowers.

Black Knight Spencer.—Very showy, color maroon, rich and dark, flowers waved, strong vine, blooming luxuriously.

Countess Spencer.—A rose-pink of rare excellence in form and size, very attractive, vines strong in growth.

**Dainty Spencer.**—White with rose-pink edges, stems long and carrying three to four flowers of a most dainty appearance; very attractive.

Elfrida Pearson.—Salmon and pink. Very large flowers, borne on long stems. Profuse bloomer, One of the best.

Florence Nightingale.—Large, wavy, lavender-colored flowers. Vine strong. Profuse bloomer. Long stem.

**King Edward VII.**—Crimson-scarlet. Exceedingly large-flowered, stems long, strong and stiff, often bearing three to four blossoms, vines very vigorous, a profuse bloomer.

Mrs. Hugh Dickson.—Immense flowers of a pinkish-apricot color. Vine sturdy. Blooms lasting and continuous.

Mrs. Routzahn.—Pink, apricot and buff flowers, large-waved, stems long, bearing three to four flowers.

**Primrose Spencer.**—The finest of its class, an unmistakable Primrose, of the best Spencer form. Flowers large and beautifully waved.

Queen Alexandra.—Large, half hooded, bright red flowers, unsurpassed in brilliancy. This might be put down as an absolute scarlet.

Senator Spencer.—Deep claret or wine-color stripes and flakes on a light heliotrope ground.

White Spencer.—Profuse bloomer, gigantic flowers, stems strong and long, bearing three flowers, a strong climber.

SWEET PEAS—Continued

### Spencer Types

Mixed Varieties

Per lb. Per  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. Per oz. Per pkt. \$2.75 90c. 40c. 10c.

Mixed Colors.—A development in Sweet Peas which is passing throughout the entire list of varieties, each old color and old form being enlarged and beautified beyond compare, and which in turn, when firmly fixed, will entirely supplant the old and familiar forms. The new habit is not fixed, but varies from 60 to 80 per cent. true.

SALVIA SPLENDENS

\$3.50 per ounce
Every ounce of SALVIA SPLENDENS
we sell is grown on Bloomsdale Farm,
where the eight acres of broad scarlet
patches scattered among the other crops
produce a most dazzling effect.

Half-ounce should raise 1000 plants. Sow seed in hot-bed or box in house and plant out when ground is warm, or sow outdoors when the Apple is in bloom. In bloom 60

days. 2 feet spread.

Lord Fauntleroy.—A favorite variety.Oz., \$5.00; 10

Zurich.—Brilliant scarlet, large flowered, long trusses. Earlier than Bonfire. Only half its height......Oz., \$6.00; 10



Sage, Bonfire

(Prices per packet)



Sunflower—Dwarf Double

### SUNFLOWER (Helianthus)

The **Sunflower** is a well-known old-fashioned favorite, of late years wonderfully improved. The size and brilliancy of its flowers make it worthy of a place in every garden.

Argophyllus (Silver Leaf).—5 feet.....Oz., 40c.; 5 Globosus.—Globe flowered, yellow. 3 feet.....

Oz., 50c.; Dwarf Double.—3 feet. Densely double flowers.

Dwarf Double.—3 feet. Densely double flowers.
Oz., 60c.; 5

This gives really by far the greatest volume of bloom in a small space of most showy plants than any other plant which we can name, though very humble, possibly almost the humblest of the entire list of flowers. Just try it against your fence or screen. Plants 5 inches in diameter and double as the Chrysanthemum.

### SCABIOSA

Pincushion Flower, known the world over as Mourning Bride. Is a well-known annual. Easy culture; blooms all the season. Fine for bouquets. 2 to 3 feet.

### SNAPDRAGON

See Antirrhinum, page 67.

### SENSITIVE PLANT

### SWEET-WILLIAM (Dianthus Barbatus)

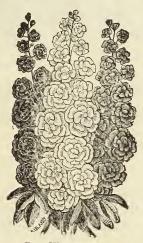
These flowers were favorites in our grandfathers' gardens. They bloom early in the Spring and continue in flower a long time. Plants are hardy and they will bloom in August the first and second years, and their number may be increased by dividing the roots. Colors run from purple to white.

### TEN WEEKS' STOCK

Stocks are half-hardy annuals, beautiful and fragrant. Sow under glass or on warm border early in Spring, transplant to rich ground.

Large Flowering.—SINGLE, mixed colors. Flower nearly 2 inches in diameter..........Oz., \$5.00; 10

Large Flowering.—DOUBLE mixed..Oz., \$8.00 10



Ten Weeks' Stock

### VINCA ("Periwinkle")

Valuable for pot culture, tender perennials. Very desirable window decorations. Sown early, blooms freely same season. 1 foot.

(Prices per packet)

#### **VERBENA**

The Verbenas are half-hardy perennials. No flower garden is complete without Verbena. Mostly upright, but when prostrate taking root freely where stems come in contact with the ground. Grand for bedding. In bloom 90 days. Sow the seed 4 inch deep in a box of light rich soil. Start in February or March under gentle

soil. Start in February or March under gentle heat of hot-bed or even in sunny window, and after hardening off transplant the seedlings in May or June in open ground in good, rich soil.

Auricula-flowered.-White eye; height 9 inches;

Mammoth White .......Oz., \$3.00 5

Mammoth Blue......Oz., \$3.50; 5

Some gardeners want to produce striking effects by large masses of one color, and for such we give the name of the best in each color:

White.—Mammoth White.....Oz., \$3.50; 5

Pink.—Mammoth Pink......Oz., \$3.50; 5

Blue.—Mammoth Blue.....Oz., \$3.50; 5

Striped.—Mammoth Striped.....Oz., \$4.00; 5

The Mammoth strains produce large flowers of great brilliancy.

#### WALLFLOWER

is a great favorite. It is a half-hardy biennial, producing beautiful fragrant flowers. Requires protection during the Winter. Blooms second year. 18 inches.

Large Flowering Double Mixed......Oz., \$9.00 10

### ZINNIA

Double. Is an annual of robust habit, blooming from July to October. Seeds can be planted in the open, or young plants transplanted if desired. Dwarf varieties should stand about one foot apart, and tall varieties double this distance. Will grow anywhere and stand any amount of rough treatment. In bloom 60 days. Plants 18 inches' spread. Blooming until killed by frost.

Large Flowering Dwarf Mixed ......Oz., \$1.50; 5

Large Flowering Tall Mixed.—All colors, 2 feet. Oz., \$1.50; 5

### **TESTIMONIAL**

My grandfather used Landreths' Seeds in 1793 when he lived at 11th and Federal Streets, Philadelphia, and my father used them, and so does

ERIAL, N. J.

The street of th

### WHAT ARE

### Grass Seed Lawn Mixtures?

To an inexperienced man the question naturally arises, What is Mixed Lawn Grass? What do the words mean? A response can be made that possibly it may be simply a **mixture of two** of the twenty or thirty distinct varieties of Grass recognized as suitable for lawn decoration or it may be a complete mixture of the entire twenty or thirty or it may be a mixture of only three or four of them, or an article sold as Mixed Lawn Grass may not be a mixture in any sense—it may be only one variety—often deceptively

is only one sort.

If only one sort is used, of course it follows it is not a mixture, but this single variety may be Kentucky Blue Grass, which is the basis for all good mixtures, a variety succeeding best in the interior or away from a salt atmosphere, really doing best on limestone soils; or, sold by some other seedsman, it may be Rhode Island Bent, so popular in localities of intense salt-water atmosphere, as, for example, the famous lawns at Narragansett and Newport; or it may be ordinary six-cent Red Top or Herds. It often is. There is opportunity for all sorts of fraud.

The lawn maker may use a single sort, confining himself to those single but very high-priced sorts, Kentucky Blue or Rhode Island Bent; but it has time after time been clearly demonstrated that a judicious mixture of three or four or even six or seven varieties makes a quicker sod and gives the best results in the long run, as if all expectations are dependent entirely upon one sort, it may subsequently be made clear to the observer that the particular variety, whether chosen almost at random or after much consideration, was not suited to the special soil or climate or the particular variety so chosen may fail to please the fancy

of the lawn maker because of some material habit of growth or color.

Even if the one variety does entirely suit on some soils at certain seasons of the Spring, Summer or Autumn when for some months the one particular variety will be in best condition, the lawn maker may be disappointed with its want of vigor at other seasons when the chosen sort appears to hibernate rather than to flourish; consequently a mixture of several varieties is desirable, these being sorts choice in the appearance of foliage, sorts having different seasons of full development or continued periods of growth, sorts possessing different degrees of staying qualities as respects resistance to natural encroaching grass, sorts resisting the effects of too much or too little rain, sorts of different degrees of adaptability to variations of soils.

A mixture of such sorts proves much better than reliance upon one sort, as by sowing mixed grass

the risks are diversified.

We have known people to order a mixture of Grass Seed and after getting the seed seem disappointed that it did not look all alike, seeming to forget that the word mixture implied a number of varieties, forgetting that seeds of different varieties are of different shape, size, weight and color.

No two seedsmen who make mixtures follow the same prescription. Nobody should attempt to make

a mixture except those who have made a study of the subject.

All clear-thinking men will observe that the purchase of

### Mixed Lawn Grass

is entirely a matter of confidence on the part of the buyer, whether he is a merchant or a gardener, and that the method of mixing, as to varieties and proportions of each, is a matter of honesty and ability on the part of the mixer.

We sell Mixtures by the hundred pounds, and not by measure, puffed up in bulk by worthless chaff

We sell Mixtures by the hundred pounds, and not by measure, putted up in bulk by worthless chair or hulls, often purchased by mixers of Lawn Grass at a price of two cents per pound, and used entirely for the making of bulk and the cheating of the public, for chaff is no good, and it is time this fraud was stopped; if not stopped by public opinion, then stopped by law.

Finally we will add that in no class of any kind of Seeds is there so much deception as in Mixed Lawn Grass—the doors for deception are wide open. The purchaser of any mixed article, whether it be Grass Seed or Coffee, at once agrees to an opening of the door to an extent of fraud equal to any evil intent of the mixer. The purchaser cannot complain of the parts or proportion of parts of an unknown mixture; he buys it just as it is, he does not know the combination. Yet no large operator is going to divulge the parts of his mixture—that is a trade secret. The purchaser is at the mercy of the mixer, and the mixer's honesty of purpose alone is the only guarantee of the quality he will deal out to the buyer.

We regret to say that the average mixture of Grass Seed does not make a well-balanced combination

We regret to say that the average mixture of Grass Seed does not make a well-balanced combination of valuable sorts succeeding each other, for the average mixer of Mixed Grass Seed knows just nothing

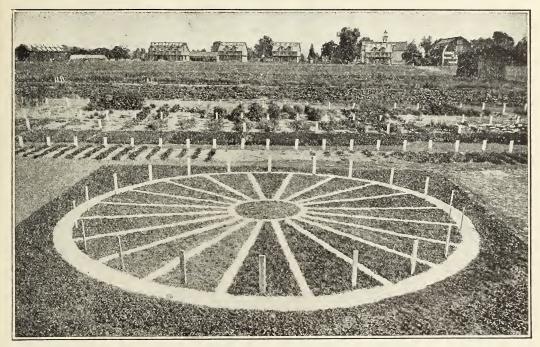
about varieties, his sole aim being to make the lowest cost mixture to sell at the biggest price.

Landreths' Lawn Grass Mixture, according to its name or grade and for the purpose intended, is composed of many varieties put in as suitable for the purposes named, as

> For Surface Effect on the Lawn, For Baseball Grounds, For Golf Links,

For the Putting Green, For Shady Places, For Dry Soils,

For Winter Lawn Grass.



LAWN GRASS TEST.—The illustration, from a photograph, is of 20 sorts used in our high-priced Lawn Grass Mixture, the varieties so radiating out from a common centre that the observer standing in the centre may compare all at his feet.

### PER SINGLE POUND WE PAY POSTAGE.

### Landreths' Lawn Grasses

80 TO 100 POUNDS SEED TO THE ACRE

For Parks, Croquet and Tennis Grounds, Cricket, Golf, Athletic Fields or Private Yards

THE LANDRETH LAWN GRASS MIXTURE which we offer should not be compared with the cheaper preparations advertised. Our prescription is of the best chosen varieties as respects color, texture and permanency, and will be found clear of weed seeds. We have all of the Special Formulas of City Parks, Squares, Golf Links, etc. Grass Seeds mixed to order to suit locality, or any special prescription.

### Landreths' Never Die Grass

### FOR SURFACE EFFECT

This prescription consists of 100 parts, divided in such proportions between those Grasses which our observation has indicated as best for general park effect, as respects color, density of herbage, vigor, quick recuperation after mowing and permanency. The seeds used are well cleaned, and we believe them to be pure and full of vitality, and all persons using them are certain to secure a stand, provided the land be properly prepared and the seed sown at the proper time and at the right depth, and provided there be sufficient rainfall to germinate the seed. We cannot be responsible for the errors of the inexperienced. Prices are all by the pound, One Hundred Pounds being required to seed an acre, which equals a space of 70 yards long by 70 yards wide, making 4900 square yards, or its equivalent, no matter what the shape is. 1 lb. for space of 20 x 20 feet, or 400 square feet.

At single pound rates we prepay postage. At the rate per 100 lbs. or fraction, the seeds will be shipped by Express or Freight at expense of purchaser.

Landreths' Never Die	Lb.	40c.	including	postage	100 lbs.	\$22.00
Superior Mixture	66	42c.	"	- 11	6.6	28.00
Extra Special Mixture	44	44c.	"	6.6	4.6	32.00
Fairmount Park Mixture	66	34c.		66	6.6	20.00

# Evergreen Grasses

### ATHLETIC GROUNDS—Football and Baseball Parks

This prescription is also of 100 parts, but differs from our Park Lawn Grass in the list of varieties, a proportion of such sorts being here added as to better stand the wear and tear of tramping consequent upon games of Tennis, Cricket, Lacrosse and Baseball. A pound will sow a space 20 x 20 feet, or 400 square feet. Eighty pounds will sow an acre, but we recommend 100 pounds.

Popular	.Lb.	50c.,	including	postage	100 lbs.	\$28.00
Extra Special	. "	55c.,	"	66	**	30.00

### GOLF LINKS—For the Course

This produces a soft, dense and uniform turf, except where influenced by soil conditions which are certain to vary somewhat on an extended course.

Popular	Lb	50c.,	including	postage	100 lbs.	\$30.00
Extra Special	**	60c.,	44	6.6	66	40.00

### GOLF LINKS-For the Putting Green

This will make a velvet or carpet-like sward.

Popular	Lb.	59c.,	including	postage	100 lbs.	\$30.00
Extra Special	"	60c.,	**	**	66	40.00

### SALT

The leading reason why lawns of seaside places are so luxuriant is because the soil is constantly damp. This to a certain extent can be duplicated anywhere by applying an annual dressing of salt at the rate of five bushels to the acre, which will always influence a deposit of moisture and to a certain extent approximate to the condition of seaside places.

### White Clover-White Dutch

White Clover is just the thing to sow on a bare spot in the yard or lawn where a very quick green covering is desired, as it will cover better in ten days' time than grass seed will cover in two months. Sow one ounce, costing 10 cts., to the square yard and larger areas in proportion. Have you a bare spot on your grounds? If so, then try White Clover.

Per oz., 10 cts., including postage
By Express, not prepaid, 60 cents per pound

### Grass for SHADY Places

Landreths' mixture of varieties produces a reliable stand under dense shade of either pine or hardwood trees in positions where all other Grasses may have failed. Eighty pounds should be sown to the acre—or say one pound on a space 20 x 20 feet, or in proportion for other dimensions.

### Southern Winter Lawn Grass

For sowing in the Autumn to make a green sod all Winter.

Price, including postage, 25 cts. per lb. By Express, per 100 lbs., \$15.00

PERMANENT GRASSES AND FARM GRASS SEEDS, see pages 35 and 86

### \* Prices Fluctuate.

### GRASS SEED

### ★ Postage included in pound prices. 100 pound lots, by freight or express, not prepaid.

- BROMUS INERMUS.—A strong-growing Grass of the arid plains of Russia, thriving on lands too dry for other sorts. When grown on good soil it yields enormous crops. Its habit is to make strong tufts and to hold its color till after hard frost. Its vigorous character makes it a good Grass for embankments. Its foliage is like Rye, long, straight, broad, soft, light in color. Stronger than Orchard Grass. The seed stalks reach 2 to 4 feet in height, closely set with long leaves. The seed is borne after the manner of Oats. Sow 40 lbs. to the acre. Prices on application. . per lb.
- BENT GRASS, RHODE ISLAND (Agrostis Canina).—Resembles Herds Grass, forming a fine tuft even on thin soils. Doing especially well in salt atmospheres. The only lawn Grass used at Newport. So similar to Herds Grass as to be almost indistinguishable. Sow 40 lbs. to the acre. Prices on application . . . . . . . . . . . per 1b.
- BENT GRASS, CREEPING (Agrostis Stolonifera).—Known in England as Florin; a good soil binder, does well on damp land. The favorite lawn Grass in England, as unequaled by any other. Very similar to Blue Grass, but of stronger growth. Sow 40 lbs. to acre. Prices on application.

  per lb.
- BLUE GRASS, CANADA (Poa Compressa).—For dry soils, sow 35 lbs. to the acre. 100 lbs. \$25.00.....per lb. 38c.
- BLUE GRASS, KENTUCKY (Poa Pratensis).—This is a pasture Grass of high merit, the earliest to start in Spring and continuing green far into the Winter. Though it makes fine quality hay, it is not to be recommended for that purpose, being a light cropper. Its uniform growth and its beautiful habit and color make it desirable for lawns. It requires more time than other Grasses to become established, but is the longest living of all. It flourishes best in limestone lands. Roots of creeping habit, overpowering weeds. Only flowers once a year. Sow 35 lbs. to the acre. 100 lbs. \$28.00.....per lb. 38c.
- CRESTED DOG'S=TAIL (Cynosurus Cristatus).—Foliage deep green, lustrous, long, narrow, soft; a deep rooter. A fine lawn Grass, invaluable in pastures. Sow 25 lbs. to the acre. Prices on application . . . . . . . . . . . per lb.
- FESCUE GRASS, HARD (Festuca Duriuscula).—Does well on damp ground or in salt atmosphere; good for pasturage; retains its green color during drought. Sow 30 lbs. to the acre. Prices on application . . . . . . . . . per lb.
- FESCUE GRASS, SHEEP'S (Festuca Ovena).—Most diminutive of cultivated Grasses, leaves narrow or hair-like, grows in tufts, does well on dry soils or on rocky ledges, used in lawn Grass. Sow 30 lbs. to the acre.

  Prices on application . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . per lb.

- HERDS, OR RED TOP GRASS (Agrostis Vulgaris).—A good perennial Grass, generally sown on permanent pastures. It succeeds Clover and Timothy when they have died out. Does well on any soil, but best on moist land. Sow 40 lbs. to the acre. 100 lbs. \$20.00.....per lb. 20c.
- MEADOW GRASS, ROUGH STALK (Poa Trivialis).—Resembles Blue Grass; used in England for lawns. Will flourish in dripping situations. Sow 30 lbs. to the acre. Prices on application . . . . . . . . . . . . per lb.

- SWEET-SCENTED VERNAL GRASS, PERENNIAL (Anthoxanthum Odoratum).—One of the earliest in Spring and latest in Autumn. It is almost the only Grass that is fragrant, and to its presence our hay fields owe much of their charm. Sow 251bs. to the acre if sown alone. Prices on application . . . . . . . . . . . . per lb.

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### PERMANENT PASTURES-Landreths' Mixtures of Grass Seeds Lb. 30 FOR LIGHT SOILS.—Eighty pounds to the acre. This prescription of 100 pounds divided into proportions between such varieties of Grasses as proved by experience to be the best adapted for light soils, both as respects the amount of leafy product and permanence 25 00 30 For all mixtures for pasture we recommend a multiplication of varieties, all having more or less distinct seasons of development, bringing about a continuity of verdant growth. BY THE POUND, Clover Seeds 100 LB. PRICES POSTAGE INCLUDED. ON APPLICATION. WHITE DUTCH CLOVER (Trifolium Repens). — Not a heavy producer of hay, but invaluable in perma- 100 Lbs. Per Lb. nent pastures. Will grow on any soil, but luxuriates in damp locations and in damp seasons. It is very per Lb. Post-persistent in growth on rich soils, affording rare feed, but on thin soils will not succeed. Sow 12 lbs. to ALFALFA OR LUCERNE (Medicago Sativa).—In localities where it flourishes this is one of the most valuable among the Clovers. Standing for years, shooting its roots downward till they are ten to fifteen feet below the surface, it resists the driest weather, and when every blade of Grass droops for want or moisture, it holds up fresh and green as in genial Spring. It does not succeed on compact clay or on land with impermeable subsoil. Far from exhausting land, it increases fertility, as has been fully established. Cattle pastured upon Alfalfa are apt to eat off the crowns, consequently the best practice is to cut it and stall-feed (ne animals. Sow 10 lbs. to the acre. Prices on application. ALSIKE CLOVER (Trifolium Hybridum).—The earliest large Clover. Possibly a hybrid between the Red and White, possessing qualities common to both; productive, sweet, extremely valuable both for pasturage or soiling. Clover-sick lands will sometimes produce fine crops of Alsike, which lands, after three years in Alsike and an intermediate grain crop, will again produce Red Clover. The flowers are a distinct light pink, and afford fine pasturage for bees. This Clover seeds itself freely the first year and every year, and does well as far north as Canada. This is sometimes added to pasturage mixture. Sow 12 lbs. to the acre RED CLOVER, MAMMOTH.—On rich, loamy soils this variety, if the seed be true to name, develops twice as much bulk of stem and leaf as the common Red. Consequently it is very valuable as a fertilizer. It is a plant of longer life than the common Red Clover and earlier to start a Spring growth. Prices on application. RED CLOVER (*Trifolium Pratense*).—This is the most widely cultivated of the pastural plants; loosening the soil and admitting the air and drawing up and storing away near the surface the valuable principles scattered in the earth beneath, it is regarded as one of the best of vegetable fertilizers, as well as a cattle food of the highest merit. Its luxuriant foliage, by shade, increases the fertility of the earth and smothers noxious weeds. It is a lime plant and does well on stiff loams. Sow 16 lbs. to the acre. About 34c., including postage. CRIMSON CLOVER (Trufolium Incarnatum).—This Clover is very popular, being a valuable addition in economical farming, that is to say, it produces such a mass of top and such a mass of root that it is very valuable as a soil restorer. The seed may be sown any time from May to October. If sown early, the first growth is available in the Autuum, and will make a good crop of hay the following Spring; or it may be turned under early in the Spring, preceding Corn or other crops. It roots very deeply and collects a large amount of nitrogen and potash. Cattle are fond of the hay, which should be cut as soon as in full bloom; but the plant is principally used for ploughing under as a green crop. The quantity sown to the acre is 15 lbs. broadcast. Write for price per 100 pounds. Price, per single pound, including postage..... Prices on application. VICIA VILLOSA (Hairy Velch).—A native of Russia. All animals eat it, both green and cured. Difficult to cure; mostly used for feeding green, for silos, and for plowing under as a manure. Analysis demonstrates the plant to be of high value. It does not flourish in wet lands, but needs considerable roin during its early growth. Broadcast two bushels to the acre in September and October in the South, and in April in the North. This plant sown in Angust, September or October, in States south of the latitude of the Potomac, has given admirable results as a pasturage plant in early Spring and for mowing in April for the making of hay Prices on ap-

Lawn Grasses on pages 83, 84

KAFFIR CORN.-One of the non-saccharine sorghums. Drill in rows, cultivate like Corn; blades make

SORGHUMS.—There are several groups: Those variously known as Milo, Durra, and Kewliang being principally grown for grain, for cattle and poultry feeding, while the Kaffirs are grown principally for iorage. Prices fluctuate: each about 40c. per quart.

good fodder. Sow 10 lbs to the acre..........

plication.

# PEDIGREE SEEDS

AN APPELLATION WHICH HAS FOR MANY YEARS BEEN ATTACHED TO

# LANDRETHS SEEDS WHICH SUCCEED

- ¶ Now, what does "pedigree" mean as applied to Seeds? It means just the same as "pedigree" attached to horses, cattle, dogs, chickens—choice breeds. It is the direct opposite of mongrel or unselected stock, and it is just as applicable to Seeds as to horses.
- Plants by selection year after year can in their growth and development be steered in new directions as to shape, color, flavor, time of maturity, various values either for ornament or for eating.
- The results of selection are quite wonderful. Crops grown from selected Seed are often twice and thrice as productive or better in other ways than before. A familiar example is Indian Corn, the product in grain of which raised from an acre can by selection be raised from the national average of about 30 bushels per acre to 130 bushels—that is, over 300 per cent. increase. Of course, it is only on good soil that 100 bushels can be raised to the acre, but no matter what the soil, Corn crops can proportionately be raised to twice their average production in any Corn-growing locality.
- Such productive Seeds are Pedigree Seeds, and the same thing appears not only in yield, but in color, shape, texture, flavor, size.

THEY ARE

SEEDS WHICH SUCCEED

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It will be quite surprising and will be

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You will admit this is the Best Seed Catalogue

Exact copy of Brief of History from the HISTORICAL VOLUME OF THE ASSO-CIATION OF CENTENARY FIRMS OF THE UNITED STATES.

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### Founded 1784

### D. LANDRETH SEED COMPANY

### SEED FARMERS AND MERCHANTS

### Bristol, Pa.

- 1781 The Landreth nursery and seed business was established in Philadelphia in 1784. Its founder, David Landreth, born 1752, son of a Northumberland farmer who had, in
- 1786 England, applied himself to the business of tree-growing. He emigrated to Canada in 1781, shortly after removing to Philadelphia. About 1786 he associated his brother Cuthbert in the business. The first place of business was in Philadelphia on High Street, the position now being covered by the buildings 1210 and 1212 Market Street, then a location well out in the country. Contiguous land was rented, the largest section being a tract at Twelfth and Filbert Streets.
- 1789 The original firm designation was David Landreth. The Landreth nursery and seed garden in the "Neck" was established in 1789 on rented land. A portion of the tract was purchased, and an adjoining tract purchased in 1799.
- 1790 In 1790 the firm title was David & Cuthbert Landreth. The old mansion house on the nursery grounds, which, embowered in vines and surrounded by rare shrubs and trees, had become one of the show places of Philadelphia, was, in 1847, sold to the school-board of Philadelphia. It was designated as the the Landreth School, subsequently burned and a new building erected under same designation.
- 1800 From the Landreth nurseries were drawn many of the specimens of fine trees which now embellish the old country-seats around Philadelphia. Fine examples of these trees are to be seen in the oldest ashes, elms, birches, oaks, and buttonwoods of Washington and Independence Squares, these being planted about the beginning of the
- 1808 In 1808 David & Cuthbert Landreth conducted business at three locations—at the seed store on Market Street near Twelfth Street; at the southeast corner of the old court-house; at the nursery. In 1810 a seed store was established on Second Street below Market.
- In 1818 a seed store was established in Charleston, S. C. Subsequently the property Nos. 351 and 353 King Street was purchased, and the business continued until the real 1818
- estate and merchandise were confiscated, April 22, 1862, by order of the District Court of the Confederate States.
- 1820 The Landreth seed store removed from Second Street to Chestnut Street below Third.
- 1832 David Landreth, 1st, began the issue of the Floral Magazine, the first agricultural journal ever published in America, and very handsome and technical.
- 1854 A branch was established in St. Louis, Mo., but closed upon the outbreak of the Civil War.
- 1875 The title, which had been D. Landreth & Son since 1860, changed to D. Landreth & Sons, the partners being David Landreth, Oliver Landreth, Burnet Landreth, and Leopold Landreth.
- 1880 David Landreth, 2d, died, the business being conducted by his sons, Oliver, Burnet, and Leopold.
  - David Landreth, 2d, was an agriculturist of rare experience and ability—a rapid, pleasing writer on rural topics. In 1827 he was one of the founders and, in 1828 and seven years following, the corresponding secretary of the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society, the mother of all similar societies in the United States. His firm was one of the first manufacturers of mowing machines in the United States.
  - Oliver Landreth died in 1897, Leopold died in 1912.
- The title was changed to D. Landreth Seed Company, the great-grandsons, Burnet Landreth, Jr., and Symington Phillips Landreth, entering the business. At this date there are four Landreths in the business, direct descendants: Burnet Landreth, Sr., of the third generation; Burnet Landreth, Jr., Symington Phillips Landreth, and David Landreth of the fourth generation.

# SOW

These 17 Sorts If Nothing Else Better Seeds cannot be had than these If you do not know LANDRETHS' try them to-day

Try our special selection for One Dollar Priced at One Seventy-five—our Catalogue Prices—But here offered for ONE DOLLAR

BEET—Early Model

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CABBAGE—Charleston Wakefield

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RADISH-Landreths' Special White-Tipped

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TOMATO—The Landreth

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ONION—Prize Taker

PARSLEY—Emerald

OKRA-Landreths' Dwarf Stalked Green Pod